

PROSKAUER DRAFT—PRIVILEGED & CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT

Estimated Hearing Date: June 12, 2019 at 9:30 a.m. (Atlantic Standard Time)

Estimated Objection Deadline: May 28, 2019 at 4:00 p.m. (Atlantic Standard Time)

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO**

In re:

THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND
MANAGEMENT BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO,

as representative of

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO, *et al.*

Debtors.¹

PROMESA

Title III

Case No. 17-BK-3283-LTS

(Jointly Administered)

In re:

THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT
BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO

as representative of

PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC POWER AUTHORITY,

Debtor.

PROMESA

Title III

Case No. 17-BK-4780-LTS

**This Application relates only to
PREPA, and shall be filed in the lead
Case No. 17-BK-3283-LTS, and
PREPA's Title III case (Case No. 17-
BK-4780-LTS)**

**JOINT MOTION OF
PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC POWER
AUTHORITY AND AAFAF PURSUANT TO
BANKRUPTCY CODE SECTIONS 362, 502, 922, AND 928,
AND BANKRUPTCY RULES 3012(A)(1) AND 9019 FOR ORDER
APPROVING SETTLEMENTS EMBODIED IN THE RESTRUCTURING
SUPPORT AGREEMENT AND TOLLING CERTAIN LIMITATIONS PERIODS**

¹ The Debtors in these Title III Cases, along with each Debtor's respective Title III case number and the last four (4) digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, as applicable, are the (i) Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3283-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3481); (ii) Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation ("COFINA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3284-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 8474); (iii) Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority ("HTA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3567-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3808); (iv) Employees Retirement System of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico ("ERS") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3566-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 9686); and (v) Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3747). (Title III case numbers are listed as Bankruptcy Case numbers due to software limitations.)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Preliminary Statement.....	2
Jurisdiction and Venue.....	9
Background	10
A. Commencement of the Title III Cases	10
B. Background of the Debtor.....	11
C. PREPA’s Fiscal Plan.....	12
D. Litigation Relating to the Bonds among the RSA Parties.....	13
E. Negotiation and Entry into the Restructuring Support Agreement.....	17
Relief Requested	29
Basis for Relief	30
A. Probability of Success.....	38
B. Complexity of Litigation Involved and Expense, Inconvenience, and Delay Attending It.	40
C. Interests of Creditors.....	43
Notice.....	46
No Prior Request.....	46

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	Page(s)
CASES	
<i>Bos v. Jalbert (In re ServiSense.com, Inc.)</i> , 2003 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 17057 (D. Mass. Sep. 26, 2003)	40
<i>City Sanitation, LLC v. Allied Waste Servs. of Mass., LLC (In re Am. Cartage, Inc.)</i> , 656 F.3d 82 (1st Cir. 2011)	31, 43, 44
<i>Energy Future Holdings Corp. v. Del. Trust Co.</i> , 648 Fed. Appx. 277 (3d Cir. 2016)	30
<i>Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd. v. Ad Hoc Grp. of PREPA Bondholders (In re Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd. For P.R.)</i> , 899 F.3d 13 (1st Cir. 2018)	1, 12, 14
<i>Hill v. Burdick (In re Moorhead Corp.)</i> , 2008 B.R. 87 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 1997)	31
<i>In re Age Refining, Inc.</i> , 801 F. 3d 530 (5th Cir. 2015)	32
<i>In re C.P. del Caribe, Inc.</i> , 140 B.R. 320 (Bankr. D.P.R. 1992)	32
<i>In re CHC Grp. Ltd.</i> , Case No. 16-31854-BJH, ECF No. 1381 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. Dec. 20, 2016)	30
<i>In re City of Detroit</i> , 524 B.R. 147 (Bankr. E.D. Mich. 2014)	6
<i>In re City of Stockton</i> , 486 B.R. 194 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 2013)	5, 6
<i>In re Federal-Mogul Global Inc., T&N Limited</i> , Case No. 01-BK-10578-JFK, ECF No. 11508 (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 7, 2007)	30
<i>In re Fibercore, Inc.</i> , 391 B.R. 647 (Bankr. D. Mass. 2008)	37
<i>In re Fiddler's Creek, LLC</i> , Case No. 10-BK3846-CPM, ECF No. 681 (Bankr. M.D. Fla. Feb. 14, 2011)	30

<i>In re Hansen,</i> 2017 Bankr. LEXIS 1120 (Bankr. D.N.H. Apr. 25, 2017)	36
<i>In re Health Diagnostic Lab., Inc.,</i> 551 B.R. 218 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 2016)	41
<i>In re Healthco Int’l, Inc.,</i> 136 F.3d 45 (1st Cir. 1998)	30, 32, 36
<i>In re Hunt,</i> 2016 Bankr. LEXIS 1993 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. May 12, 2016)	40
<i>In re Indian Motorcycle Co.,</i> 289 B.R. 269 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 2003)	30, 32
<i>In re Laser Realty, Inc. v. Fernandez (In re Fernandez),</i> 2009 Bankr. LEXIS 2846 (Bankr. D.P.R. Mar. 31, 2009)	32, 37, 43
<i>In re Motors Liquidation Co.,</i> 555 B.R. 355 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016)	33
<i>In re Nat’l Heritage Found., Inc.,</i> 478 B.R. 216 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 2012)	41
<i>In re Nautilus Holdings Ltd.,</i> Case No. 14-BK-22885-RDD, ECF No. 165 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Oct. 3, 2014)	31
<i>In re PWS Holding Corp.,</i> 228 F.3d 224 (3d Cir. 2000)	41
<i>In re Quincy Med. Ctr.,</i> 2011 Bankr. LEXIS 4405 (Bankr. D. Mass. Nov. 16, 2011)	41
<i>In re Receivership Estate of Indian Motorcycle Mfg., Inc.,</i> 299 B.R. 8 (D. Mass. 2003)	31
<i>In re Residential Capital, LLC,</i> 2013 Bankr. LEXIS 2601 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jun. 27, 2013)	30
<i>In re Thompson,</i> 965 F.2d 1136 (1st Cir. 1992)	31
<i>Jeffrey v. Desmond,</i> 70 F.3d 183 (1st Cir. 1995)	32, 40
<i>Jeremiah v. Richardson,</i> 148 F.3d 17 (1st Cir. 1998)	31

<i>LeBlanc v. Salem (In re Mailman Steam Carpet Cleaning Corp.)</i> , 212 F.3d 632 (1st Cir. 2000).....	40
<i>Motorola, Inc. v. Official Comm. of Unsecured Creditors (In re Iridium Operating LLC)</i> , 478 F.3d 452 (2d Cir. 2007).....	31
<i>Neves v. Holder</i> , 613 F.3d 30	35
<i>Pace v. DiGuglielmo</i> , 544 U.S. 408 (2005).....	35
<i>Yacovi v. Rubin & Rudman, L.L.P. (In re Yacovi)</i> , 411 Fed. Appx. 342 (5th Cir. 2011).....	36, 37

STATUTES/RULES

P.R. Act 2-2017.....	1, 47
P.R. Act No. 83-1941.....	10
P.R. Act No. 83-1941 § 6.....	11
11 U.S.C. § 105(a)	9
11 U.S.C. § 362(d)	29
11 U.S.C. § 502(b)	29
11 U.S.C. § 546.....	35
11 U.S.C. § 902(2)	29
11 U.S.C. § 904.....	5, 6
11 U.S.C. § 922(d)	5, 15 ,29
11 U.S.C. § 928.....	15
11 U.S.C. § 928(b)	15
11 U.S.C. § 1126(c)	33
11 U.S.C. § 1129(b)	28
PROMESA § 301(a)	9
PROMESA § 303.....	9

PROMESA § 305.....	6, 9
PROMESA § 306(a)	9
PROMESA § 307(a)	9
PROMESA § 310.....	9
PROMESA § 315(b).....	1, 10
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002.....	44
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012(a)(1).....	1, 4
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3012(a)(1)(b)	4
Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019	passim
Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1).....	16
Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6)	16

To The Honorable United States District Court Judge Laura Taylor Swain:

The Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the “Oversight Board” or “FOMB”), in its capacity as representative of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (“PREPA” or the “Debtor”) pursuant to section 315(b) of the *Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act* (“PROMESA”),¹ and the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Authority (“AAFAF,” and together with the Oversight Board and PREPA, “Movants”), as the entity authorized to act on behalf of PREPA pursuant to the authority granted to it under the *Enabling Act of the Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory Authority*, Act 2-2017, respectfully submit this joint motion (the “Motion”), pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 362, 502, 922, and 928 made applicable by PROMESA § 301(a), and Rules 3012(a)(1) and 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”), made applicable by PROMESA § 310, for entry of an order substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “9019 Order”),² approving the settlements embodied in the Definitive Restructuring Support Agreement dated as of May 3, 2019,³ a copy of which is attached to the 9019 Order as **Schedule 1** (as may be amended, the “RSA” or “Definitive RSA”) by and among (1) PREPA, (2) the Oversight Board, (3) AAFAF (PREPA, the Oversight Board, and AAFAF are sometimes collectively referred to herein as the “Government Parties”), (4) the members of the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders (the “Ad Hoc Group”) identified on **Annex A** to the RSA (as such members may change from time to time), (5) any other persons who beneficially own or control Uninsured Bonds (as defined below) that are party to the RSA or execute a joinder to the RSA substantially in the form attached to the RSA

¹ PROMESA is codified at 48 U.S.C. §§ 2101-2241.

² RSA section 1(b)(iv) provides that all Definitive Documents, including the 9019 Order, shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Required Parties.

³ Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the RSA.

as Exhibit A thereof (the “Uninsured Supporting Holders”), and (5) Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (collectively “Assured,” Assured and the Uninsured Supporting Holders are collectively referred to herein as the “Supporting Holders,” and the Supporting Holders collectively with Government Parties, the “RSA Parties”). Such settlements resolve, as and to the extent set forth in the RSA and the 9019 Order, (a) in the circumstances set forth in the RSA and 9019 Order, the claims asserted by the Supporting Holders and objections of the Government Parties thereto, (b) the Bondholder Litigation, including the Monoline Motion, by all Supporting Holders, (c) the Supporting Holders’ ability to exercise rights under the Trust Agreement or other applicable law, and (d) the Supporting Holders’ right to receive any current payments on the Bonds. In support of this Motion, Movants respectfully represent as follows:

Preliminary Statement

1. Significance of Settlements. PREPA is an energy monopoly in Puerto Rico, and its reliability and charges for energy impact every resident and business in Puerto Rico, as well as every business considering investing in Puerto Rico. The transformation of PREPA is one of Puerto Rico’s most critical initiatives. The transformation of PREPA into a dependable and efficient energy provider will be facilitated by resolution of PREPA’s debt. Indeed, clarity as to PREPA’s exit from Title III will reduce complexities in and challenges to the agreements related to the transformation, including investments in PREPA to fund the transformation. Delaying the debt restructuring may thus delay PREPA’s transformation, to the detriment of Puerto Rico, its people, its businesses, and its creditors.

2. This Motion requests approval of settlements pursuant to a restructuring support agreement with a group of uninsured bondholders and a major monoline insurer. The proposed settlements represent a significant milestone in PREPA’s Title III case and the overall restructuring

of PREPA. Pursuant to the RSA, the creditors (absent future defaults) settle their alleged secured claims and rights asserted thereunder, including requests for stay relief in exchange for PREPA agreeing to allow their claims in less than their full face amounts. In addition, the creditors agree to support, and PREPA agrees to propose, a plan under which Supporting Holders will exchange their Bonds for Securitization Bonds that are secured by a fixed and predictable Transition Charge. Given the complex litigation (described further below) attendant to the creditors' claims and other rights, the Government Parties submit the instant agreement is eminently justifiable. Moreover, the Court is not being asked to resolve confirmation issues today. Rather, the Court is only being asked to approve the agreement pursuant to its powers to resolve claims, including proofs of claim, requests for stay relief for lack of adequate protection and other alleged cause, and settlements of related issues.

3. Issues Subject to Settlement. As of its Title III petition date, PREPA had issued and had outstanding approximately \$6 billion of uninsured bonds and \$2.25 billion of bonds guaranteed by certain monoline insurance companies, which bonds are allegedly secured. Proofs of claim have been filed asserting secured claims on behalf of the Uninsured Supporting Holders and Assured. Assured has also requested stay relief [ECF No. 975] to enable it to seek the appointment of a receiver for PREPA. Although not parties to the current motion, certain Uninsured Holders were party to a prior, similar motion. In turn, the Government Parties have objections to the liens and claims of the Supporting Holders, including those asserted in their proofs of claim, oppose the motion for stay relief, and oppose creditors' claims to entitlement to further adequate protection or other current payment under the Bonds (except pursuant to the settlements set forth in the RSA).⁴ After extensive negotiations, the Uninsured Supporting

⁴ Such objections and oppositions have not yet been filed with the Court, and instead are being settled as described herein with respect to the Supporting Holders.

Holders, Assured, PREPA, and AAFAF have agreed to a proposed resolution of the Government Parties' claim objections and the rights of the Uninsured Supporting Holders and Assured to request stay relief, adequate protection and current payment, as and to the extent set forth in the RSA.

4. Overview of Settlement. The proposed resolution is embodied in and subject to the terms of the RSA and entry of the 9019 Order and generally consists of (a) under the terms and in the circumstances set forth in the RSA and 9019 Order, allowing the applicable proofs of secured claim in reduced secured amounts pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3012(a)(1), (b) PREPA providing the Supporting Holders certain pre-plan of adjustment consideration and distributions in the form of payments and accrual of certain administrative claims, (c) the FOMB, as PREPA's representative, undertaking to obtain confirmation of a Title III plan of adjustment that treats the Supporting Holders' allowed claims in the manner set forth in the RSA, and (d) the Supporting Holders voting for, supporting and not objecting to any plan of adjustment proposed by PREPA that provides the treatment of their claims set forth in the RSA and refraining from taking any actions that impede confirmation of such a plan, unless certain negative events occur.⁵

5. Preservation of Confirmation Objections of All Parties in Interest. Pursuant to the settlement embodied in the RSA and subject to the terms thereof, the FOMB, on behalf of PREPA, has agreed to propose a plan of adjustment treating the allowed claims of the Supporting Holders as specified in the RSA. But, the Court is not being requested to determine at this time whether such treatments are confirmable. The rights of all other parties in interest to object to confirmation of the plan of adjustment on any grounds are preserved.

⁵ In the event that the RSA terminates, the RSA Parties will be restored to their original rights (including regarding the potential claims and proofs of claim and potential objections thereto), as more fully set forth in the RSA.

6. Allowance of Supporting Creditors' Claims in Reduced Amounts Not Applicable to Any Other Creditors. Pursuant to the RSA and Bankruptcy Rule 3012(a)(1), the proofs of claim filed on behalf of the Supporting Holders are being allowed in certain circumstances as secured claims in the amounts pursuant to the RSA and in accordance with the 9019 Order. These claim allowances are part of the overall settlement with the Supporting Holders and are neither applicable to non-settling creditors nor available as precedent to non-settling creditors. All non-settling creditors (bondholders and insurers) remain free to prosecute proofs of claim filed on their behalf to vindicate all rights asserted in such claims. Conversely, PREPA remains free, subject to the limitations in the RSA, to object to the amounts and secured nature of such claims of non-settling creditors on any and all grounds. The RSA limitations do not bar PREPA from bringing claim objections, lien challenges, or lien avoidance actions, among other reasons, if such objections, challenges, or actions are at risk of lapsing, as more fully stated in the Definitive RSA.

7. The RSA Is Available to Currently Non-Settling Uninsured Bondholders. The RSA allows all non-settling Uninsured Bondholders to join the RSA within twenty-one days of its signing, and to obtain the same Administrative Claim and Settlement Payments as the original Supporting Holders. Uninsured Bondholders joining after that date would receive the same treatment under the plan of adjustment contemplated by the RSA, but would receive smaller or no Administrative Claims, and may or may not receive Settlement Payments, depending on whether they join before or after the entry of the 9019 Order or before or after September 1, 2019. PREPA has had discussions with the other monoline insurers about settling their claims and supporting the RSA. Those discussions have not resulted in agreement, but PREPA remains willing to have future discussions with the other monoline insurers within the parameters of the RSA.

8. Oversight Board Consent under PROMESA § 305. To the extent required, the Oversight Board consents under PROMESA § 305 to entry of an order resolving this Motion in substantially the form attached hereto.

9. The RSA is a Fair and Reasonable Settlement of Significant Issues and Claims. The proposed settlement resolves significant disputes in PREPA's Title III case and provides PREPA a path to confirmation of a plan of adjustment consistent with the goals of PROMESA and in furtherance of the overall transformation of the power sector. While the Oversight Board is not required under PROMESA to seek Court approval of certain components of the RSA (such as PREPA's turnover to the Supporting Holders of certain revenues voluntarily under Bankruptcy Code section 922(d)),⁶ Movants elected to bring this entire settlement to the Court for approval as part of their agreement with the Supporting Holders to seek Court approval before the settlements embodied in the RSA become effective and to obtain an order binding all parties to the RSA. The Oversight Board and AAFAF respectfully submit that the terms of the RSA and the settlements embedded in it are fair and reasonable in light of the complex issues and risks attendant to costly and uncertain litigation relating to the claimed security interests, asserted rights and remedies of PREPA's Bondholders, and the desire to confirm a plan of adjustment within the requirements of PROMESA. Significant components of the RSA include:

- Support of Substantial Amount of PREPA Bonds. A majority of the holders of Uninsured Bonds as well as major monoline insurer Assured, who collectively hold

⁶ A debtor under PROMESA Title III is not required to seek court approval of settlements pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and by filing this Motion, PREPA does not waive any argument as to whether any other settlement or compromise entered into by PREPA is subject to the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 9019. *See In re City of Stockton*, 486 B.R. 194, 195-200 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 2013) ("11 U.S.C. § 904 gives a chapter 9 debtor freedom to decide whether to ignore or to follow the Rule 9019 compromise-approval procedure . . ."); PROMESA § 305 (incorporating similar provisions as 11 U.S.C. § 904); *see also In re City of Detroit*, 524 B.R. 147, 198-99 (Bankr. E.D. Mich. 2014) (recognizing that "the City exercised its right under § 904 not to request Court approval of this memorandum of understanding." (citing *In re City of Stockton*, 486 B.R. 194, 199 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 2013))).

or insure approximately 47% of the \$8.259 billion in principal amount of PREPA Bonds, have agreed to accept significant discounts of their claims and support a Plan that will provide Supporting Holders with the treatment detailed in the RSA.

- Settlement of Litigation and Forbearance. The RSA settles the rights and remedies of Supporting Holders under the Trust Agreement or other applicable law with respect to PREPA-related issues, including appointment of a receiver, stay relief for lack of adequate protection of purported security interests, and current payments on the Bonds. In exchange, the Government Parties are settling the amount of the secured claims held by the Supporting Holders and agree not to bring a Lien Challenge, each except as detailed in the RSA.
- Exchange of Bonds for Securitization Bonds. If the Court subsequently confirms a plan of adjustment containing the treatment of the Supporting Holders' allowed claims in accordance with the RSA, then on the effective date of the Plan, Supporting Holders commit to exchange all their Bonds for new Securitization Bonds secured by a fixed Transition Charge⁷ added to customers' bills that is fixed and capped, and will not adjust regardless of whether PREPA generates sufficient revenue for expected debt service—ensuring the Government Parties and the ratepayers of Puerto Rico are not taking the risk of declining power demand due to reduced economic activity on the Island. Under the contemplated exchange:
 - i. Supporting Holders would receive Tranche A Bonds in principal amount equal to 67.5% of total Applicable Bond Claims⁸ of Supporting Holders,

⁷ The rates for Transition Charge are set forth in the Recovery Term Sheet.

⁸ The amount of each Supporting Holder's Applicable Bond Claims is calculated at the total of (x) the principal amount of the bonds held or insured by such holder plus (y) an additional amount equal to interest that would have accrued on such principal amount through May 1, 2019.

and Tranche B Bonds in principal amount equal to 10% of total Applicable Bond Claims of Supporting Holders;

- ii. Tranche A Bonds provide payment of interest and principal only to the extent the Transition Charge collected is sufficient to pay first interest, and then principal;
- iii. No payments on Tranche B Bonds will be made until Tranche A Bonds are paid in full and will cease after the Tranche B Bonds mature, and then interest and principal will be paid only to the extent the Transition Charge collected is sufficient to make such payments; and

Failure to make payments when due on the Securitization Bonds does not cause any increase in the Transition Charge or in interest rates on the Securitization Bonds.

- Settlement Payments. In general, through a combination of pre-plan accruals and payments consisting of (i) the accrual of Administrative Claims commencing May 1, 2019, approximately equivalent to the Tranche A interest that would accrue in respect of the Supporting Holders' Applicable Bond Claims (assuming the 67.5% exchange described herein), (ii) cash Settlement Payments or Increased Settlement Payments,⁹ as applicable, (iii) Adequate Protection payments under certain circumstances, the RSA is designed to provide the Supporting Holders the economic return on their Applicable Bond Claims similar to what they would receive if a plan of adjustment were effective as of May 1, 2019. Before confirmation of such a Plan, PREPA has agreed to implement a 1 cent per kilowatt

⁹ Payment of the Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments will reduce the Administrative Claim, and, if applicable, the underlying Bond claims of the Supporting Holders.

hour (“kWh”) Settlement Charge (a fixed charge added to PREPA’s current rates) and, make pre-plan payments to the Supporting Holders.

- Required Threshold. As of the date that is two days before the hearing on this Motion, Supporting Holders must hold or insure a minimum of 60% of Uninsured Bonds or 60% of all outstanding Bonds. No later than September 1, 2019, Uninsured Supporting Holders must hold a minimum of 67% of Uninsured Bonds and Supporting Holders must hold or insure a minimum of 67% of all outstanding Bonds.
- Claim Discount and Allowance Pursuant to the RSA Is Permanent. Subject to limited exceptions, so long as the Supporting Holders achieve the Required Threshold, the discounted allowed secured claims of the Supporting Holders as set forth in the RSA and 9019 Order continue in effect regardless of whether PREPA’s objections to the claims of non-settling bondholders (including through a Lien Challenge) are sustained.

10. PREPA’s transformation is fundamental to Puerto Rico’s revitalization and development of a reliable electric grid and sustainable economy. Every Puerto Rico business and resident will benefit from more efficient and reliable power delivery. PREPA’s transformation into an efficient energy provider will be facilitated by a restructuring of its debt. The RSA is a giant first step in that direction.

Jurisdiction and Venue

11. The United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico (the “Court”) has subject matter jurisdiction over this contested matter pursuant to PROMESA section 306(a).

12. Venue is proper pursuant to PROMESA section 307(a).

13. The statutory predicates for the relief sought herein are PROMESA sections 303, 305 and 306(b), sections 362, 502, 922, and 928 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”), made applicable to this case pursuant to PROMESA section 301(a), and Bankruptcy Rules 3012(a)(1) and 9019, made applicable to this case by PROMESA section 310.

Background

A. Commencement of the Title III Cases

14. On June 30, 2016, the Oversight Board was established under PROMESA section 101(b).

15. On September 30, 2016, the Oversight Board designated the Debtor as a “covered entity” under PROMESA section 101(d)(1), making it subject to the requirements of PROMESA.

16. On July 2, 2017, the Oversight Board issued a restructuring certification pursuant to PROMESA sections 104(j) and 206 and filed a voluntary petition for relief for PREPA pursuant to PROMESA section 304(a), commencing a case under title III thereof (the “Debtor’s Title III Case”).

17. By operation of PROMESA and pursuant to section 315(b), the Oversight Board is the representative of PREPA in its Title III case.

18. Pursuant to PROMESA section 315, “[t]he Oversight Board in a case under this title is the representative of the debtor[s]” and “may take any action necessary on behalf of the debtor[s] to prosecute the case[s] of the debtor[s], including filing a petition under section 304 of [PROMESA] . . . or otherwise generally submitting filings in relation to the case[s] with the court.” PROMESA § 315(a), (b).

19. AAFAF acts as fiscal agent, financial advisor, and reporting agent for all Puerto Rico entities and is responsible for collaboration, communication, and cooperation between the

Government of Puerto Rico and the Oversight Board. *See* Act 2-2017 § 5(a). AAFAF acts as PREPA's fiscal agent.

B. Background of the Debtor

20. The Debtor was created in 1941 as a public corporation and governmental instrumentality of Puerto Rico by Act No. 83 of the Legislative Assembly of Puerto Rico, approved May 2, 1941 (as amended from time to time, the "Authority Act"). Pursuant to the Authority Act, the Debtor is charged with the conservation, development, and utilization of the energy resources of Puerto Rico to promote the general welfare of Puerto Rico's inhabitants and to increase commerce and prosperity. Authority Act § 6. The Debtor generates, transmits, and distributes substantially all the electric power used in Puerto Rico. *See* ECF No. 1, at 7. The Debtor is one of the largest municipal utilities in the United States, ranking first in number of clients and revenues. *See* ECF No. 549 at 10.

21. PREPA has approximately \$11.4 billion of prepetition liabilities, excluding contingent and disputed claims (such as litigation and contract rejection damage claims). *See* Fiscal Plan for the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, dated August 1, 2018 ("PREPA Fiscal Plan"), at 18. The lion's share of PREPA's liabilities is Bond debt. PREPA has issued and has outstanding approximately \$8.259 billion in principal amount of Power Revenue Bonds (the "Bonds," and persons who beneficially own or control Bonds, "Bondholders") under that certain Trust Agreement, dated as of January 1, 1974, between the PREPA and State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A., as amended, restated, or otherwise modified from time to time (the "Trust Agreement"), which are purportedly secured by security interests in certain revenues and funds established by the Trust Agreement, with the scope of such purported security interest (including in PREPA's revenues) a matter of dispute. PREPA is also obligated under the Assured Insured

Interest Rate Swaps, which are also issued under the Trust Agreement and purportedly secured by security interests in the Subordinate Obligations Fund created by the Trust Agreement.

22. In connection with the issuance of certain of the Bonds (such Bonds, the “Insured Bonds,” and all Bonds that are not Insured Bonds, the “Uninsured Bonds”), PREPA entered into various insurance agreements with the Trustee corresponding to insurance policies (such insurance policies to which any of such insurers is currently a party, and the insurance agreements related thereto, collectively, the “Bond Insurance Agreements” and, together with the Trust Agreement, the Bonds, the resolutions approving the Bonds, and any other agreements, supplements, amendments, or other documents executed, adopted, or delivered in connection with the issuance or maintenance of the Bonds, the “Bond Documents”) issued by certain monoline insurers (collectively, the “Monolines”), including Assured.

C. PREPA’s Fiscal Plan

23. The Oversight Board certified the most recent PREPA Fiscal Plan on August 1, 2018. At that time PREPA faced myriad uncertainties, including its hurricane recovery efforts, the availability and timing of federal funding, and the transformation process. As a result, the Fiscal Plan as certified by the Oversight Board only covered a short period of 5 years (FY2019-2023), and noted that many of its targets were aspirational and subject to changes in market or other conditions. Fiscal Plan at 2, 4. Notably, the aspirational rate targets for the next five years set forth in the Fiscal Plan as certified by the Oversight Board expressly excluded any charges for payments on legacy debt, *see id.* at 43, but the Oversight Board and Fiscal Plan clearly recognized a resolution of PREPA’s legacy debt—that would inevitably be reflected in PREPA’s rates—had to be attained. *Id.* at 2.

24. The RSA represents the first positive and important step in a consensual restructuring of PREPA's legacy debt, with the Supporting Holders accepting a significant reduction of their claims in exchange for payment from a fixed transition charge and demand protection charge paid by electricity customers. Subject to certain potential adjustments as set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet and Demand Protections Term Sheet, under the RSA, for the first three years the transition charge to pay legacy debt is set at 2.768 c/Kwh and thereafter it steps up pursuant to a fixed schedule to a maximum of 4.552 c/kWh in FY 2043. *See* RSA Recovery Plan Term Sheet. The charge is fixed and ultimately capped, regardless of the energy demand in Puerto Rico or any other factor. The Oversight Board believes the RSA's rate structure facilitates the goals of the PREPA Fiscal Plan by moving PREPA's transformation forward and speeding PREPA's exodus from Title III.

25. The PREPA Fiscal Plan will be further amended to provide for the terms of the RSA, subject to the Court granting this Motion.

D. Litigation Relating to the Bonds among the RSA Parties

26. Many disputes have arisen relating to the Bonds and the Bond Documents between the Government Parties and PREPA's Bondholders during PREPA's Title III case.

1. Original Receiver Motion and First Circuit Appeal

27. On July 18, 2017, the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders and certain Monolines filed the *Motion of Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders, National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, Assured Guaranty Corp., Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., and Syncora Guarantee Inc. for Relief From the Automatic Stay to Allow Movants to Enforce Their Statutory Right to Have a Receiver Appointed* [Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 74] ("Original Receiver Motion"), seeking to lift the automatic stay to seek the appointment of a receiver in territorial court.

The moving parties argued their collateral extended to all “current and future revenues and the right to have rates and charges set at levels sufficient to guarantee payment of debt service on the Bonds, payments into reserves under the Trust Agreement, and payment of all other financial obligations of PREPA.” Original Receiver Motion at 7.

28. The Government Parties strenuously opposed the Original Receiver Motion and the assertions and legal arguments contained therein. *See* Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF Nos 149, 150, 260. On September 14, 2017, the Court denied the Original Receiver Motion, ruling (a) the Court could not grant the relief sought by the moving parties as a result of PROMESA section 305, and (b) stay relief would be inappropriate in any event. *See Opinion and Order Denying Motion of Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders, et al., for Relief from the Automatic Stay (Docket Entry No. 74)* [Case No 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 299] (“District Court Receiver Opinion”).

29. The moving parties in the Original Receiver Motion filed an appeal of the District Court Receiver Opinion to the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit (“First Circuit”). On August 8, 2018, the First Circuit reversed the District Court Receiver Opinion on narrow grounds, holding that PROMESA section 305 did not bar the Court from entering an order lifting the stay. The First Circuit did not expressly resolve any issues relating to the scope and extent of the Bondholders’ security interests or make any determinations regarding whether the stay should be lifted. Instead, for the reasons provided in the First Circuit’s opinion such as developments regarding Hurricanes Irma and Maria, the First Circuit remanded the case with instructions about what it would look for in the record if the creditors re-urged their stay relief motion. *See Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd. v. Ad Hoc Grp. of PREPA Bondholders (In re Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd. For P.R.)*, 899 F.3d 13, 23 (1st Cir. 2018).

30. After the First Circuit decision certain of the Original Receiver Motion's movants renewed the receiver motion, as discussed below.

2. *PREPA's Postpetition Financing Motion*

31. Given dire financial straits at PREPA following Hurricanes Irma and Maria, on January 27, 2018, the Oversight Board and AAFAF filed an urgent joint motion for PREPA to obtain postpetition financing of \$1.3 billion secured by a first priming lien. *See* Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 549 ("PREPA Financing Motion"). The Ad Hoc Bondholders [ECF No. 570] and Assured [ECF No. 585] objected to the PREPA Financing Motion.

32. On February 15, 2018, the Court held a hearing on the PREPA Financing Motion and issued its oral ruling on the PREPA Financing Motion. For reasons explained on the record, the Court determined that it would not grant the PREPA Financing Motion, but rather decided to "hold the motion in abeyance without prejudice to an amendment in the short term limited to a smaller draw-down amount and administrative super-priority and without prejudice to the possible future request for additional funding and/or priming liens." Feb. 15, 2018 Hr'g Tr. at 232:10-14.

33. On February 16, 2018 at 4:17 a.m., the Oversight Board and AAFAF filed an urgent joint application [ECF No. 722] (the "Urgent Joint Application"), seeking entry of a revised proposed order approving a \$300 million credit facility and granting the lender a superpriority administrative expense claim (the "Revised Financing").

34. After reviewing the submissions and determining no further hearing on the Revised Financing was necessary, on February 19, 2018, the Court entered an order approving the Revised Financing [ECF No. 744] (the "PREPA Financing Order"). The Court did not resolve the issues relating to the scope and extent of the Bondholders' security interests, as that was unnecessary.

3. *Special Revenues Complaint*

35. On August 7, 2017, Assured, National, the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders, and Syncora (“Plaintiffs”) filed a complaint against the Government Parties (among other defendants) seeking (i) declarations that by failing to apply “Revenues” (as defined in the Trust Agreement) to the payment of the Bonds the Government Parties violated Bankruptcy Code sections 922(d) and 928, as well as several clauses of the United States Constitution, (ii) declarations that the Bondholders’ application of such Revenues was not subject to the automatic stay, (iii) declarations that the Government Parties were not authorized to deduct from or otherwise offset non-operating and certain other expenditures against revenues of the System under the Trust Agreement or under section 928(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (including for expenditures did not fall within the Trust Agreement’s definition of “Current Expenses”), and (iv) an injunction requiring the Government Parties to comply with the Trust Agreement. *See* Case No. 17-AP-232-LTS, ECF No. 1.

36. On October 13, 2017, after the hurricanes struck Puerto Rico, Plaintiffs filed a notice of voluntary dismissal without prejudice. Case No. 17-AP-232-LTS, ECF No. 49. The issues relating to the scope and extent of the Bondholders’ security interests were not resolved.

4. *Renewed Receiver Motion*

37. Following the First Circuit’s ruling on the appeal of the Original Receiver Motion, on October 3, 2018, National, Assured, and Syncora filed the *Motion of National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, Assured Guaranty Corp., Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., and Syncora Guarantee Inc. for Relief From the Automatic Stay to Allow Movants to Enforce Their Statutory Right to Have a Receiver Appointed* [Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS] (the “Renewed Receiver Motion”), seeking to lift the automatic stay to seek the appointment of a receiver in

territorial court. The Ad Hoc Group, a party to the Initial Receiver Motion, did not join the Renewed Receiver Motion. In the Renewed Receiver Motion, National, Assured, and Syncora have asserted, among other things, that the Bondholders' liens encompass all revenues and that their collateral package includes various contractual covenants contained in the Trust Agreement. The briefing and discovery in connection with the Renewed Receiver Motion is ongoing. As part of the proposed settlement under the Definitive RSA, Assured will withdraw from the Renewed Receiver Motion upon approval by the Court of the 9019 Order. National and Syncora, the remaining movants, hold or insure less than 20% of the Bonds.

38. Concurrently with this Motion, the Oversight Board and AAFAF have filed a motion to dismiss the Renewed Receiver Motion pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 12(b)(1) and 12(b)(6). The Government Parties believe the Renewed Receiver Motion cannot be maintained by National and Syncora because once Assured withdraws (i) the Trust Agreement prohibits them, as holders of less than the 20% of the principal outstanding on the Bonds (based on their own allegations), from initiating or maintaining suit on the Bonds, (ii) the Trust Agreement prohibits suit on the Bonds where such action is not maintained for the benefit of all bondholders, and (iii) the requested relief would not redress their alleged injury because, even if the stay were to be lifted, movants held less than the 25% of principal amount of bonds necessary to require the Trustee to seek appointment of a receiver.

E. Negotiation and Entry into the Restructuring Support Agreement

39. Against this backdrop of litigation, in an attempt to reach consensus with significant creditors on a path out of PROMESA Title III and to support the timely transformation of PREPA and the energy sector, the Oversight Board and AAFAF engaged in negotiations with several constituencies, including the Ad Hoc Group, to reach a deal on a restructuring of PREPA's

outstanding debt. After months of negotiation, on July 30, 2018, the Government Parties announced that they had entered into a preliminary restructuring support agreement with members of the Ad Hoc Group (the “Preliminary RSA”). The Preliminary RSA contemplated the inclusion of a variety of restructuring terms in an eventual Plan, and also contemplated the negotiation and execution of a definitive restructuring support agreement.

40. Following the Preliminary RSA, the Government Parties continued negotiating with the Ad Hoc Group regarding the terms of a definitive restructuring support agreement. Such efforts continued after the filing of the Renewed Receiver Motion. Ultimately, Assured joined the negotiations. These efforts to reach a consensual resolution have now culminated in the execution of the RSA, which provides for the resolution of the claims and entitlements of the Supporting Holders¹⁰ (under the Trust Agreement) and an agreement that they support a Plan providing them with a certain level of treatment for their Bond Claims and providing PREPA with a certain discount for the restructuring of the Bonds. Parties that do not sign the RSA are **not** bound by the RSA.

41. The salient terms of the settlement set forth in the RSA are as follows:¹¹

Provision	Summary Description
Settlement RSA § 2	The Order shall constitute a settlement of (i) the Bondholder Litigation including the Monoline Motion as to all Supporting Holders, (ii) the Supporting Holders’ ability to exercise rights under the Trust Agreement or other applicable law as to PREPA-related issues, and (iii) the Supporting Holders’ right to receive any current payments on the Bonds.

¹⁰ The Supporting Holders include both the Ad Hoc Group and Assured. Other monoline insurers were offered the opportunity to become a party to the RSA under similar terms provided therein for Assured.

¹¹ Any summary of the terms of the RSA herein is qualified in its entirety by reference to the RSA, a copy of which is attached to the proposed 9019 Order as **Schedule 1**. If there are any inconsistencies between summaries in the Motion and the terms of the RSA, the terms of the RSA shall control. A capitalized term used in this summary shall have the meaning given it by the RSA.

Provision	Summary Description
<p>Plan Treatment Recovery Plan Term Sheet ¶¶ I-VI, X, XIV</p>	<p>When FOMB, as representative of PREPA, proposes a plan incorporating the RSA treatment of the Supporting Holders' claims, plan will provide for the exchange (and the Supporting Holders commit to exchange or to cause an exchange of all the Supporting Holders' Bonds, whenever acquired, for Securitization Bonds on the Effective Date of a Plan.</p> <p><u>Exchange Ratio</u></p> <p>67.5% of total Applicable Bond Claims of Supporting Holders in Tranche A Bonds issued by special purpose government instrumentality (the "Issuer")</p> <p>10.0% of total Applicable Bond Claims of Supporting Holders in Tranche B Bonds issued by the Issuer</p> <p><u>Terms of the Securitization Bonds</u></p> <p>Tranche A Bonds shall have the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 40-year stated final maturity, but Tranche A Bonds will extend beyond stated maturity until paid in full ○ 5.25% coupon on tax-exempt basis ○ Interest accrued for any period is paid only to the extent receipts from the Transition Charge during such period are sufficient and otherwise accrues and compounds; principal is amortized in any period only to the extent of available receipts from the Transition Charge after payment of interest. <p>Tranche B Bonds (Capital Appreciation Bonds)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 47-year stated final maturity, and any amounts not paid prior to maturity will not be recoverable ○ 7.00% accretion rate (if tax-exempt) / 8.75% (if taxable) ○ No debt service until Tranche A Bonds are paid in full, and then paid only to the extent receipts from the Transition Charge are available for payment <p><u>Transition Charge</u></p>

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>Securitization Bonds will be secured by a non-bypassable “Transition Charge” added to all electric customers bills. See Demand Protections Term Sheet for details.</p> <p>Transition Charge starts at 2.768 cents per kilowatt hour (c/kWh) and gradually escalates over the next 24 years until it reaches a maximum of 4.552 c/kWh, to be adjusted prior to the Effective Date to account for when the Effective Date occurs, certain cash payments to Supporting Holders described below, and as needed to ensure that modeling on collections matches projected actual collections, among other things.</p>
<p>Additional RSA Consideration RSA §§ 1(a)(xii), 1(a)(c), 1(a)(cii), 2(c)(iv), 2(d), 2(e), 6(c), 9</p>	<p><u>Administrative Claims</u></p> <p>Each Supporting Holder shall receive an administrative expense claim in PREPA’s Title III case (the “Administrative Claim”) for (i) an amount equivalent of the Tranche A interest that would accrue in respect of its Bonds (assuming the 67.5% exchange) during the period described below, less (ii) the amount of Settlement Payments or Increased Settlement Payments made during this period. Administrative Claims shall also accrue at the Tranche A interest rate on the Waiver and Support Fees described below.</p> <p>The Administrative Claim shall start on the applicable Start Date (see below) and continue to accrue until the earliest of (A) the Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) an Individual Termination with respect to an individual Supporting Holder, or (C) the Effective Date of a Plan.</p> <p>If a Securitization Termination occurs, then subject to certain exceptions, Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments, as applicable) shall continue to be made to the Supporting Holders and the Administrative Claims shall continue to accrue.</p> <p>If a Stipulated Treatment Termination occurs (other than as a result of denial of Plan confirmation as described below), no Administrative Claim shall have accrued.</p> <p><u>Settlement Charge/Settlement Payments</u></p>

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>PREPA will implement a “Settlement Charge” of 1 c/kWh (one cent per kilowatt-hour) by July 1, 2019.</p> <p>Supporting Holders will be entitled to monthly cash Settlement Payments in the amount of such Supporting Holder’s pro rata share of eligible Bonds subject to the RSA, multiplied by the product of (i) the number of kilowatt hours PREPA billed during the previous month, multiplied by (ii) 92%, multiplied by (iii) the Settlement Charge (the “Settlement Payments”).</p> <p>The Settlement Payments shall start on the applicable Start Date (see below) and continue through the earliest of (A) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) an AAFAF/PREPA Termination, (C) the Effective Date of a Plan, or (D) dismissal of PREPA’s Title III Case.</p> <p><u>Delayed Implementation</u></p> <p>If the Plan has not gone effective by March 31, 2021 (the “Delayed Implementation Date”), PREPA will put into effect an “Increased Settlement Charge” equal to the full Transition Charge that would have gone into effect on that date (i.e. 2.768 c/kWh).</p> <p>If PREPA fails to implement the Increased Settlement Charge on the Delayed Implementation Date, Bonds subject to the RSA shall be entitled to cash Adequate Protection Payments in the amount of Increased Settlement Payments.</p> <p>On and after March 31, 2021, in lieu of Settlement Payments, Supporting Holders will be entitled to monthly cash “Increased Settlement Payments” in the amount of such Supporting Holder’s pro rata share of eligible Bonds subject to the RSA, multiplied by amounts actually collected under the Increased Settlement Charge.</p> <p><u>Claim & Payment Start Date</u></p> <p>Bonds subject to the RSA on or within 21 days after its execution date (“<u>Full Claim Bonds</u>”) shall start to accrue Administrative Claims as of May 1, 2019.</p> <p>Bonds that become subject to the RSA between the 21st day after its execution date and the date on which the 9019 Order is entered</p>

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>(“Pre-9019 Order Bonds”) shall start to accrue Administrative Claims as of the date of entry of the 9019 Order.</p> <p>Bonds that become subject to the RSA between entry of the 9019 Order and September 1, 2019 (“September Bonds”) shall start to accrue Administrative Claims as of September 1, 2019.</p> <p>Bonds that become subject to the RSA during a Joinder Period (“Joinder Period Bonds”)¹² shall start to accrue Administrative Claims as of the first day of the month following the end of the Joinder Period in which they became subject to the RSA.</p> <p>Full Claim Bonds, Pre-9019 Order Bonds, September Bonds, and Joinder Period Bonds shall each be entitled to receive Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or Adequate Protection Payments.</p> <p>Bonds that become subject to the RSA at any other time (including additional Bonds acquired by Supporting Holders) shall not be entitled to Administrative Claims, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments. But such Supporting Holders will be entitled to receive the Securitization Bonds or the Stipulated Treatment if a plan is subsequently confirmed and goes effective.</p> <p>These rights of Full Claim Bonds, Pre-9019 Order Bonds, September Bonds and Joinder Period Bonds shall travel with such bonds if they are transferred to another Supporting Holder.</p>
<p>Waiver and Support Fee RSA § 4</p>	<p>In further consideration of the negotiation, execution, and delivery of the Preliminary RSA by the Ad Hoc Group, and the RSA by the Ad Hoc Group and Assured, and the obligations and covenants contained in the RSA, the Ad Hoc Group and Assured shall be entitled to a “Waiver and Support Fee” in the form of Tranche A Bonds initially equal to 1.935% (\$65,408,186), for the Ad Hoc Group, and 1.885% (\$16,626,912), for Assured, of the par amount of PREPA Bonds held by the Ad Hoc Group, as of July 1, 2018, or Assured, as of May 1, 2019, respectively.</p>

¹² If the Supporting Holders hold less than the Required Threshold, then a 60-day “**Joinder Period**” can be declared, and Uninsured Bonds that become subject to the RSA during the Joinder Period are entitled to Administrative Claims and will receive settlement payments under the RSA.

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>Additional support (and potential waiver) fee in the form of Tranche A Bonds initially equal to 0.8360% of par amount of total outstanding PREPA Bonds (\$69,044,804) as of May 1, 2019, to be provided to Supporting Holders, including additional signatories, in a manner to be mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties.</p>
<p>Allowed Claims RSA § 2(c)(i), (ii)</p>	<p>As part of the settlement contained in the RSA, if the Government Parties determine that they can no longer provide the Securitization Bonds, all Supporting Holders shall be entitled to an Allowed Claim in PREPA's Title III case equal to 73.25% of the principal amount of Bonds held or insured by the Supporting Holder (and accrual of interest on the Bonds until May 1, 2019), plus any applicable Waiver and Support Fees. Assured shall also receive additional consideration as part of its Allowed Claim to the extent that, in connection with any alternative treatment for the Allowed Claim after a Securitization Termination (see below), it is not provided the opportunity to wrap debt securities issued on account of Assured Insured Bonds and otherwise provide insurance and receive consideration with respect thereto to the same extent as set forth in the Assured Treatment (see below).</p> <p>The Allowed Claim shall be treated as if it were an allowed, fully secured claim in the reduced amount of 73.25% of the Applicable Bond Claim, meaning it is secured by collateral worth at least the amount of such Allowed Claim and included in any Plan unless and until a Stipulated Treatment Termination occurs.</p> <p>If a Securitization Termination has not occurred, except as set forth in the RSA in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such terminated Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), and Securitization Bonds are issued under a confirmed plan providing the Supporting Holders the treatment set forth in the RSA, then the claims of the Supporting Holders shall be deemed allowed, solely for plan distribution purposes, in the discounted, secured amounts that would be satisfied in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) by their treatments provided in the plan.</p>
<p>Assured Treatment RSA § 6(d)(i), Recovery Plan Term Sheet ¶ VII</p>	<p>Assured shall have all the rights and obligations related to any Assured Insured Bonds, including without limitation the exclusive right to vote such Assured Insured Bonds on account</p>

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>of any Plan, other than as otherwise expressly set forth in the RSA.</p> <p>As set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet, the Plan shall provide for the following treatments with respect to the Assured Insured Bonds and related obligations owned or insured by Assured, which treatments shall be selected by Assured in its sole discretion on or prior to the hearing on the disclosure statement:</p> <p><u>Assured Election:</u> At Assured's election, all or any portion of the Assured Insured Bonds shall be paid on the effective date, at an acceleration price equal to the amount of outstanding principal on such Bonds plus accrued and unpaid interest, from proceeds of Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of such Assured Insured Bonds that shall be insured by Assured (at Assured's option) and publicly offered to investors (such process described in more detail in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet). To the extent that the proceeds from such sale are insufficient to pay such acceleration price, any deficiency shall be paid by Assured pursuant to the terms of its insurance policies. At Assured's election, other Securitization Bonds allocable to, or to be received by, Assured in accordance with the RSA shall also be publicly offered to investors with the proceeds of such sale to be transferred to Assured.</p> <p><u>Assured Bondholder Elections:</u> If Assured declines to make the election described above, then the Plan may offer the holders of Assured Insured Bonds any one or more of the following elections on terms acceptable to Assured: (i) payment by Assured of the applicable acceleration price in full discharge of Assured's obligations under the applicable insurance policies and, in exchange, Assured shall receive the Securitization Bonds (which, at Assured's election, may be insured by Assured) allocable to the applicable holder; (ii) a custodial trust or escrow arrangement in accordance with the terms of the Recovery Plan Term Sheet; or (iii) in full satisfaction of Assured's obligations under its insurance policies, the applicable holder receives Securitization Bonds (which, at Assured's election, may be insured by Assured) and a cash payment in an amount to be determined by Assured prior to the hearing on the disclosure statement.</p> <p>In exchange for Assured's insurance of any Securitization Bonds and related obligations, it shall be entitled to receive</p>

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>insurance premiums in cash or additional Tranche A Bonds, as applicable, as set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.</p> <p>Nothing in the RSA or the 9019 Order shall prejudice the rights of the beneficial holders of any Assured Insured Bonds against Assured.</p>
<p>Forbearance RSA § 3</p>	<p>Supporting Holders shall forbear from exercising rights and remedies related to the Bonds. In exchange, the Government Parties shall not bring a Lien Challenge, subject to certain exceptions. No other party can bring a Lien Challenge on the Government Parties' behalf.</p>
<p>Additional RSA Party Commitments RSA §§ 3(k), 5(a), 6(a), 6(b)</p>	<p>Commit to (i) working on finalizing the necessary documents to effect the Securitization Bond Treatment, (ii) support and take all commercially reasonable, necessary, or appropriate actions to effect the Restructuring, (iii) support confirmation of the Plan; and (iv) support and not interfere with a Transformation Transaction consistent with RSA.</p> <p>Supporting Holders shall support actions to implement the Restructuring. Subject to court approval of a disclosure statement as containing adequate information, Supporting Holders shall vote in favor of a Plan consistent with the RSA, including a Plan that offers the Stipulated Treatment after any Securitization Termination, and shall support confirmation of such Plan</p>
<p>Government Parties Obligations RSA §§ 5, 7, 22</p>	<p>The Government Parties commit to propose a Plan that treats Supporting Holders' claims in accordance with the RSA.</p> <p>Prior to the effective date of a Restructuring, (i) Transformation Transaction for transmission and distribution assets shall not close, and (ii) PREPA shall not sell any of its useful generation assets.</p> <p>The Government Parties commit to reimburse certain fees and expenses of the Ad Hoc Group and Assured, in each case as more fully set forth in (and subject to the limitations of) the RSA. In the event of an AAFAF/PREPA Termination, certain portions of such fee reimbursement will be in the form of Administrative Claims which shall be paid in cash on the Effective Date.</p> <p>Other miscellaneous covenants.</p>

Provision	Summary Description
<p>Termination Rights RSA §§ 1(a)(xxxi), 9(b), (c), (d)</p>	<p>There are three termination rights under the RSA: (1) Stipulated Treatment Termination (or Individual Termination); (2) Securitization Termination; and (3) AAFAF/PREPA Termination.</p> <p><u>Securitization Termination (Partial Termination)</u></p> <p>Any Government Party may declare a Securitization Termination if any of FOMB, the governing board of PREPA, or AAFAF determines the Securitization Bond Treatment will impede or have an adverse impact on the Transformation Transaction or the terms of the Restructuring are inconsistent with the Transformation Transaction.</p> <p><u>Effect of Securitization Termination</u></p> <p>The Government Parties are no longer obligated to issue Securitization Bonds and all other rights and obligations of the RSA shall terminate to the extent they relate to the Securitization Bonds. However, all other terms of the RSA survive, including the obligation of the Government Parties to provide Supporting Holders with the Stipulated Treatment, the Supporting Holders' RSA obligations to vote for a plan providing the Stipulated Treatment, and the Supporting Holders' entitlement to Administrative Claims, Settlement Payments, and other required payments.</p> <p><u>Stipulated Treatment Termination/Individual Termination (Full Termination)</u></p> <p>Any Government Party may terminate the RSA and elect not to provide the Stipulated Treatment (as to all Supporting Holders) if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The applicable Required Threshold (i.e. minimum percentage of bondholders party to the RSA) is not met prior to (i) entry of the 9019 Order, (ii) September 1, 2019; or (iii) expiration of any Joinder Period; ○ The 9019 Order is reversed on appeal; ○ The Title III case is dismissed; ○ Confirmation of a plan that complies with the RSA is denied, subject to a 45-day period where the Parties shall work together in good faith to amend the Plan in a manner that takes into account the Title III Court's ruling denying

Provision	Summary Description
	<p>Plan confirmation and confirmation of such amended Plan is also denied; or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Any Supporting Holder (other than Assured or the Ad Hoc Group) participates in contesting or defending a Lien Challenge that was brought in compliance with the RSA (provided that an election with respect to this termination event is made prior to entry of the 9019 Order). • Any Government Party may terminate the RSA and elect not to provide the Stipulated Treatment to any Supporting Holder that commits a Bondholder Breach (an “Individual Termination”) • A “Bondholder Breach” means, whether prior to or after termination of the RSA (a) any Supporting Holder commences or joins a Bondholder Litigation; (b) a Supporting Holder takes any action that has a material adverse effect on any Transformation Transaction; or (c) a breach by a Supporting Holder of specified material undertakings, representations, warranties, or covenants of the Supporting Holders set forth in the RSA which, in the case of each of clauses (a)-(c), remains uncured for a period of twenty business days after the receipt of written notice of such breach. <p><u>Effect of Stipulated Treatment Termination (or Individual Termination)</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The RSA is void and of no further force and effect but the Supporting Holders’ Bond Claims will be reduced by the amount of any payments made under the RSA; all prior payments received by the Supporting Holders shall be retained by the recipient, and, unless the Stipulated Treatment Termination resulted from denial of plan confirmation, accrued and unpaid Administrative Claims shall be disallowed (other than Administrative Claims for certain unreimbursed reasonable fees and expenses.
<p>Joining the RSA RSA § 6(c)</p>	<p>Any holder of Uninsured Bonds may join the RSA by signing the Joinder Agreement attached as Exhibit A to the RSA and will receive the Securitization Bond Treatment (or the Allowed Claim if a Securitization Termination occurs).</p> <p>Such holder’s entitlement to Administrative Claims, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, and Adequate Protection Payments shall depend on when the holder joins the RSA (or, if a holder joins by buying Bonds already subject to</p>

Provision	Summary Description
	the RSA, be determined based on when each Bond it holds became subject to the RSA), as set forth above in “Claim and Payment Start Date.”
Treatment of Bonds Not Subject to RSA RSA § 6(d)	Bonds that choose not to join the RSA have no rights under the RSA and retain whatever rights they have under their Bonds. Unless a bondholder joins the RSA, any Bonds it holds will not necessarily be entitled to the treatment provided in the RSA, including receiving Securitization Bonds at the exchange rate set forth above or recovery on a fully secured Allowed Claim in the discounted amount, and may be subject to having their liens and claims challenged which, if such challenges are successful, could result in substantially reduced recoveries.
Bondholders Holding Insured Bonds	<p>Holders of Insured Bonds that are party to the RSA are (i) not entitled to payments or distributions under the RSA in respect of those Insured Bonds, but (ii) are subject to certain of the negative covenants and voting obligations.</p> <p>Nothing in the RSA prejudices the rights of holders of Insured Bonds against the insurer of their Insured Bonds.</p>
Transfer Provisions RSA § 6(c)	<p>A Supporting Holder shall not transfer Uninsured Bonds unless the transferee is a Supporting Holder or signs a joinder to the RSA.</p> <p>Rights to Administrative Claims and continued receipt of Settlement Payments travel with the Bonds to the new transferee.</p>
Additional Commitment of RSA Parties RSA §§ 3(c), 3(o), 6(c)	<p>The Parties, subject to certain conditions, shall among other things, enter into an agreement in substantially the form of <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto, tolling unexpired statutes of limitations for Lien Challenges (“<u>Tolling Agreement</u>”).</p> <p>By signing or joining the RSA, a Supporting Holder (i) joins such Tolling Agreement, (ii) directs the Trustee to join this Motion and (iii) consents to an amendment to the Trust Agreement to increase certain thresholds thereunder for Bondholder action or direction if and to the extent the Required Parties deem such amendment reasonable and appropriate to facilitate implementation of the RSA.</p>
No Bondholder Liability	No Bondholder shall have any liability to any other Bondholder related to extensions of RSA deadlines, the termination of the

Provision	Summary Description
RSA § 21	RSA pursuant to its terms, any modifications to the RSA, or their exercise or failure to exercise any rights.
Exculpation RSA § 2(a)	The 9019 Order shall include a full exculpation of the Trustee and the directing Supporting Holders for any liability for joining the Settlement Motion and entering into the Tolling Agreement or providing direction in respect of the same.
Remedies RSA § 16	None of the RSA Parties shall be entitled to monetary damages for any breach of the RSA. Specific performance or other equitable relief and the right to terminate the RSA shall be the sole remedies for breach of the RSA.
Most Favored Nation Status RSA § 23	The Ad Hoc Group and Assured have a most favorable nations covenant with respect to agreements struck with other legacy debt holders.

42. The terms of the RSA represent a reasonable, fair, and equitable resolution of the claims of the Supporting Holders and the Government Parties' related rights and defenses, and that its approval is in the best interests of PREPA. Further, the benefits from the settlement (followed by the confirmation of a plan) to PREPA and Puerto Rico (including by facilitating transformation and modernization of the power sector) outweigh the chances of success and risk in litigation against the Supporting Holders and the time and expense of that litigation, even if the Government Parties have to litigate against non-settling creditors, because even if non-settling creditors prevail in whole or part, PREPA will remain entitled to the discounts provided by the Supporting Holders.

Relief Requested

43. By this Motion the Oversight Board and AAFAF seek the entry of the proposed 9019 Order in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, among other things: (i) authorizing all Government Parties to enter into the RSA and to carry it out; (ii) approving the RSA; (iii) allowing the claims of the Supporting Holders as provided in the RSA; (iv) tolling all statutes of limitation,

if any,¹³ governing the Lien Challenge as against the Supporting Holders; and (v) providing the Order is not automatically stayed.

Basis for Relief

44. The Oversight Board consents under PROMESA § 305 to the Court's determination of this Motion and its entry of the proposed 9019 Order. Additionally, Bankruptcy Code section 502(b) allows the court to determine objections to claims and Bankruptcy Code section 922(d) enables the debtor to make voluntary payments of pledged special revenues.¹⁴ Bankruptcy Code section 362(d) allows the Court to grant stay relief in the absence of adequate protection or for other cause, thereby empowering the court to approve payments resulting in a creditors' relinquishment of its right to prosecute a motion for stay relief. Bankruptcy Rule 9019 manifests the Court's power to assess settlements.¹⁵ The RSA is a settlement resulting from extensive negotiations among the Oversight Board, AAFAF, PREPA, and other interested parties that have been going on for more than a year. The RSA reflects a compromise of the Supporting Holders' prepetition claims, locking in their treatment under the terms set forth in the RSA and a discounted recovery (subject to exceptions in the RSA), solving the various complex legal issues raised in the contested matters and adversary proceedings discussed above and paving the road for PREPA's debt restructuring and ultimate transformation.

45. Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a) provides a court may approve a debtor's "compromise and settlement" after notice and a hearing. Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a). The First Circuit has emphasized that "[s]tipulations of settlement are favored by the courts, and they will rarely be set

¹³ PREPA does not believe there are any statutes of limitations governing its right to object to secured claims on the grounds they are not perfected or do not extend to certain property.

¹⁴ The term "special revenues" is defined in section 902(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

¹⁵ See *supra* n. [5].

aside absent fraud, collusion, mistake or other such factor.” *In re Indian Motorcycle Co.*, 289 B.R. 269, 282 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 2003); *see also In re Healthco Int’l, Inc.*, 136 F.3d 45, 50 n.5 (1st Cir. 1998).

46. In line with these principles, many courts have approved restructuring support agreements and other deals similar to the RSA under Bankruptcy Rule 9019. *See, e.g., Energy Future Holdings Corp. v. Del. Trust Co.*, 648 Fed. Appx. 277, 285 (3d Cir. 2016) (affirming approval under 9019 of holistic settlement of secured creditors’ claims because no “other creditor’s recovery is impacted by the settlement, [nor] any requirement of Chapter 11 [] subverted by the plan.”); *In re Residential Capital, LLC*, 2013 Bankr. LEXIS 2601 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jun. 27, 2013) (approving plan support agreement under section 363 and 9019); *In re CHC Grp. Ltd.*, Case No. 16-31854-BJH, ECF No. 1381 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. Dec. 20, 2016) (approving plan support agreement under Rule 9019); *In re Federal-Mogul Global Inc., T&N Limited*, Case No. 01-BK-10578-JFK, ECF No. 11508 (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 7, 2007) (same); *In re Fiddler’s Creek, LLC*, Case No. 10-BK3846-CPM, ECF No. 702 (Bankr. M.D. Fla. Feb. 25, 2011) (same); *In re Nautilus Holdings Ltd.*, Case No. 14-BK-22885-RDD, ECF No. 165 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Oct. 3, 2014) (same); *Motorola, Inc. v. Official Comm. of Unsecured Creditors (In re Iridium Operating LLC)*, 478 F.3d 452, 467 (2d Cir. 2007) (approving settlement of lien challenge and claims of secured creditors as it “cleared the way for implementation of a reorganization plan.”).

47. The standard courts apply for approval of settlements under Rule 9019 is deferential to the debtor’s judgment and merely requires the Court to ensure that the settlement does not fall below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness in terms of benefits to the Debtor. *See Allied Waste Servs. Of Mass., LLC (In re Am. Cartage, Inc.)*, 656 F.3d 82, 92 (1st Cir. 2011) (“The task of both the bankruptcy court and any reviewing court is to canvass the issues and see whether the

settlement falls below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness . . . If a trustee chooses to accept a less munificent sum for a good reason (say, to avoid potentially costly litigation), his judgment is entitled to some deference.”) (citing *In re Thompson*, 965 F.2d 1136, 1145 (1st Cir. 1992)).

48. The approval of settlements is within the court’s “wide discretion.” *See Jeremiah v. Richardson*, 148 F.3d 17, 22 (1st Cir. 1998). However, while a court should apply its own independent judgment to determine whether to approve a settlement, it should also afford deference to the judgment of the trustee or debtor in possession. *See In re Receivership Estate of Indian Motorcycle Mfg., Inc.*, 299 B.R. 8, 21 (D. Mass. 2003) (the court should give “substantial deference to the business judgment of a bankruptcy trustee when deciding whether to approve a settlement”); *Hill v. Burdick (In re Moorhead Corp.)*, 2008 B.R. 87, 89 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 1997) (“The [bankruptcy] judge . . . is not to substitute her judgment for that of the trustee, and the trustee’s judgment is to be accorded some deference.” (citation omitted)); *City Sanitation, LLC v. In re Healthco Int’l, Inc.*, 136 F.3d at 50 n.5. (“the bankruptcy judge . . . is not to substitute her judgment for that of the trustee, and the trustee’s judgment is to be accorded some deference. Compromises are favored in bankruptcy.”) (internal citations and quotations omitted). Moreover, “In evaluating a Rule 9019 settlement, a bankruptcy court need not ‘conduct a mini-trial to determine the probable outcome of any claims waived in the settlement.’ Rather, the bankruptcy court must ‘apprise [itself] of the relevant facts and law so that [it] can make an informed and intelligent decision.’” *In re Age Refining, Inc.*, 801 F. 3d 530, 541 (5th Cir. 2015) (citations omitted).

49. In determining the reasonableness of a settlement, courts in the First Circuit consider the following four factors: (i) the probability of success in the litigation being

compromised; (ii) the difficulties, if any, to be encountered in the matter of collection; (iii) the complexity of the litigation involved, and the expense, inconvenience and delay attending it; and (iv) the paramount interest of the creditors and a proper deference to their reasonable views in the premise. *Jeffrey*, 70 F.3d at 185; *see also In re Indian Motorcycle Co.*, 289 B.R. at 283; *In re Laser Realty, Inc. v. Fernandez (In re Fernandez)*, 2009 Bankr. LEXIS 2846, at *9 (Bankr. D.P.R. Mar. 31, 2009); *In re C.P. del Caribe, Inc.*, 140 B.R. 320, 325 (Bankr. D.P.R. 1992).

50. The RSA is a product of arm's length, good faith negotiations among the RSA Parties, involving careful consideration by the Oversight Board, AAFAF, and the governing board of PREPA, in consultation with their respective financial and legal advisors, and following lengthy exploration of various alternative restructuring and litigation strategies and an analysis of the impact of the deal on PREPA, its exit from Title III, its transformation, the Puerto Rico economy, and the Puerto Rico electric system. The RSA is eminently reasonable, and this Court should approve it.

51. **Resolution of Substantial Portion of PREPA's Debt Claims.** The RSA provides the foundation for a plan of adjustment for PREPA by resolving the claims of a majority of PREPA's Uninsured Bondholders, as well as the claims of Assured, and binding them to support a Plan that provides them with replacement Securitization Bonds or, in the alternative, a stipulated economic equivalent recovery of 73.25% of their principal plus interest. The effectiveness of the Definitive RSA is conditioned upon, among other things, execution of the Definitive RSA by at least 67% in amount of Uninsured Bonds, and 67% in amount of the total outstanding Bonds, by September 1, 2019, thus assuring PREPA sufficient votes in any class of Uninsured Bonds or

Bonds as a whole to meet the dollar thresholds for acceptance under the confirmation requirements of PROMESA.¹⁶

52. The RSA is an Important Step Towards a Confirmable Title III Plan.

Although the RSA only deals with the claims of Supporting Holders under the Trust Agreement and does not determine or commit to propose any future plan treatment of any other creditors, approval of the RSA will lay the foundation for a plan that will have the support of key stakeholders at Plan confirmation. The approval of the RSA will serve as the foundation for the Debtor's restructuring and provide a path to a timely exit from Title III when the transformation transaction for the transmission and distribution system is ready to close. At the same time, it only binds the RSA Parties and is limited to claims held by Supporting Holders arising under the Trust Agreement. As such, it should be approved as a reasonable compromise. *In re Motors Liquidation Co.*, 555 B.R. 355, 367-68 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016) (“the role of this Court is not to second-guess the business decision of the [settling party]; rather, the Court is only to see whether the settlement falls below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness. The RSA was negotiated by very experienced counsel, at arm's length, and approved by the [settling parties'] members after due deliberations.”) (internal quotes and citations omitted).

53. The RSA Settles Complicated Litigation With the Supporting Holders That Would Take Substantial Time and Efforts to Resolve Absent a Compromise. Given litigation's inherent uncertainties, the compromise of contentious litigation is encouraged in bankruptcy. *In re Manuel Mediavilla, Inc.*, 568 B.R. 551, 567 (1st Cir. B.A.P. 2017) (recognizing “federal policy encouraging settlement of bankruptcy litigation.”). While the Government Parties

¹⁶ See 11 U.S.C. § 1126(c), incorporated into PROMESA pursuant to § 301(a). While the Required Threshold will satisfy the dollar threshold requirement under PROMESA, PREPA may still need to seek support of further Bondholders to meet the numerosity requirement (i.e., more than half in number of voting creditors).

believe they would prevail in a challenge to its bondholders' asserted security interests and defeat the Renewed Receiver Motion, the First Circuit's decisions in the ERS Title III case, *Altair Global Credit Opp., et al v. Employees Retirement System, et al.*, No. 18-1836 (1st Cir. 2019), as well as the First Receiver Motion, demonstrate the inherent uncertainty in litigation, even when the facts and law appear clear to both sides. *See In re Sabine Oil & Gas Corp.*, 555 B.R. 180, 257 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y., 2016) (approving settlement and "recogniz[ing] the uncertainties of law and fact in any particular case and the concomitant risks and costs necessarily inherent in taking any litigation to completion"). The RSA Parties have agreed, pursuant to the terms of the RSA, to settle all litigation and causes of action relating to the Supporting Holders' claims and security interests relating to PREPA and any opposition they could otherwise assert to confirmation of a PREPA plan of adjustment, and establish a specific level of recovery in any Plan, except in the case of a Stipulated Treatment Termination as to all Supporting Holders or an Individual Termination with respect to an individual holder. As such, the Supporting Holders' agreement to resolve their Bond claims at a discounted price, after going several years without debt service, redounds to the significant benefit of PREPA.

54. The Tolling of Applicable Statutes of Limitations Is Appropriate and Necessary to the Settlement. Upon entry of the 9019 Order, the RSA Parties and the Trustee will enter into a Tolling Agreement tolling all unexpired statutes of limitation for any action related to Bonds, including, without limitation, any Lien Challenge and any potential Bondholder Litigation (the "Tolled Actions") until the later of the Effective Date of a Plan or 45 days after a Stipulated Treatment Termination.¹⁷ This will preserve the rights of both sides to assert Tolled

¹⁷ The Oversight Board believes tolling is not required for certain of PREPA's objections to the secured claims of Bondholders, including, without limitation, on grounds relating to the scope of the Bondholders' liens or the Bondholders' failure to perfect their security interests. *See, e.g. In re Mid Atlantic Fund, Inc.*, 60 B.R. 604 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1986) (trustee could object to claim on basis the incurrence of the liability was fraudulent transfer and that

Actions in the future if the RSA terminates, while giving them the benefits of a settlement now and allowing them to focus on implementing the RSA without worrying about having to assert their rights in court or lose them.

55. As the Trustee will be a party to the Tolling Agreement, Movants believe the Tolling Agreement represents an entirely consensual tolling of applicable statutes of limitations in relation to all PREPA Bondholders (including those who have not joined the RSA and all monoline insurers), and should be approved on that basis as a fair and reasonable settlement.¹⁸ Additionally, any statute of limitations with respect to the Tolloed Actions should be tolled as to Bondholders or monoline insurers who have not joined the RSA or Tolling Agreement under principles of equitable tolling because: (1) Movants have been pursuing their rights diligently (and are prepared, if necessary, to file a Lien Challenge within the statute of limitations period set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 546), and (2) extraordinary circumstances—specifically, the RSA Parties’ entry into the RSA holistically settling the Supporting Holders’ claims and the reasonable desire of the parties to avoid unnecessary litigation—are present that more than justify the tolling of causes of action relating to the Trust Agreement while the RSA is in effect.¹⁹ *See, e.g., Pace v. DiGuglielmo,*

trustee had priority as judicial lien creditor under section 544 based upon section 502(d), notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of limitations set forth in section 546); *United States Lines v. United States (In re McLean Indus.)*, 196 B.R. 670, 676 (S.D.N.Y. 1996) (trustee can object to claim under section 502(d) on basis it is preferential under section 547 without complying with section 546, in line with “majority” of courts); *In re KF Dairies*, 143 B.R. 734, 736 (9th Cir. BAP 1992) (same); *In re Stoecker*, 143 B.R. 118, 131 (Bankr. N.D. Ill.), *aff’d*, 143 B.R. 879 (N.D. Ill. 1992) (same); *Lassman v. Poulos (In re American Pie, Inc.)*, 361 B.R. 318, 324 (Bankr. D. Mass. 2007) (trustee could assert judicial lien creditor priority to defeat claims of creditors outside of section 546); *Wallick v. Cambio (In re Block)*, 259 B.R. 498 (Bankr. D.R.I. 2001) (“I also agree with and follow those decisions holding that the limitations provisions in Section 546 do not apply when the trustee uses the § 544(a)(3) strong-arm power defensively.”). Movants are requesting tolling of these actions out of an abundance of caution.

¹⁸ The Oversight Board believes the Trustee holds all claims and security interests under the Trust Agreement on behalf of all Bondholders, and has the power to take any actions necessary to execute the trust and make litigation decisions for the benefit of *all* PREPA bondholders. *See* Trust Agreement §§ 809, 902.

¹⁹ Section 546 articulates a statute of limitations that may be tolled on equitable grounds. *In re Int’l Admin. Services, Inc.*, 408 F.3d 689, 699 (11th Cir. 2005) (citing *In re Rodriguez*, 283 B.R. 112, 116–18 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 2001)); *see In re Malavet*, 552 B.R. 24, 32 (Bankr. D.P.R. 2016) (referring to Bankruptcy Code section 546 as a “statute of limitations”); *In re Margaux Texas Ventures, Inc.*, 545 B.R. 506, 526 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 2014) (noting that Bankruptcy Code section 546 “is without a doubt a statute of limitations”); *see also In re Martin Levy Of Berlin*

544 U.S. 408, 418 (2005) (“For those statutes of limitation to which equitable tolling applies, a litigant who seeks tolling must establish at least two elements: (1) that he has been pursuing his rights diligently, and (2) that some extraordinary circumstances stood in his way.”); *see also Neves v. Holder*, 613 F.3d 30, 36 n. 5 (noting that criteria for equitable tolling are “diligence in the pursuit of one’s rights” and “an absence of prejudice to a party opponent.”). No Bondholder or monoline insurer who has not joined the RSA or Tolling Agreement will be prejudiced by the tolling of such statutes of limitations. If tolling is granted pursuant to the 9019 Order, such non-parties will be able to avoid defending claims against them the Oversight Board would otherwise be forced to file. If tolling is not granted, the Oversight Board can bring all meritorious claims before the statutes lapse to preserve them under the terms of the Definitive RSA, and currently is prepared and intends to do so. Such litigation while the RSA is in effect will generate litigation, and consume time and expense that may well prove unnecessary.

56. The RSA, among other things, (a) will likely reduce costly, time consuming, and uncertain litigation with the Supporting Holders and provides certainty as to how they will be treated in a Plan, (b) will facilitate PREPA’s progression towards the formulation of a confirmable plan of adjustment, (c) binds a significant percentage of PREPA’s bondholders to support a plan of adjustment providing them with the Securitization Bonds or with the Stipulated Treatment, and (d) will only bind the Oversight Board, AAFAF, and PREPA if the RSA is joined by enough Bondholders to exceed the dollar amount thresholds for acceptance of both a class of Uninsured Bonds and a class of all Bonds. The Oversight Board and AAFAF believe all relevant factors militate in favor of its approval.

D.M.D., P.C., 416 B.R. 1, 7 (Bankr. D. Mass. 2009) (collecting the clear majority of cases which hold that Bankruptcy Code section 546 “is a true statute of limitations and does not serve as a jurisdictional bar.”).

A. Probability of Success

57. In examining the probability of success in the litigation being compromised, courts look to the legal and evidentiary obstacles to litigating the claim. *In re Healthco Int'l, Inc.*, 136 F.3d 45, 50 (1st Cir. 1998); *In re Hansen*, 2017 Bankr. LEXIS 1120, at *12 (Bankr. D.N.H. Apr. 25, 2017). In addition, the probability of success is measured against the “definitive, concrete and immediate benefit” that a settlement provides against the uncertainty and delay of litigation. *See Yacovi v. Rubin & Rudman, L.L.P. (In re Yacovi)*, 411 Fed. Appx. 342, 346-47 (5th Cir. 2011) (citing *In re Healthco Int'l, Inc.*, 136 F.3d 45, 50 (1st Cir. 1998)). And, “th[e] responsibility of the bankruptcy judge . . . is not to decide the numerous questions of law and fact raised by appellants but rather to canvass the issues and see whether the settlement `fall[s] below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness.’” *Id.*

58. Litigating the challenges to the Supporting Holders’ security interests and pursuing a contested confirmation of a Plan are complicated undertakings. The challenges to the security interests depend on precise and technical examinations of the Trust Agreement and the Uniform Commercial Code. While the Government Parties believe they have strong arguments to invalidate the Bondholders’ security interest, the Supporting Holders likewise believe they have meritorious defenses and that the security interests are valid. Any litigation of these issues will be contentious and resource-intensive. As a result, various parties-in-interest in PREPA’s Title III case have already taken opposite positions as to the correct scope and nature of the Bondholders’ security interests. *See, e.g., Limited Reply of Scotiabank de Puerto Rico, as Administrative Agent, and Solus Alternative Asset Management LP*, Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 687 (arguing Bondholders’ security interests only attach to and are perfected in moneys in the Sinking Fund); *Supplemental Objection of Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.*, Case

No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 652 at 2-3 (arguing the Bondholders have attached and perfected security interests in “all of the ‘revenues of the System,’ without deduction,” and various contractual covenants); *Objection of Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors*, Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS, ECF No. 1151 (arguing Bondholders’ security interests only attach to moneys in certain specified funds of PREPA, including the Sinking Fund). Where parties’ positions are so far apart, courts generally favor the certainty of a settlement. *See In re Fibercore, Inc.*, 391 B.R. 647, 655 (Bankr. D. Mass. 2008) (“[W]hat is ‘clear’ to one party appears foggy to another and the Trustee believes it is better to pursue a guaranteed, relatively immediate payment to the estate . . . than pursue litigation hoping for more. This Court cannot quarrel with that conclusion.”); *In re Laser Realty, Inc. v. Fernandez (In re Fernandez)*, 2009 Bankr. LEXIS 2846, at *9-10 (Bankr. D.P.R. Mar. 31, 2009) (“The Court concludes that the uncertainty of the litigation between the debtors and Citibank weighs heavily in favor of the approval of the Settlement Agreement . . .”).

59. Similarly, PREPA’s ability to confirm a Plan absent the support of the Supporting Holders and potentially over their objection is uncertain, particularly given the dearth of jurisprudence in cases either under chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code or PROMESA Title III dealing with the issues in this case. The promise by the Supporting Holders, a large plurality of PREPA’s overall debt, to support a Plan significantly reduces the risks attendant to confirmation and should provide PREPA one or more accepting impaired classes of Bond claims that may help the Government Parties to avoid a protracted cramdown battle with PREPA’s Bondholders at confirmation.

60. Finally, settlement with Assured may help avoid or at least simplify costly litigation of the Renewed Receiver Motion. Specifically, the Renewed Receiver Motion was filed by National, Syncora, and Assured, who allege they collectively hold or insure “approximately 27%

of the Bonds.” Renewed Receiver Motion at 1. However, upon the approval of the RSA, Assured will withdraw as a movant in the Renewed Receiver Motion. Without Assured’s support, the remaining movants (National and Syncora) will, by their own admission, hold or insure less than 20% of the Bonds²⁰—an insufficient number to circumvent the Trust Agreement’s no-action clause (prohibiting individual Bondholders from taking actions to enforce their rights without engaging the Trustee). Trust Agreement § 808.²¹ Moreover, without the support of the Supporting Holders, movants in the Renewed Receiver Motion will not be able to show that the Renewed Receiver Motion is for the “benefit of all holders of bonds,” another requirement of the no-action clause. *Id.* As a result, the Renewed Receiver Motion will be subject to dismissal for failure to comply with the no-action clause, and future Bondholder actions will be rendered significantly less likely because prospective movants will hold an insufficient percentage of bonds to overcome section 808. This will create additional certainty in PREPA’s Title III Case and reduce the possibility PREPA will have to divert its resources from implementing a restructuring to fighting creditor actions, thus benefitting all PREPA stakeholders.

B. Complexity of Litigation Involved and Expense, Inconvenience, and Delay Attending It.

61. The complexity of the unresolved issues between PREPA and its Bondholders is evident by not only the difficulty of the legal issues involved (as discussed above), but also the

²⁰ Specifically, the draft complaint attached to the Renewed Receiver Motion alleges that National holds or insures (including by way of subrogation) \$1,476,100,909 (at ¶ 5) and Syncora holds or insures (including by way of subrogation) \$174,785,000 (at ¶ 6), representing less than 20% of the \$8.259 billion in principal amount outstanding.

²¹ Pursuant to Trust Agreement section 808, Bondholders are prohibited from pursuing remedies in their own name if they hold (in aggregate) less than 10% of the principal amount of outstanding Bonds. If the moving Bondholders hold more than 10%, they can institute an action only if they have made a “written request of the Trustee” and have “offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred therein.” *See* Trust Agreement § 808. Based on information and belief, movants in the Renewed Receiver Motion have not complied with these requirements. These requirements can only be bypassed if the movants hold more than 20% of outstanding Bonds, but in either case, the action must be maintained for the benefit of *all* Bondholders. *Id.* The Trustee is not required to seek to appointment of a receiver unless the request is made by holders of 25% or more of outstanding Bonds. *Id.* § 804.

number of parties involved, the multiple actions that have been filed, the significant costs incurred, and the ramifications of delay in resolving the dispute. If the RSA is not approved, PREPA would be forced to restart negotiations with Bondholders almost from square one and would have to wait in formulating a Plan until all open issues are resolved. Moreover, the expense and inconvenience of litigating the Renewed Receiver Motion and the security interest challenge against all the Bondholders and over the objection of the Supporting Holders would be substantial. It would require substantial discovery into and litigation concerning complex legal and factual issues. As just one of many examples, the bondholders have alleged that PREPA is not authorized under the Trust Agreement or the Bankruptcy Code to deduct capitalized expenditures from Revenues without stripping the lien off of the Revenues in violation of section 928(a). The bondholders may argue there would have to be discovery into the nature and amount of each expenditure incurred by PREPA during the Title III cases and whether such expenditures could be deducted from the Revenues. These issues are not simple. They involve technical interpretations of the Trust Agreement and certain Bankruptcy Code provisions, both of which have not been extensively litigated. And regardless of who prevails on these issues, the results would likely be appealed to appellate courts, which, as demonstrated in other appeals, could take at least a year or more to resolve. This would result in additional expenses to PREPA, at a time when PREPA needs to use its resources to facilitate its emergence from Title III and transformation.

62. The Government Parties' decision to avoid some of these costs, resolve a number of these complicated issues, and defray the risks of a potentially substantial delay should be given substantial deference. *See Jeffrey v. Desmond*, 70 F.3d 183, 187 (1st Cir. 1995) ("[C]oupled with the bankruptcy court's inquiries and findings regarding the inconvenience and expense to the estate in attending the state court action, and the fact that the compromise would provide creditors with

an immediate and certain payment of a large percentage of the outstanding debt, illustrates that the bankruptcy court did not abuse its discretion in approving the compromise.”); *Bos v. Jalbert (In re ServiSense.com, Inc.)*, 2003 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 17057 at *16 (D. Mass. Sep. 26, 2003) (“When augmentation of an asset involves protracted investigation or potentially costly litigation, with no guarantee as to the outcome, the trustee must tread cautiously - and an inquiring court must accord him wide latitude should he conclude that the game is not worth the candle.”) (quoting *LeBlanc v. Salem (In re Mailman Steam Carpet Cleaning Corp.)*, 212 F.3d 632 (1st Cir. 2000)); *In re Hunt*, 2016 Bankr. LEXIS 1993 at *9 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. May 12, 2016) (“The certainty that the estate will receive funds now—as opposed to the uncertainty that the estate might obtain a recovery after protracted litigation—weighs in favor of approving the Settlement Agreement.”).

63. For the same reasons, the very limited exculpation of the Trustee and Supporting Holders for joining the Settlement Motion and entering into the Tolling Agreement or providing direction in respect of the same is sufficiently warranted. Notably, no party is released under the RSA, and the exculpation is limited to a subset of actions critical to the implementation of the RSA. As such, the exculpation provision in the RSA is appropriate. *See, e.g., In re Quincy Med. Ctr.*, 2011 Bankr. LEXIS 4405, *8-9 (Bankr. D. Mass. Nov. 16, 2011) (“I find the exculpation provision . . . reasonable and appropriate either on the basis that the exculpated parties provided financial and other consideration to the estate . . . or as estate fiduciaries they are entitled to limited immunity in order to encourage participation in the bankruptcy process”); *In re Health Diagnostic Lab., Inc.*, 551 B.R. 218, 232 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 2016) (“The practical effect of a proper exculpation provision is not to provide a release for any party, but to raise the standard of liability of fiduciaries for their conduct during the bankruptcy case.”); *In re PWS Holding Corp.*, 228 F.3d 224, 247 (3d Cir. 2000) (noting an exculpation provision “sets forth the appropriate standard of

liability”); *In re Nat’l Heritage Found., Inc.*, 478 B.R. 216, 233 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 2012) (“Exculpation provisions . . . generally are permissible, so long as they are properly limited and not overly broad.”).

64. Moreover, approval of the RSA will facilitate the PREPA transformation process. The deal will send a message to potential transformation counterparties that PREPA has a clear framework for its exit from bankruptcy through a confirmation order that will help support the transformation transaction(s).

C. Interests of Creditors

65. The creditors who are RSA Parties have clearly determined for themselves that the RSA is a superior option to lengthy and costly ongoing litigation. The rights of all other creditors are left unprejudiced and unaffected. Put differently, the RSA clearly benefits some creditors, and leaves all others unaffected. Thus, the RSA creates benefits for creditors and no detriments.

66. The payments under the RSA can be made without Court approval. Therefore, the Court’s approval of them does not prejudice other creditors. The allowance of secured claims in reduced amounts helps the creditors whose claims are allowed by their own determinations, and does not impair any other creditor from prosecuting its claim for allowance in larger amounts. The settlement provides and promotes rational certainty rather than uncertain gambles.

67. Finally, other Uninsured Bondholders are invited to join the RSA on the same terms as the existing Uninsured Supporting Holders.

68. Unsecured claimholders may also benefit, and are not prejudiced for several reasons. First, for so long as the RSA is in effect, the Supporting Holders are agreeing to the reduction of the secured claims they have asserted. Second, the payments to the Supporting Holders are coming from new—not existing—charges. While unsecured claimholders may argue

that PREPA should have litigated whether the Supporting Holders have unavoidable secured claims, PREPA's judgment to settle is rational by any yardstick, even if some unsecured claimholders would prefer to roll the dice.

69. The elimination of the risk of litigation by the Supporting Holders relating to their treatment under a Plan gives all parties-in-interest significantly more certainty as to the features of a Plan and its confirmability. This enhanced certainty may expedite plan negotiations with other creditors (who may not wish to be left behind and subject to the possibility of claim disallowance and unfavorable cramdown) and therefore expedite PREPA's exit from Title III, while in no way preventing creditors (other than parties to the RSA) from objecting to any Plan. The RSA will also substantially reduce PREPA's costs in completing its Title III case, as major litigation from the Supporting Holders over a lien challenge, rights and remedies under the Trust Agreement, and Plan confirmation will be avoided. *See City Sanitation, LLC v. Allied Waste Servs. of Mass., LLC (In re Am. Cartage, Inc.)*, 656 F.3d 82, 93 (1st Cir. 2011) ("Finally, the bankruptcy court appropriately took into account the paramount interest of the creditors. Settling quickly for \$12,000 allowed the trustee to distribute something to creditors. In bankruptcy, as in life, half a loaf is sometimes better than none."); *In re Laser Realty, Inc. v. Fernandez (In re Fernandez)*, 2009 Bankr. LEXIS 2846, at *11-12 (Bankr. D.P.R. Mar. 31, 2009) (holding that the interest of creditors weighs in favor of the settlement because "[with the settlement], the Court anticipates the expeditious conclusion of these bankruptcy cases and the attendant distribution to all other creditors.").

70. Furthermore, the Supporting Holders' agreement not to seek to lift the stay to appoint a receiver, or support such a request, assists the Government Parties in opposing the Renewed Receiver Motion. The Government Parties believe the appointment of a receiver could

devastate or significantly delay PREPA's restructuring efforts and impede the Oversight Board's statutory mission. Approval of the RSA will result in Assured withdrawing its support from the Renewed Receiver Motion and obligate the other Supporting Holders not to support it. And as discussed above, the remaining movants to the Renewed Receiver Motion—National and Syncora—do not possess a sufficient percentage of Bonds to circumvent the Trust Agreement's no-action clause, likely necessitating dismissal of the Renewed Receiver Motion. As such, approval of the RSA will redound to the benefit of all creditors by aiding the Government Parties' efforts to retain control of PREPA.

71. Additionally, because of the importance of a healthy PREPA to Puerto Rico's revitalization, transformation of PREPA (which is facilitated by PREPA having a roadmap to emerge from Title III) is also important for the successful restructuring of Puerto Rico's debt. Similarly, the more expeditiously PREPA can exit Title III—a result that will be furthered by approval of the RSA—the sooner both PREPA and Puerto Rico will be able to regain access to the capital markets and begin the island's long road to economic recovery.

72. The RSA provides a more than reasonable solution to an extraordinarily complex series of actual and potential disputes. *See Am. Cartage*, 656 F.3d at 91-92 (the court should “canvass the issues and see whether the settlement falls below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness.”). PREPA will be able to move forward toward a final resolution of this Title III case more expeditiously, and will be able to use funds that otherwise would have been spent litigating to work towards confirming a plan of adjustment and emerging from these proceedings. The RSA is eminently fair and equitable and should be approved.

Notice

73. Movants have provided notice of this Motion to: (a) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Puerto Rico; (b) the indenture trustees and/or agents, as applicable, for the Debtor's Bonds; (c) all Bondholders;²² (d) any party that has requested notice pursuant to Rule 2002 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure; (e) counsel to the statutory committee appointed in the Title III case; (f) the Office of the United States Attorney for the District of Puerto Rico; (g) counsel to AAFAF; (h) the Puerto Rico Department of Justice; (i) the Puerto Rico Treasury Department; (j) the Other Interested Parties;²³ and (k) all parties filing a notice of appearance in this Title III case. Movants submit that, in light of the nature of the relief requested herein, no other or further notice need be given.

No Prior Request

74. No prior request for the relief sought in this Motion has been made to this or any other court.

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²² Beneficial owners of Bonds as of May 13, 2019 will be provided notice of the Motion through the bank or brokerage firm holding the Bonds on their behalf or that firm's agent (collectively, the "Nominees"). Nominees will be entitled to receive reasonably sufficient copies of the notice to distribute to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. PREPA shall be responsible for such Nominees' reasonable, documented costs and expenses associated with the distribution of the notice to beneficial owners of the Bonds.

²³ The "Other Interested Parties" include the following: (i) counsel to certain of the insurers and trustees of the bonds issued or guaranteed by the Debtors; and (ii) counsel to certain ad hoc groups of holders of bonds issued or guaranteed by the Debtors.

WHEREFORE PREPA respectfully requests the Court to enter the RSA, granting the relief requested herein and any other relief as is just and proper.

Dated: [May ____], 2018
San Juan, Puerto Rico

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Martin J. Bienenstock [DRAFT]

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Exhibit A

Proposed Order

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO**

In re: THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO, as representative of THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO, <i>et al.</i> Debtors. ¹	PROMESA Title III Case No. 17 BK 3283-LTS (Jointly Administered)
In re: THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO as representative of PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC POWER AUTHORITY, Debtor.	PROMESA Title III Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS

**ORDER APPROVING JOINT MOTION OF
PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC POWER
AUTHORITY AND AAFAF PURSUANT TO
BANKRUPTCY CODE SECTIONS 362, 502, 922, AND 928,
AND BANKRUPTCY RULES 3012(A)(1) AND 9019 FOR ORDER
APPROVING SETTLEMENTS EMBODIED IN THE RESTRUCTURING
SUPPORT AGREEMENT AND TOLLING CERTAIN LIMITATIONS PERIODS**

Upon the *Joint Motion of Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority and AAFAF Pursuant to
Bankruptcy Code Sections 362, 502, 922, and 928, and Bankruptcy Rules 3012(a)(1) and 9019 for*

¹ The Debtors in these Title III Cases, along with each Debtor's respective Title III case number and the last four (4) digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, as applicable, are the (i) Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3283-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3481); (ii) Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation ("COFINA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3284-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 8474); (iii) Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority ("HTA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3567-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3808); (iv) Employees Retirement System of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico ("ERS") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 3566-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 9686); and (v) Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") (Bankruptcy Case No. 17 BK 4780-LTS) (Last Four Digits of Federal Tax ID: 3747). (Title III case numbers are listed as Bankruptcy Case numbers due to software limitations.)

Order Approving Settlements Embodied in the Restructuring Support Agreement and Tolling Certain Limitations Periods (the “**Motion**”);² and the Court having found it has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to PROMESA section 306(a); and it appearing that venue in this district is proper pursuant to PROMESA section 307(a); and the Court having found that the relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of PREPA, its creditors, and other parties in interest; and the Court having found that PREPA provided adequate and appropriate notice of the Motion under the circumstances, including to all holders and insurers of PREPA’s Bonds, and that no other or further notice is required; and the Court having reviewed the Motion and having heard the statements of counsel in support of the Motion at a hearing held before the Court (the “**Hearing**”); and the Court having heard and considered all other submissions and arguments in support of opposing the Motion; and the Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and urged at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and the Court having found and determined that the settlements, compromises, stipulations, and payments (including Adequate Protection Payments) set forth in or required under the RSA are fair and reasonable to, and in the best interests of, the Debtor and its creditors; and any objections to the relief requested herein having been withdrawn or overruled on the merits; and upon the record herein, after due deliberation thereon, the Court having found that good and sufficient cause exists for the granting of the relief as set forth herein,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

APPROVAL OF RSA

1. The Motion is GRANTED as set forth in this Order.

² Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the RSA, attached hereto as **Schedule 1**. The Rules of Interpretation set forth in Section 1(b) of the RSA shall apply to this Order.

2. *RSA Approval.* The RSA, in the form attached hereto as **Schedule 1**, is APPROVED in its entirety; provided, however, that nothing in this Order shall prejudice the rights of any party-in-interest to object to any Plan on any permissible ground. The failure to specifically describe or include in this Order any particular provision of the RSA shall not diminish or impair the effectiveness of any such provision.

3. *Authority to Perform.* With the consent of the FOMB to the extent required pursuant to PROMESA Section 305, each of the Government Parties is authorized (i) to execute, deliver, implement, and fully perform any and all obligations, instruments, documents, and papers provided for by the RSA, (ii) to make all payments provided for by the RSA, provided that any payments required to be made under a plan require a further order confirming that plan, and (iii) to take any and all actions reasonably necessary or appropriate to consummate, complete, execute and implement the RSA, in each case in accordance with the terms and conditions thereof. Any actions taken pursuant to the RSA before the entry of this Order are hereby ratified. All subsequent provisions of this Order interfering with the subject matter of PROMESA Section 305 are consented to by the FOMB to the extent required.

4. *Valid and Binding Obligations.* This Order and the RSA constitute and evidence the valid and binding obligations of the Parties thereto; provided, however, that to the extent the RSA requires the FOMB as the Title III representative for PREPA to propose a plan of adjustment containing certain treatment of Claims and other provisions, nothing herein pre-approves any such plan. This Order shall be binding upon all parties-in-interest, including, without limitation, any person or entity acting or seeking to act on behalf of any of the Parties, in all circumstances and for all purposes. Notwithstanding anything in this Order or the RSA, the RSA shall be solely for

the benefit of the Parties thereto and no other person or entity shall be a third-party beneficiary thereof.

5. *Amendments.* The Parties are authorized to enter into amendments to the RSA from time to time, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the RSA and without the need for (i) further notice and hearing or (ii) any order of this Court; provided, that any material amendments be filed on a notice of presentment with the Court and shall be approved if no objections are filed within the applicable period. Upon any such amendment, all references in this Order to the RSA shall be deemed to be references to the RSA as amended.

SETTLEMENT

6. *Settlement of Claims and Rights.* Subject to the terms of the RSA, this Order and the RSA constitute a settlement as to the Supporting Holders of (i) the Bondholder Litigation including, without limitation, the *Motion of National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, Assured Guaranty Corp., Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., and Syncora Guarantee Inc. for Relief from the Automatic Stay to Allow Movants to Enforce their Statutory Right to Have a Receiver Appointed* [ECF No. 975] (the “**Monoline Motion**”), (ii) the Supporting Holders’ ability to exercise or assert any rights or remedies under the Trust Agreement or other applicable law (including seeking to lift the stay or to accomplish any of the foregoing) or to direct the Trustee or provide legal or financial advice or assistance to support any other parties in connection with any of the foregoing, and (iii) the Supporting Holders’ asserted right to receive any current payment or adequate protection payments on the Bonds (other than, in the case of Insured Bonds, payment from the Insurers under the Bond Insurance Agreements).

7. *Monoline Motion.* The Monoline Motion is settled as to the Supporting Holders and dismissed as to them. Such settlement and dismissal shall be without prejudice to the renewal

of any motion similar to the Monoline Motion in the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination³ or, as to Assured only (unless such Individual Termination is rescinded by the Government Parties as if such Individual Termination never occurred), an Individual Termination and, in the event of such renewal, without prejudice to the Government Parties' right to defend such motion.

GOVERNMENT PARTIES' PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS

8. *Settlement Charge.* Commencing on July 1, 2019, PREPA shall implement, include in its customer bills, and collect an additional charge of 1 cent per kilowatt-hour (1 c/kWh), as part of its ordinary course collection of customer bills, as provided by and defined in the RSA as the "**Settlement Charge.**"

9. *Settlement Payments.* Commencing on August 30, 2019, and continuing on the last day of each month thereafter (or if such day is not a business day, on the next business day) through the earliest of (A) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA as to PREPA or AAFAF, (C) the Effective Date, or (D) dismissal of PREPA's Title III Case, PREPA shall make monthly Settlement Payments to the Supporting Holders equal to (i) the number of kilowatt hours PREPA billed during the previous month, multiplied by (ii) 92 percent, multiplied by (iii) the Settlement Charge, and otherwise on the terms and conditions set forth in the RSA (the "**Settlement Payments**"). The Settlement Payments shall be made solely on account of Bonds subject to the RSA at the time such Settlement Payment is made on a pro rata basis based on the outstanding principal amount of the Bonds subject to the RSA; provided, that no Settlement Payment shall be made on any Bond that is not subject to the RSA by September 1, 2019 (unless such Bond is an Uninsured Bond that becomes subject to the RSA during a subsequent Joinder Period), and no Bondholder shall receive any portion of any Settlement

³ Any termination pursuant to Sections 9(d)(i)-(iv) of the RSA shall each be treated as a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

Payments made on Bonds held by such Bondholder after an Individual Termination as to such Bondholder. Any Settlement Payments made on account of Assured Insured Bonds shall be made to Assured. No Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or (if applicable) Adequate Protection Payments shall be made on account of Other Insured Bonds.

10. *Increased Settlement Charge and Increased Settlement Payments.* If a Plan has not been confirmed and has not gone effective (and no other transaction has been consummated pursuant to which the Stipulated Treatment or the Securitization Bond Treatment has been provided) by March 31, 2021 (the “**Delayed Implementation Date**”), PREPA’s obligation to make Settlement Payments shall be replaced by an obligation to make the Increased Settlement Payments (as defined below).

(a) Subject to and conditioned upon issuance or enactment of all required legislative and regulatory approvals, on the Delayed Implementation Date, PREPA shall put into effect a charge equal to the Transition Charge that would have gone into effect on that date assuming the effective date occurred and Securitization Bonds were issued on such date, which charge shall thereafter increase from time to time as if the Securitization Bonds were outstanding (the “**Increased Settlement Charge**”).

(b) Collections on account of the Increased Settlement Charge shall be paid monthly on the last day of the month (or if such day is not a business day, on the next business day) to the Supporting Holders (the “**Increased Settlement Payments**”), pro rata on account of Bonds that are subject to the RSA and became subject to the RSA prior to September 1, 2019 or, in the case of Uninsured Bonds, during a Joinder Period, unless otherwise mutually agreed to by the Required Parties on terms mutually agreed to by the

Required Parties; provided, however, that only amounts actually collected by PREPA on account of the Increased Settlement Charge are required to be distributed.

(c) Increased Settlement Payments shall be applied (i) first on account of accrued and unpaid Administrative Claims (as defined below) (subject to any election to receive the Administrative Claims in Tranche A Bonds as set forth in Paragraph 14), and (ii) after payment of the Administrative Claims, to reduction of the Allowed Claim (as defined below) or amount of the Tranche A Bonds as set forth in the Definitive RSA.

(d) On and after the Delayed Implementation Date, no Increased Settlement Payments shall be made if an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Supporting Holder) or if a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders) occurs or has occurred, and any Administrative Claim accrued by such Supporting Holders under the Definitive RSA shall be expunged and disallowed as a result of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), other than the Surviving Administrative Claim. In addition, the obligation to make Increased Settlement Payments will terminate upon the earliest of (i) a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA as to PREPA or AAFAF, (ii) the Effective Date of a Plan (or the effective date of another transaction pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment is provided), or (iii) dismissal of the Title III Case.

11. *Adequate Protection Payments.* If the Delayed Implementation Date occurs and PREPA has not implemented the Increased Settlement Charge to the extent required by the RSA, or if the Delayed Implementation Date occurs or has passed and PREPA is no longer a party to the RSA due to a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA, then PREPA shall make the

Adequate Protection Payments in cash on a monthly basis on the last day of the month (or if such day is not a business day, on the next business day) in an amount equal to the amount of Increased Settlement Payments that would have been required had the Increased Settlement Charge been implemented on the Delayed Implementation Date and assuming that all Increased Settlement Payments would have been made to Bonds subject to the RSA that became subject to the RSA prior to September 1, 2019 or, in the case of Uninsured Bonds, during a Joinder Period. PREPA's obligation to make Adequate Protection Payments shall terminate on the earliest of (i) the date the Increased Settlement Charge is implemented, (ii) the Effective Date of a Plan (or the effective date of another transaction pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment is provided), (iii) in the case of an individual Supporting Holder, an Individual Termination, or (iv) in the case of all Supporting Holders, a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

12. *Effect of Securitization Termination on RSA Payments.* If a Securitization Termination occurs, then and unless the Title III case has been dismissed, until the occurrence of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Bondholder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or Adequate Protection Payments, as applicable, shall continue to be made to the Supporting Holders in each case as required under the RSA.

13. *Effect of Individual Termination/Stipulated Treatment Termination on RSA Payments.* In the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination as to all Supporting Holders or an Individual Termination as to an individual Supporting Holder, (1) the Supporting Holder's Bond Claims shall automatically be reduced by the amount of any Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments) made or Administrative Claim accrued and paid to such Supporting Holder on account of its Bond Claims, (2) all prior Settlement

Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, Adequate Protection Payments, and payments made on Administrative Claims, as applicable, received by any Supporting Holder subject to such termination shall be retained by the recipient, (3) all Parties reserve all rights as to whether Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments) or payments made on Administrative Claims shall be credited against Claims for principal, pre-petition interest, or (if applicable) post-petition interest, and (4) accrued and unpaid Administrative Claims shall be disallowed other than the Surviving Administrative Claim.

SUPPORTING HOLDER CLAIMS

14. *Administrative Claims.* If a Bond is subject to this RSA as of the Administrative Claim Commencement, such Bond subject to the RSA shall be entitled to a stipulated and allowed administrative expense claim in PREPA's Title III Case for:

- (i) an amount equal to the total of all Tranche A interest payments that would have accrued on Tranche A Bonds if such Bonds had been issued on the Administrative Claim Commencement and such interest payments were paid in kind (such amount, the “**Administrative Claim Accrual**”), less
- (ii) the amount of Settlement Payments or Increased Settlement Payments that are made on account of such Bond (such claim, the “**Administrative Claim**”)

from and after the Administrative Claim Commencement applicable to such Bond accruing until the earliest of (A) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) with respect to a Supporting Holder, an Individual Termination with respect to such Supporting Holder, or (C) the Effective Date of a Plan in PREPA's Title III Case. The Administrative Claim shall also include (i) accrual and payment-in-kind of interest on the Waiver and Support Fees and (ii) Administrative Claims provided for under Section 22(e) of the RSA (the “**Fee Reimbursement Administrative Claim**”).

(a) In lieu of Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, and/or cash payment of Administrative Claims on the Effective Date of a Plan (to the extent the Government Parties elect to pay Administrative Claims in cash), an individual Supporting Holder may elect to receive Tranche A Bonds for its Administrative Claims at the Exchange Ratio for Administrative Claims; provided that such election shall be structured as among the Supporting Holders and in a manner that does not increase the aggregate Administrative Claim or Transition Charge that would otherwise be payable under the RSA. If no agreement is reached by the Required Holders on implementing the election as provided herein, then no such election shall be available.

(b) All Administrative Claims shall be paid on the Effective Date, either in cash or Tranche A bonds, at the sole discretion of the Government Parties; provided, that the Fee Reimbursement Administrative Claim shall be paid in cash.

(c) Effective on the Administrative Claim Commencement solely for purposes of the settlements set forth in this Order and recoveries under the RSA, interest accrual on the Bonds shall be deemed to terminate. In the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination or an Individual Termination, all Parties reserve all rights regarding post-petition interest, and the Court makes no findings as to whether the Bonds are entitled to post-petition interest.

15. *Allowed Claim.* If a Securitization Termination has occurred, then, except as set forth in the RSA in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such terminated Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), each of the Supporting Holders has an allowed secured claim in PREPA's Title III case in a face amount equal to (i) 73.25% of the Applicable Bond Claim of the outstanding bonds held or insured by such

Supporting Holder at any time plus, (ii) such Supporting Holder's allocated share (if any) of the Waiver and Support Fees, plus (iii) in the case of Assured, to the extent that Assured's Stipulated Treatment is required to be adjusted as set forth in Section 2(c)(ii) of the RSA to compensate Assured for the loss of the value of any portion of the Assured Treatment, the amount of such loss of value (the "**Allowed Claim**"). If a Securitization Termination has not occurred, except as set forth in the RSA in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such terminated Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), and Securitization Bonds are issued under a confirmed plan providing the Supporting Holders the treatment set forth in the RSA, then the claims of the Supporting Holders shall be deemed allowed, solely for plan distribution purposes, in the discounted, secured amounts that would be satisfied in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) by their treatments provided in the plan. The settlement of claims set forth in this paragraph is incorporated into and made a part of the RSA.

16. *Stipulated Treatment.* In the event of a Securitization Termination, then except as set forth in the RSA in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders) and solely for purpose of settlement and without prejudice to the rights of the Parties in any other context, the Supporting Holders shall receive the following treatment (the "**Stipulated Treatment**"): (i) the Supporting Holders' Allowed Claim shall be treated as if it were an allowed secured claim against the Net Revenues of PREPA (as defined in the Trust Agreement) in any subsequent Plan that is confirmed after a Securitization Termination, secured by collateral worth at least the amount of the Allowed Claim as of the effective date of such plan, (ii) the foregoing shall be included in any Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or other restructuring of Bonds subject to the RSA, and (iii) in the case of Assured, Assured shall be provided the opportunity to insure debt securities

being issued on account of the Assured Insured Bonds, to provide a DSRF surety for such debt securities, and receive the related premiums to the same extent as set forth in the Assured Treatment in the RSA; provided that if Assured is not offered the opportunity to provide such insurance, to provide such DSRF surety, and receive such premiums, then Assured's Stipulated Treatment shall be adjusted to compensate Assured for the loss of that value; and provided further, that if Assured is offered the opportunity to provide such insurance, to provide such DSRF surety, and receive such premiums, and it declines to do so, Assured's stipulated treatment shall not be adjusted to include such value.

17. *Administrative Claims After the Delayed Implementation Date.* Subject to the RSA, on and after the Delayed Implementation Date, the accrual of Administrative Claims in favor of the eligible Bonds held or insured by Supporting Holders shall continue, to the extent not paid by the Increased Settlement Charge, for an amount each month that is equal to the higher of (i) the Administrative Claim Accrual and (ii) an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of any Increased Settlement Payments (or Adequate Protection Payments, if applicable) required to be made as set forth above and (B) the amount of any Increased Settlement Payments (or Adequate Protection Payments, if applicable) actually received in respect of such Bond. If the payment (whether in cash or in Tranche A Bonds) of any resulting Administrative Claim under clause (ii) exceeds the amount in clause (i), the provisions of Paragraph 10(c) of this Order shall apply.

18. *Adjustment Based on Delayed Implementation Date.* To the extent the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment is provided after the Delayed Implementation Date, the terms of such Securitization Bonds or Stipulated Treatment, including maturity of the Tranche B Bonds and accrual of the Tranche B Bond amounts between the Delayed

Implementation Date and the Effective Date, if applicable, shall be adjusted in a manner mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties (or if no such agreement can be reached, as ordered by this Court) to take into account the Increased Settlement Payments made prior to the date of issuance of the Securitization Bonds or the provision of the Stipulated Treatment so that the cost to the Government Parties (and recovery on account of any Bond) is no greater (and no less) than that of the settlements set forth in the RSA and this Order (including with respect to the maturity of the Securitization Bonds or the Stipulated Treatment to be provided under the RSA, as applicable).

19. *Effect of Securitization Termination on Administrative Claims.* If a Securitization Termination occurs, then and unless the Title III Case has been dismissed, until the occurrence of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Bondholder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), the Administrative Claims shall continue to accrue at the rates set forth in Paragraph 14 or 17, as applicable.

20. *Effect of Individual Termination/Stipulated Treatment Termination on Administrative Claims.* In the event of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), any accrued and unpaid Administrative Claim (including any Administrative Claim accrued after the Delayed Implementation Date) shall be expunged and disallowed; provided that with regard to a Stipulated Treatment Termination under Section 9(c)(i)(6) of the RSA, the Supporting Holders shall be entitled to an Administrative Claim that will have accrued through the date this Court first denied confirmation of a Plan where such denial is not solely on grounds raised in an objection by PREPA or AAFAF (the “**Surviving Administrative Claim**”). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the RSA, the Fee Reimbursement Administrative Claim shall survive a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

SUBSEQUENT LITIGATION AND TOLLING

21. *Tolling.* As of the date of this Order, all unexpired statutes of limitations for any causes of action related to the Bonds, including any avoidance claims under sections 544, 548, and 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any Lien Challenge and any potential Bondholder Litigation, held by any Party (including, without limitation, as to FOMB, any future or successor to FOMB and any members thereof) and the Trustee, is hereby extended to a date forty-five (45) days after the declaration of a Stipulated Treatment Termination. The Tolling Agreement between the Government Parties, the Ad Hoc Group, Assured, and the Trustee is hereby approved. A Stipulated Treatment Termination shall not void any prior tolling pursuant to the Tolling Agreement or this Order.

22. *Lien Challenge.* The rights and obligations of any Party to the RSA regarding bringing, defending, or otherwise taking action related to a Lien Challenge shall be as set forth in the RSA. No person or entity (including any other person or entity acting on behalf of a Government Party) other than the Government Parties shall have standing or otherwise be permitted to bring a Lien Challenge so long as there is not a Stipulated Treatment Termination; provided, that nothing in this Order shall confer any rights on any party regarding a Lien Challenge that such party would not have had absent entry of this Order.

23. *Exculpation.* The Court finds that the Trustee (as Trustee for the Bonds or in its individual capacity) and the Supporting Holders (as of the date of entry of this Order), and each of their respective legal counsel and/or financial or other advisors (the “**Exculpated Parties**”) have used the same degree of care and skill in the exercise of their respective rights and powers a prudent person would exercise and use under the circumstances, and there is no bona fide basis for any claims or actions against the Exculpated Parties. None of the Exculpated Parties shall have any liability for any claims, demands, suits, actions or causes of action in any way related to the Stay

Motion, the Settlement Motion, the Dismissal Motion, the RSA (including actions taken to facilitate alternative identifying CUSIPs), the Tolling Agreement, or providing any direction in furtherance of the RSA or the Tolling Agreement; and any present or future holder or insurer or trustee of Bonds (and each of their respective successors and assigns) shall be forever barred, estopped and permanently enjoined from asserting, prosecuting or otherwise pursuing claims against the Exculpated Parties in any way related to the Stay Motion, Settlement Motion, the Dismissal Motion, the RSA, or the Tolling Agreement; provided, however, that nothing in this Order shall relieve any party from its respective obligations under the RSA or this Order. For the avoidance of doubt, the exculpation for the Exculpated Parties is limited to actions for joining the Settlement Motion, the Dismissal Motion, and the Stay Motion, directing the Trustee and entering into the RSA and the Tolling Agreement. The terms of this paragraph 23 shall survive any termination of the RSA or this Order.

24. *Bondholder Liability.* No Supporting Holder shall have any liability to any other Bondholder arising from or related to: (i) any extensions of the deadlines set forth herein or in the RSA pursuant to the terms of the RSA; (ii) the termination of the RSA pursuant to its terms, whether or not such termination is as to all Supporting Holders; (iii) any waivers, modifications, amendments, or supplements of or to the RSA; or (iv) the exercise of, or failure to exercise, any other consent, termination, or right pursuant to the RSA or this Order. The terms of this paragraph 24 shall survive any termination of the RSA or this Order.

25. *Payments to Bondholders Personally; Transfer of Bonds.*

(a) Subject to Paragraph 13 of this Order, all payments made, and all administrative expenses allowed, in accordance with the terms of this Order and the RSA are made personally to each Supporting Holder on account and in consideration of

execution and joinder of the RSA, and are not payments (or administrative expenses) on or with respect to a Bond. Any payment (or administrative expense) on or with respect to a Bond shall be made by further order of this Court or pursuant to a Plan.

(b) No payments made (or administrative expense allowed) under the RSA or this Order in respect of a Bond held by a Supporting Holder as of the date of entry of this Order shall be made or transferred to a future holder of such Bond unless the holder of such Bond signs or has timely signed a joinder to the RSA entitling it to assert the rights provided by the RSA or this Order in its personal capacity.

TERMINATION OF THE RSA AND OF THIS ORDER

26. *Securitization Termination.* A Government Party may terminate the relevant portions of the RSA by delivering notice of a Securitization Termination on the grounds and as otherwise set forth in the RSA. The effect of a Securitization Termination shall be as set forth in the RSA and this Order, provided however, that the Government Parties' obligation to provide the Stipulated Treatment and the Supporting Holders voting obligations, entitlement to the Allowed Claim, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, Adequate Protection Payments, and Administrative Claims and the litigation stay provisions of the RSA shall survive such Securitization Termination on the terms set forth in the RSA.

27. *Termination.* A Party may terminate the RSA in accordance with its terms by delivering notice as required by the RSA. Upon the occurrence and declaration by any Government Party of a Stipulated Treatment Termination in accordance with the terms of the RSA, the rights and obligations in the RSA shall become void and of no further force or effect as to all Parties and each Party shall, except as otherwise expressly provided in the RSA or this Order, be immediately released from its respective liabilities, obligations, commitments, undertakings, and agreements under or related to the RSA or this Order, have no further rights, benefits, or privileges hereunder,

and have all the rights and remedies that it would have had, and be entitled to take all actions, whether with respect to the Restructuring, the settlements contained in this Order, or otherwise, that it would have been entitled to take had it not entered into the RSA and had this Order never been issued, and no such rights or remedies shall be deemed waived; provided that the provisions of Paragraphs 13 and 20 of this Order and the provisions of the RSA set forth in Section 17 of the RSA and any other provision of this Order that, by its terms, specifically survives after termination, shall survive any termination of the RSA or this Order; and provided further, that a Stipulated Treatment Termination shall not void any prior tolling pursuant to the Tolling Agreement or this Order. Upon the occurrence and declaration by PREPA or AAFAF of a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA, then, except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the RSA shall become void and of no further force and effect as to PREPA and/or AAFAF, and the remaining Parties to the RSA shall have no obligations to PREPA and/or AAFAF, provided the provisions set forth in Section 17 of the RSA shall survive as to PREPA and/or AAFAF.

28. *Mutual Termination and Withdrawal Rights.* The Parties shall be entitled to withdraw from or mutually agree to terminate the RSA as set forth in the RSA with the consequences set forth in the RSA.

SUPPORTING HOLDERS OBLIGATIONS

29. *Obligation to Vote for the Plan.* Subject to the terms and conditions in the RSA, and after receipt of and Court approval of the Disclosure Statement, each Supporting Holder shall, vote or cause to be voted its Claims with respect to Bonds (and, in relation to Assured, Claims with respect to the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps) beneficially owned or controlled (including pursuant to a Bond Insurance Agreement) by it for voting purposes, whenever acquired, to accept a Plan that is consistent with the RSA by delivering its duly executed and completed ballots accepting the Plan on a timely basis and not object to such Plan other than through a

Permitted Objection; provided that such vote is subject to revocation on the terms set forth in the RSA.

30. *Agreement to Vote for Stipulated Treatment.* If a Supporting Holder is entitled to the Stipulated Treatment and such Stipulated Treatment is offered in any Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring of the Bonds after a Securitization Termination, then, subject to the receipt by such Supporting Holder of appropriate disclosure documents, such Supporting Holder shall vote or cause to be voted, or provide consent on behalf of, its Bonds or Claims with respect to Bonds (and, in relation to Assured, Claims with respect to the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps) beneficially owned or controlled (including pursuant to a Bond Insurance Agreement) by it for voting purposes to accept or consent to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring by delivering its duly executed and completed ballots or consents to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring on a timely basis and not object to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring other than through a Permitted Objection; provided that such vote is subject to revocation on the terms set forth in the RSA.

PARTIES' ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS

31. *Government Parties' Obligations.* In addition to the obligations set forth herein, each Government Party shall take the actions required of it under the RSA and refrain from taking actions prohibited by the RSA.

32. *Supporting Holders Obligations.* In addition to the obligations set forth herein, each Supporting Holder shall take the actions required of it under the RSA and refrain from taking actions prohibited by the RSA.

33. *Assured Insured Bonds.* Assured shall have all the rights and obligations related to any Assured Insured Bonds and the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps, including, without

limitation, the exclusive right to vote such Assured Insured Bonds and Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps on account of any Plan, other than as expressly set forth herein or in the RSA. The Uninsured Supporting Holders shall not have any obligations with respect to Assured Insured Bonds held by any of them other than the obligations under the RSA or this Order, including the obligations concerning Bondholder Litigation and Bondholder Breach. Solely if there is a court order providing that Uninsured Supporting Holders are entitled to vote such Assured Insured Bonds and that such vote shall not adversely affect their rights under the Bond Insurance Agreements, Uninsured Supporting Holders shall be obligated to vote any Assured Insured Bonds held by them as of any voting record date in accordance with the RSA. Nothing in the RSA or this Order shall prejudice the rights of beneficial holders (including any Uninsured Supporting Holders) of any Assured Insured Bonds against Assured.

34. *Other Insured Bonds.* The Bonds insured by any other monoline insurer shall not be entitled to any rights or distributions under the RSA or this Order. The Uninsured Supporting Holders shall be subject to the obligations concerning Bondholder Litigation and Bondholder Breach, and each Uninsured Supporting Holder shall be obligated to vote any Other Insured Bonds held by such Uninsured Supporting Holders as of the record date in accordance with the RSA, but shall not have any other obligations with respect to Other Insured Bonds under the RSA or this Order except as expressly provided in the RSA or this Order. Nothing in the RSA or this Order shall prejudice the rights of the beneficial holders of any Insured Bonds (including Uninsured Supporting Holders) against such other monoline insurers.

MISCELLANEOUS

35. *Enforceability.* The rights and obligations of the Parties prior to consummation of a plan of adjustment under the RSA and this Order shall be binding and enforceable against the

Parties, and, to the extent necessary, the FOMB consents for purposes of section 305 of PROMESA to such enforcement of the RSA and this Order by this Court.

36. *Preservation of Rights.* Except as expressly provided in the RSA or this Order, the Parties expressly reserve all rights, contractual or otherwise, under Title III or any other provision of PROMESA or any other law or regulation. Upon an Individual Termination (as to an individual Supporting Holder), a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to each Party), or a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA (as to AAFAF or PREPA), subject to Section 9(c) of the RSA, (i) no such Party shall be precluded, by virtue of having been a Party to the RSA or otherwise having engaged in negotiations regarding the Restructuring, the settlements set forth in the RSA or other matters related to the RSA, from exercising any and all rights, whether contractual or otherwise, in connection with any proceeding under Title III or under any other provision of PROMESA or any other law or regulation, (ii) no provision of the RSA, this Order or any other document related to the RSA, the Restructuring or the settlements set forth in the RSA or this Order or statements made during the negotiations thereof, shall be used against any such Party in any proceeding under Title III or any other provision of PROMESA or otherwise, provided that a termination as to AAFAF and PREPA pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) of the RSA shall have no effect on any remaining Parties' rights with respect to any other remaining Party under the RSA or this Order, and ability to enforce such rights, and (iii) each such Party shall be restored to its original position, except as specifically set forth in this Order or in the RSA. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing in this Paragraph and for the avoidance of doubt, except as otherwise provided in this Order or the RSA, no Party shall be precluded from asserting any right, and each Party shall preserve each of its rights and shall not be impeded by this Order or the RSA from bringing before any applicable court any available averment, defenses or priority allegation, or

from challenging or contesting any such rights, whether under such law or otherwise, on any grounds.

37. *No Money Damages.* Without limiting the ability of a Party to sue for payment of money owed under the RSA or this Order, no person or entity shall otherwise be entitled to monetary damages for any breach of the RSA or the Order. Specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief to the extent appropriate and allowed by applicable law and the right to terminate the RSA in accordance with its terms shall otherwise be the sole and exclusive remedies for any breach of the RSA or this Order by any Party.

38. *Limited Scope of Order.* For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of this Order shall not inure to the benefit of current or future beneficial holders of Bonds that are not, do not become, or cease to remain, Supporting Holders.

39. *Immediate Binding Effect; Entry of Order.* This Order shall be valid and fully effective upon entry, notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h) or any other rule or law that might otherwise stay this Order's effectiveness.

40. *Retention of Jurisdiction.* The Parties submit to this Court's personal and subject matter jurisdiction as provided in the RSA. The Court retains continuing jurisdiction to hear and determine any and all matters or issues arising from or related to this Order or the RSA.

Dated: _____, 2019

Honorable Laura Taylor Swain
United States District Judge

Schedule 1

Restructuring Support Agreement

DEFINITIVE RESTRUCTURING SUPPORT AGREEMENT

This Definitive Restructuring Support Agreement (together with the annexes, exhibits and schedules attached hereto, as each may be amended, restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof, this “**Agreement**” or the “**Definitive RSA**”), dated as of May 3, 2019, is entered into by and among: (i) the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (“**PREPA**”), (ii) the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory Authority (“**AAFAF**”), (iii) the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (“**FOMB**”), (iv) the members of the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders identified on Annex A hereto, as such members may change from time to time in accordance with Section 6(c)(vii) (collectively, the “**Ad Hoc Group Members**” or the “**Ad Hoc Group**,” and each individually, an “**Ad Hoc Group Member**”), (v) any other persons who beneficially own or control Uninsured Bonds and are party to this Agreement or execute and deliver a Joinder Agreement in the form of Exhibit A hereto (such persons, together with the Ad Hoc Group Members, the “**Uninsured Supporting Holders**”) and (vi) Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (collectively, “**Assured**” and together with the Uninsured Supporting Holders, the “**Supporting Holders**”). This Agreement collectively refers to FOMB, AAFAF, PREPA, and the Supporting Holders as the “**Parties**” and each individually as a “**Party**.”

WHEREAS, PREPA is the issuer of power revenue bonds and power revenue refunding bonds (together, the “**Bonds**,” and persons who beneficially own or control Bonds, “**Bondholders**”) issued and outstanding pursuant to that certain Trust Agreement, dated as of January 1, 1974, as amended and supplemented (the “**Trust Agreement**”), between PREPA and U.S. Bank National Association (in its capacity as successor trustee, the “**Trustee**”).

WHEREAS, in connection with the issuance of certain of the Bonds (such Bonds, the “**Insured Bonds**”), PREPA entered into various insurance agreements with the Trustee corresponding to insurance policies issued by certain monoline insurers (such monoline insurers, the “**Insurers**”, such insurance policies to which any of such Insurers is currently a party, and the insurance agreements related thereto, collectively, the “**Bond Insurance Agreements**” and, together with the Trust Agreement, the Bonds, the resolutions approving the Bonds, and any other agreements, supplements, amendments, or other documents executed, adopted, or delivered in connection with the issuance or maintenance of the Bonds, the “**Bond Documents**”). Any Bonds that are not Insured Bonds are referred to herein as “**Uninsured Bonds**.”

WHEREAS, the total principal amount of Uninsured Bonds that are beneficially owned by each member of the Ad Hoc Group and each other Supporting Holder as of the date hereof is set forth on their respective signature pages hereto.

WHEREAS, as of the date hereof, the total principal amount of Bonds that are beneficially owned or that are insured by Assured under the Bond Insurance Agreements is [REDACTED].

WHEREAS, on June 30, 2016, the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act was signed into law by the President of the United States (P.L. 114-187, “**PROMESA**”).

WHEREAS, PROMESA created FOMB with certain powers over the finances and

restructuring process with respect to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities as provided for in PROMESA, and FOMB has designated PREPA as a Covered Territorial Instrumentality (as defined in PROMESA).

WHEREAS, pursuant to Act 2-2017, AAFAF was granted authority over reaching agreements with creditors on any debt issued by any government entity of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

WHEREAS, on July 2, 2017, FOMB filed a Title III petition on behalf of PREPA (together with related adversary proceedings, the “**Title III Case**”) in the Title III Court.

WHEREAS, FOMB is the representative of PREPA in the Title III Case pursuant to PROMESA section 315(b) with the sole authority to file and seek confirmation of a Plan for PREPA.

WHEREAS, the Parties have engaged in good faith, arms-length negotiations regarding the principal terms of a proposed restructuring of the Bonds subject to this Agreement to be implemented in a manner to be mutually agreed upon and as set forth in this Agreement.

WHEREAS, FOMB and AAFAF consent to PREPA’s entering into this Agreement and to PREPA exercising its rights under this Agreement (including its rights to terminate this Agreement and/or its right to consent to any waiver or amendment in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement).

WHEREAS, on July 30, 2018, certain of the Parties entered into the Preliminary RSA (as defined below), with the intent of entering into this Agreement that shall replace, supersede and terminate any of the obligations and covenants in the Preliminary RSA.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to express to each other their mutual support and commitment with respect to the Restructuring, including matters discussed in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

Section 1 Certain Definitions & Rules of Interpretation.

(a) Definitions. Each undefined capitalized term shall have the meaning given to it in the Bankruptcy Code as incorporated into PROMESA if defined therein. As used in this Definitive RSA, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (i) “**9019 Order**” means an order approving the 9019 Settlement.
- (ii) “**9019 Settlement**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(b).
- (iii) “**AAFAF**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(iv) “**Acceleration Price**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(v) “**Act 4-2016**” means the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Revitalization Act 4-2016, as amended through the date hereof.

(vi) “**Adequate Protection Payments**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(e)(vii).

(vii) “**Ad Hoc Group**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(viii) “**Ad Hoc Group Member(s)**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(ix) “**Ad Hoc Group Waiver and Support Fee**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 4(a).

(x) “**Additional Definitive Documents**” or “**Additional Definitive Documentation**” means all documents, including agreements, resolutions, instruments, legislation, rules, regulations, opinions, and orders, (other than Definitive Documents) that are necessary or desirable to implement, or otherwise relate to, this Definitive RSA or the Restructuring, including any Plan (including any supplements thereto), qualifying modification, restructuring, or exchange documents, any disclosure statement (including the Disclosure Statement), any order approving such disclosure statement (including the Disclosure Statement Order) and any information materials required pursuant to PROMESA, the Confirmation Order, filings with PREB concerning the Transition Charge, the PREB Order, and shall include any attachments, exhibits, schedules, or other addendums to such documents, and any documents ancillary to such documents.

(xi) “**Administrative Claim**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(d)(iii).

(xii) “**Administrative Claim Commencement**” means (a) May 1, 2019 for (x) Assured Insured Bonds, (y) Uninsured Bonds that are subject to this Definitive RSA within twenty-one (21) days from the date of this Agreement and (z) for purposes of Administrative Claims accruing on Waiver and Support Fees, (b) the date of entry of the 9019 Order for Uninsured Bonds that become subject to the Definitive RSA between the date that is twenty-one (21) days from the date of this Agreement and the date of entry of the 9019 Order, (c) September 1, 2019 for Uninsured Bonds made subject to this Definitive RSA after the date of entry of the 9019 Order and prior to September 1, 2019, and (d) the first day of the month after the end of any Joinder Period for Uninsured Bonds made subject to this Definitive RSA during such Joinder Period; provided that if the Settlement Motion is denied or reversed on appeal and a Stipulated Treatment Termination results, no Administrative Claim shall have accrued.

(xiii) “**Agreement**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(xiv) “**Allowed Claim**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(c)(i).

(xv) “**Applicable Bond Claim**” means, in respect of any Bond, the principal amount of such Bond plus interest accrual at the contract rate through May 1, 2019.

(xvi) “**Assured**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(xvii) “**Assured Acceleration Price Payment Option**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(xviii) “**Assured Bondholder Elections**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(xix) “**Assured Election**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(xx) “**Assured Insurance Policies**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(xxi) “**Assured Insured Bonds**” means the Bonds insured by Assured other than Bonds insured by Assured on a secondary basis (the “**Assured/Syncora Secondary Bonds**”) that are primarily insured by Syncora Guarantee Inc. (“**Syncora**”).¹

(xxii) “**Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps**” means (i) that certain International Swap and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, including its related Schedule and Credit Support Annex, each dated as of April 18, 2007, by and between PREPA and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and a transaction entered into pursuant to such documents and reflected in that certain confirmation dated April 27, 2007, insured by Assured pursuant to that certain Financial Guaranty Insurance Policy, #218491A-SWP, issued on May 3, 2007, and secured by PREPA’s “Subordinate Obligations Fund” established and governed by the Trust Agreement; and (ii) that certain International Swap and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, including its related Schedule and Credit Support Annex, each dated as of April 18, 2007, by and between PREPA and UBS AG, and a transaction entered into pursuant to such documents and reflected in that certain confirmation dated as of April 18, 2007 and insured by Assured pursuant to that certain Financial Guaranty Insurance Policy, No. 208491B-SWP, dated as of May

¹ With respect to the Assured/Syncora Secondary Bonds, the Government Parties agree to work collaboratively with Assured on a treatment consistent with the Assured Treatment for such Assured/Syncora Secondary Bonds prior to the Disclosure Statement filing date.

3, 2007, and secured by PREPA's "Subordinate Obligations Fund" established and governed by the Trust Agreement.

(xxiii) "**Assured Securitization Bonds**" means Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of Assured Insured Bonds, Securitization Bonds allocable to Assured as a beneficial owner of Uninsured Bonds identified on Assured's signature page hereto, or Securitization Bonds that Assured is otherwise entitled to receive, in each case in accordance with the terms of this Definitive RSA.

(xxiv) "**Assured Treatment**" means the treatments set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet with respect to Assured on the account of the Assured Insured Bonds, the Uninsured Bonds identified on Assured's signature page hereto that are beneficially owned by Assured and the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps.

(xxv) "**Bankruptcy Code**" means title 11 of the United States Code, as amended, §101, *et seq.*

(xxvi) "**Bankruptcy Rule(s)**" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

(xxvii) "**Bond(s)**" has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(xxviii) "**Bond Claim**" means the Claim(s) in respect of any Bond.

(xxix) "**Bond Counsel**" means U.S. nationally recognized bond counsel retained by SPV.

(xxx) "**Bond Documents**" has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(xxxi) "**Bond Insurance Agreements**" has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(xxxii) "**Bond Qualified Transferee**" has the meaning given to such term in Section 6(c)(i).

(xxxiii) "**Bondholder(s)**" has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(xxxiv) "**Bondholder Breach**" shall mean, whether prior to or after a Securitization Termination (a) any Supporting Holder commences or joins a Bondholder Litigation; (b) a Supporting Holder takes any action that has a material adverse effect on any Transformation Transaction; or (c) a breach by a Supporting Holder of any of the Bondholder Breach Covenants, or any of the representations set forth in Section 11 are untrue as to such Supporting Holder in any material respect, which in the case of each of clauses (a)-(c), remains uncured for a period

of twenty (20) business days after the receipt by such Supporting Holder of notice in accordance with Section 27 of such breach from any Government Party.

(xxxv) “**Bondholder Breach Covenants**” means the covenants of the Supporting Holders set forth in Sections 2(a), 2(f)(ii), 3(a), 3(b), 3(c), 3(l), 3(n), 5(a), 5(b), 6(a)(i), 6(b), 6(c)(i) (subject to the provisions of Section 6(c)(ii)), and 6(d) of this Agreement.

(xxxvi) “**Bondholder Litigation**” means (A) any litigation, action, or claim (including, without limitation, the Monoline Motion) by the Trustee, a Bondholder or insurer of Bonds involving or directly relating to PREPA or the Transformation Transaction, including appeals related thereto, in any court of competent jurisdiction including, but not limited to, the Title III Court, (a) seeking relief from the automatic stay for any purpose, including to allow Bondholders to seek appointment of a receiver or to exercise any rights or remedies under the Trust Agreement or the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Act (Act 83-1941), as amended (including actions as a Bondholder on account of the Bonds and including seeking adequate protection (other than the Adequate Protection Payments if required under this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order)), or under any other law, rule, or regulation relating to PREPA, the Transformation Transaction or the Bonds, (b) pursuing such rights or remedies with or without such stay relief, (c) seeking adequate protection (other than the Adequate Protection Payments if required under this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order) or other payments under the Trust Agreement (including under section 922(d) of the Bankruptcy Code (if applicable)), or (d) directing the Trustee to do any of the foregoing, and (B) the Supporting Holders providing legal or financial advice or assistance to any other party pursuing any Bondholder Litigation. “Bondholder Litigation” shall not include actions taken by Supporting Holders in capacities other than their capacities as Bondholders or insurers of Bonds, and shall also not include participation in any litigation related to the Appointments Clause; provided that no Supporting Holder shall oppose the Settlement Motion in any capacity, and doing so shall constitute Bondholder Litigation.

(xxxvii) “**Chosen Court**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 15.

(xxxviii) “**Claim**” has the meaning given to such term in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(xxxix) “**Confirmation Order**” means a court order pursuant to Title III of PROMESA approving the Plan as satisfying the requirements of Title III of PROMESA, any proposed version of which shall implement the Definitive RSA and provide necessary findings and legal conclusions to support the Transformation Transaction.

(xl) “**CUSIP**” means a Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures number.

(xli) “**Demand Protections**” means the protections set forth on Schedule I-A to the Securitization Term Sheet.

(xlii) “**Definitive Documents**” or “**Definitive Documentation**” means the Settlement Motion, the 9019 Order, the Tolling Agreement, the Securitization Documents, IRS Private Letter Ruling Request (if any), IRS Private Letter Ruling (if any), Amended Act (as defined in the Securitization Term Sheet), and any agreements, instruments, schedules, resolutions, exhibits, supplements, annexes, appendices, opinions, legislation, rules, regulations, and orders related to the foregoing.

(xliii) “**Delayed Implementation Date**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(e)(i).

(xliv) “**Disclosure Statement**” means the disclosure statement in respect of the Plan, approved by an order of the Title III Court as containing adequate information under section 1125(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and disseminated to creditors of PREPA in connection with the solicitation of votes on the Plan.

(xlv) “**Disclosure Statement Order**” means the order to be entered by the Title III Court authorizing the use of the Disclosure Statement for soliciting votes on the Plan and establishing solicitation procedures.

(xlvi) “**Dismissal Motion**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(a).

(xlvii) “**DSRF**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(xlviii) “**Effective Date**” means the date upon which all the conditions to the effectiveness of the Plan have been satisfied or waived in accordance with its terms, which conditions precedent shall include the provision of the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment, as applicable, subject to the Definitive Documents and the Additional Definitive Documents.

(xlix) “**EMMA**” means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system at www.emma.msrb.org.

(l) “**Exchange Ratio**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(li) “**Financial Indebtedness**” means any Bonds or any funded debt owed to the fuel line lenders.

(lii) “**Fiscal Plan**” means the certified fiscal plan (as defined in PROMESA) for PREPA, as may be amended and certified in accordance with PROMESA.

(liii) **“FOMB”** has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(liv) **“Force Majeure Event”** has the meaning given to such term in Section 8.

(lv) **“Government Parties”** means collectively AAFAF, FOMB, and PREPA, and each of AAFAF, FOMB, and PREPA is referred to individually as a **“Government Party.”**

(lvi) **“Increased Settlement Charge”** has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(e)(i).

(lvii) **“Increased Settlement Payment”** has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(e)(ii).

(lviii) **“Individual Termination”** has the meaning given to such term in Section 9(d)(v).

(lix) **“Insured Bonds”** has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(lx) **“Insurers”** has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(lxi) **“IRS”** means the United States Internal Revenue Service.

(lxii) **“IRS Private Letter Ruling”** means all private letter rulings or closing agreements, if any, that Bond Counsel requires in order to deliver an unqualified opinion that interest on all or a portion of the Securitization Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and exempt from all state and Puerto Rico taxes.

(lxiii) **“IRS Private Letter Ruling Request”** means any documents submitted to the IRS requesting or supporting an IRS Private Letter Ruling and any related material submissions, if any, including any written pre-submission communications.

(lxiv) **“Joinder Agreement”** means a joinder agreement in the form of Exhibit A hereto.

(lxv) **“Joinder Period”** has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(c)(iii).

(lxvi) **“Lien Challenge”** means any action that a Government Party (including, without limitation, as to FOMB, any future or successor to FOMB and any members thereof) may bring to challenge the liens and claims (including the validity, priority, nature or extent of any liens or security interests) related to the Bonds.

(lxvii) “**Market Fixed Rate**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(lxviii) “**Monoline Motion**” means the Motion of National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, Assured Guaranty Corp., Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., and Syncora Guarantee Inc. for Relief from the Automatic Stay to Allow Movants to Enforce their Statutory Right to Have a Receiver Appointed [Case No. 17-04780, Dkt. No. 975].

(lxix) “**Other Insured Bonds**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 6(d)(i).

(lxx) “**Outside Date**” means June 30, 2020.

(lxxi) “**Parties**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(lxxii) “**Permitted Objection**” means an objection by a Supporting Holder to a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring of Bonds subject to this Agreement (i) solely on the grounds that it does not comply with this Agreement or does not provide the Stipulated Treatment, as applicable, (ii) in the case of an Uninsured Supporting Holder that holds Other Insured Bonds, a limited objection to its treatment solely on account of its Insured Bonds with respect to the treatment of the Bond Insurance Agreements, including the terms, conditions, and structure of any custodial trust or escrow arrangement relating to such Bond Insurance Agreements, if such treatment is unreasonable or violates the rights of the beneficial holders of the Other Insured Bonds under the Bond Insurance Agreements and to the extent it would have been able to file such objection if it were not a Supporting Holder or (iii) in the case of an Uninsured Supporting Holder that holds Assured Insured Bonds, a limited objection to its treatment solely on account of its Assured Insured Bonds with respect to the treatment of the Bond Insurance Agreements, including the terms, conditions, and structure of any custodial trust or escrow arrangement relating to such Bond Insurance Agreements, if such treatment violates the rights of the beneficial holders of the Assured Insured Bonds under the Bond Insurance Agreements and to the extent it would have been able to file such objection if it were not a Supporting Holder. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, a Permitted Objection shall not be considered a Bondholder Litigation or a Bondholder Breach.

(lxxiii) “**Permitted Puerto Rico Objection**” means an objection by AAFAF to a Plan proposed by FOMB, including an objection to the treatment or classification of any Claims under the Plan, other than an objection that relates to the classification or treatment of the Bond Claims or Bonds.

(lxxiv) “**PIK Payments**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(lxxv) “**Plan**” means the plan of adjustment (including any supplements thereto) for PREPA pursuant to Title III of PROMESA.

(lxxvi) “**PREB**” means the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau.

(lxxvii) “**PREB Order**” means any order(s) from PREB concerning this Agreement.

(lxxviii) “**Preliminary RSA**” means that certain Preliminary Restructuring Support Agreement (including the exhibits and annex thereto), dated as of July 30, 2018, by and among PREPA, AAFAF, FOMB and the Bondholders who are or were parties to such agreement, as extended from time to time.

(lxxix) “**PREPA**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble

(lxxx) “**PROMESA**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(lxxxi) “**Qualified Marketmaker**” means an entity that (x) holds itself out to the market as standing ready in the ordinary course of its business to purchase from customers and sell to customers debt securities such as the Bonds or enter with customers into long and short positions in debt securities such as the Bonds, in its capacity as a dealer or market maker in such Bonds; (y) is in fact regularly in the business of making a market in debt securities; and (z) if transacting with respect to Bonds, is registered with the SEC and Financial Institutions Regulatory Authority..

(lxxxii) “**Recovery Plan Term Sheet**” means the term sheet attached Exhibit C hereto.

(lxxxiii) “**Required Holders**” means the Required Uninsured Holders and Assured.

(lxxxiv) “**Required Parties**” means at any time (i) each Government Party that is party to this Definitive RSA at such time, (ii) the Required Uninsured Holders, and (iii) Assured.

(lxxxv) “**Required Threshold**” means (A) no later than two (2) business days prior to hearing on the Settlement Motion (i) Uninsured Supporting Holders holding a minimum of 60% in aggregate principal amount of the Uninsured Bonds or (ii) Supporting Holders holding or insuring a minimum of 60% in aggregate principal amount of all Bonds and (B) no later than September 1, 2019 (and continuing thereafter) (i) Uninsured Supporting Holders holding a minimum of 67% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Uninsured Bonds and (ii) Supporting Holders holding or insuring a minimum of 67% in aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Bonds.

(lxxxvi) “**Required Uninsured Holders**” means, as of any date of determination, Ad Hoc Group Members that beneficially own or control at least a majority in principal amount of the aggregate amount of the Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned or controlled by all Ad Hoc Group Members as of such date.

(lxxxvii) “**Restructuring**” means the proposed restructuring of the Bonds subject to this Agreement as provided in this Agreement.

(lxxxviii) “**RSA Execution Date**” means the date on which counterpart signature pages to this Definitive RSA shall have been executed and delivered by PREPA, AAFAF, FOMB, Assured and the members of the Ad Hoc Group.

(lxxxix) “**RSA Marketmaker**” means a Qualified Marketmaker acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker that is party to an RSA Marketmaker Joinder approved by the Required Uninsured Holders and each Government Party.

(xc) “**RSA Marketmaker Joinder**” means a joinder agreement in the form attached as Exhibit B hereto, with such modifications as are acceptable to the Required Uninsured Holders and each Government Party. The Ad Hoc Group and Government Parties agree to work together in good faith to agree on reasonable modifications to such form of joinder agreement to address any concerns that may be raised by a Qualified Marketmaker.

(xci) “**RSA Marketmaker List**” means a list of RSA Marketmakers, an updated version of which shall be available at a dedicated URL and also posted on EMMA. The RSA Marketmaker List shall be promptly updated (A) to add any new RSA Marketmaker that signs an RSA Marketmaker Joinder and (B) to remove any RSA Marketmaker that (x) fails to materially comply with the requirements of the RSA Marketmaker Joinder or (y) is no longer regularly in the business of making a market in Uninsured Bonds subject to this RSA. The dedicated URL for the RSA Marketmakers List shall be posted on EMMA. The initial RSA Marketmaker List shall be delivered to the Supporting Holders party hereto at the time of such delivery and shall include the date on which the RSA Marketmaker Period starts.

(xcii) “**RSA Marketmaker Period**” means the period after the date set forth on the initial RSA Marketmaker List delivered to the Supporting Holders (which shall not be earlier than the 15th day following the RSA Execution Date).

(xciii) “**SEC**” means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

(xciv) “**Securitization Bonds**” or “**Securitization Instruments**” means the Tranche A Bonds and Tranche B Bonds.

(xcv) “**Securitization Bond Treatment**” means the issuance of Securitization Bonds on the terms and conditions set forth in this Definitive RSA. The Securitization Bonds shall be issued on the Effective Date of the Plan and shall not be issued pursuant to a Title VI qualifying modification or similar structure without the consent of the Government Parties and Required Holders.

(xcvi) “**Securitization Documents**” means all documents, resolutions, certificates, and opinions, relating to the Securitization Instruments or Transition Charge, including, without limitation, any resolutions, trust agreements, insurance

or surety documents, servicing agreements, depository agreements, the Securitization Instruments, governing documents of SPV, and any documents entered into or adopted by SPV or PREPA affecting the Securitization Instruments or the holders thereof.

(xcvii) “**Securitization Protections Term Sheet**” means Schedule I-B to the Securitization Term Sheet.

(xcviii) “**Securitization Termination**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 9(b).

(xcix) “**Securitization Term Sheet**” means the Term Sheet attached as Annex A to the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(c) “**Settlement Charge**” means a charge of 1 c/kWh to be implemented by PREPA and included in its customer bills by July 1, 2019.

(ci) “**Settlement Motion**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(a).

(cii) “**Settlement Payments**” means commencing August 30, 2019 and continuing through the earliest of (A) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) as to PREPA or AAFAF, (C) the Effective Date, or (D) dismissal of PREPA’s Title III Case, monthly settlement payments to be made by PREPA equal to (i) the number of kilowatt hours PREPA billed during the previous month, multiplied by (ii) 92% (representing the projected collection percentage and certain statutory exceptions), multiplied by (iii) the Settlement Charge.

(ciii) “**Solicitation**” means the solicitation of votes for the Plan pursuant to, and in compliance with, PROMESA or any applicable nonbankruptcy law, rule, or regulation governing the adequacy of disclosure in connection with such solicitation.

(civ) “**SPV**” or “**Issuer**” means a bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicle (which may be the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Revitalization Corporation, or another entity as agreed by the Required Parties, established by the Government of Puerto Rico, and used for the Restructuring).

(cv) “**Stay Motion**” has the meaning given such term in Section 3(b).

(cvi) “**Stipulated Treatment**” has the meaning given such term in Section 2(c)(ii).

(cvii) “**Stipulated Treatment Termination**” has the meaning given such term in Section 9(c)(i).

(cviii) “**Super Majority Holders**” means the Super Majority Uninsured Holders and Assured.

(cix) “**Super Majority Uninsured Holders**” means, as of the date of determination, Ad Hoc Group Members that beneficially own or control at least two-thirds in principal amount of the aggregate amount of the Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned or controlled by all the Ad Hoc Group Members as of such date.

(cx) “**Supporting Holder(s)**” has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

(cxi) “**Surviving Administrative Claim**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(c)(iv).

(cxii) “**Swap MTM Amount**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxiii) “**TC Cap**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxiv) “**Title III Case**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(cxv) “**Title III Court**” means the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico in its capacity as the court presiding over the Title III Case.

(cxvi) “**Tolling Agreement**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(c).

(cxvii) “**Tracking Mechanics Term Sheet**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 2(f)(i).

(cxviii) “**Tranche A Bonds**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxix) “**Tranche B Bonds**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxx) “**Transfer**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 6(c)(i).

(cxxi) “**Transformation Transaction**” means any and all transactions supported by the Government Parties whereby PREPA or the Government of Puerto Rico establishes one or more sales, leases, public-private partnerships, management contracts, concessions, or similar arrangements or transactions related to any of PREPA’s functions, assets, services, or facilities, including without limitation, any “PREPA Transaction” as defined in the *Puerto Rico Electric Power System Transformation Act*, Act 120-2018 (approved June 21, 2018).

(cxxii) “**Transition Charge**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxxiii) “**Transition Charge Termination**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.

(cxxiv) “**Triggering Event**” means (i) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (ii) the continuation of the Monoline Motion or commencement of any other Bondholder Litigation, provided, however, that if any Bondholder Litigation is commenced by any party, the Parties shall work in good faith to have such Bondholder Litigation dismissed, stayed, or withdrawn and a Triggering Event shall not occur as a result of such Bondholder Litigation until three (3) business days after any Government Party provides notice in accordance with Section 27 to the Required Holders and the Trustee that it has determined in good faith in its sole discretion that commencing a Lien Challenge is necessary to protect the rights of any Government Party, or (iii) when the Government Parties determine in good faith that pursuit of a Lien Challenge is necessary as part of the plan formulation process (*e.g.*, in response to an actual or anticipated disclosure statement or plan objection) to provide the Supporting Holders the Securitization Bond Treatment or to provide the Stipulated Treatment after a Securitization Termination.

(cxxv) “**Trust Agreement**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(cxxvi) “**Trustee**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(cxxvii) “**Uninsured Bond(s)**” has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.

(cxxviii) “**Uninsured Supporting Holders**” has the meaning give to such term in the Preamble.

(cxxix) “**Waiver and Support Fees**” means the fees set forth in Sections 4(a)-(c).

(cxxx) “**Withdrawal Event**” has the meaning given to such term in Section 9(a).

(b) Rules of Interpretation.

(i) Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing contained herein shall be construed to alter, waive or otherwise affect the respective powers, rights, or responsibilities of FOMB, AAFAF, or PREPA, whether such powers, rights, or responsibilities arise under PROMESA or other applicable law.

(ii) Each Supporting Holder is a party hereto solely in its capacity as the beneficial owner or insurer of Bonds issued by PREPA; provided that no Supporting Holder shall oppose the Settlement Motion in any capacity.

(iii) When a reference is made in this Definitive RSA to a Section, Exhibit, or Schedule, such reference shall be to a Section, Exhibit, or Schedule, respectively, of or attached to this Definitive RSA unless otherwise indicated. Each of the exhibits, annexes and schedules to this Definitive RSA is expressly incorporated herein and made a part of this Definitive RSA, and all references to this Agreement or this Definitive RSA (including by use of words such as “herein”) shall include such exhibits, annexes and schedules. Unless the context of this Definitive RSA otherwise requires, (a) words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number, respectively, (b) the terms “hereof,” “herein,” “hereby” and derivative or similar words refer to this Definitive RSA, (c) the words “include,” “includes” and “including” when used herein shall be deemed in each case to be followed by the words “without limitation,” (d) the word “or” shall not be exclusive and shall be read to mean “and/or,” (e) the word “person” shall be understood to refer to any individual, corporation, limited liability company, estate, partnership, joint venture, association, joint stock company, trust (including any beneficiary thereof), unincorporated organization, or government, or agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof, (f) “business day” shall refer to any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or any other day on which banks located in New York, New York or San Juan, Puerto Rico are closed for business as a result of a federal, state, or local holiday, and (g) “writing,” “written,” and comparable terms refer to printing, typing, and other means of reproducing words (including electronic media) in a visible form, and any requirement that any notice, consent, or other information shall be provided in “writing” shall include email.

(iv) All Definitive Documents must be consistent with this Agreement and (other than in the case of the IRS Private Letter Ruling Request, which is subject to the consultation rights set forth in Section 7(b)(ii)) in form and substance mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties. If a Definitive Document must be entered by the Title III Court, enacted into law, or issued by the IRS, the as-entered, as-enacted, as-confirmed, or as-issued version of such Definitive Document must be consistent with this Agreement, and in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Required Parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, after a Securitization Termination, the form and substance of the Definitive Documents shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to the Required Uninsured Holders and Assured if such Definitive Documents provide the Stipulated Treatment and other required payments and otherwise comply with the surviving requirements of this Definitive RSA. Any reference in this Agreement to a Definitive Document means a Definitive Document that meets the standards in this Section 1(b)(iv).

(v) The Additional Definitive Documents or Additional Definitive Documentation must be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to each of the Government Parties and, if an Additional Definitive Document must be entered by the Title III Court, enacted into law, or issued by the IRS or PREB, the as-entered, as-enacted, as-confirmed, or as-issued version must be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to each of the Government Parties; provided that if the Additional Definitive Documents are not reasonably acceptable to AAFAF or PREPA and FOMB proceeds without such consent, nothing herein shall prevent

AAFAF from filing a Permitted Puerto Rico Objection. In addition, any portion of an Additional Definitive Document that materially relates to the treatment of the Bond Claims of Supporting Holders (including any portion relating to the Securitization Bonds, the Transition Charge or the Demand Protections) shall be consistent with this Agreement and in form and substance mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties, and nothing else in the Additional Definitive Documentation shall be materially inconsistent with this Agreement. If an Additional Definitive Document must be entered by the Title III Court, enacted into law, or issued by the IRS or PREB, then any portion of such Additional Definitive Document that relates to the treatment of the Bond Claims of Supporting Holders (including any portion relating to the Securitization Bonds, the Transition Charge or the Demand Protections) contained in the as-entered, as-enacted, as-confirmed, or as-issued version of such Additional Definitive Document must be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Required Parties, and nothing else in such Additional Definitive Document shall be materially inconsistent with this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, after a Securitization Termination, the form and substance of any portion of the Additional Definitive Documents that directly relates to the treatment of the Bond Claims of Supporting Holders shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to the Required Uninsured Holders and Assured if such portions of the Additional Definitive Document provide the Stipulated Treatment and other required payments and otherwise comply with the surviving requirements of this Definitive RSA. Any reference in this Agreement to an Additional Definitive Document (including provisions requiring such documents to be mutually agreed upon by, or acceptable to, the Required Parties) means an Additional Definitive Document that meets the standards in this Section 1(b)(v).

(vi) FOMB is a party hereto solely in its capacity as the representative of PREPA under PROMESA section 315(b), and AAFAF is a party hereto solely in its capacity as a representative of PREPA pursuant to Act 2-2017; provided that, without limiting the above, PREPA is entitled to exercise its rights under this Agreement (including its rights to terminate this Agreement and/or its right to consent to any waiver or amendment in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement) and provided further, that for purposes of determining whether a termination pursuant to Section 9 has occurred, (i) all actions of FOMB shall be treated only as actions of FOMB, and (ii) all actions of AAFAF shall be treated only as actions of AAFAF.

Section 2 9019 Settlement.

(a) FOMB shall file a motion (the “**Settlement Motion**”) together with a draft 9019 Order with the Title III Court seeking approval of this Definitive RSA and 9019 Settlement within ten (10) business days after the execution of this Definitive RSA by the Government Parties, the Ad Hoc Group Members and Assured. Within five (5) business days of the filing of the Settlement Motion, the Ad Hoc Group and Assured shall direct the Trustee, pursuant to the Trust Agreement, to join the Settlement Motion. By signing the RSA after the RSA Execution Date, a Supporting Holder shall be deemed to have joined in such direction. None of the Supporting Holders or the Government Parties shall be required by this Definitive RSA to provide any

indemnity to the Trustee and any relief requested under the Settlement Motion shall be contingent on the entry of the 9019 Order that includes a full exculpation of the Trustee and the directing Supporting Holders for any liability for joining the Settlement Motion and entering into the Tolling Agreement or providing direction in respect of the same. Concurrently with the filing of the Settlement Motion, the FOMB shall file a motion (the “**Dismissal Motion**”) and form of order seeking dismissal of the Monoline Motion, which Dismissal Motion and form of order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Required Parties.

(b) Once approved by the Title III Court, the 9019 Order shall constitute (A) a settlement of (i) the Bondholder Litigation including, without limitation, the Monoline Motion (which shall be settled as to the Supporting Holders and dismissed without prejudice to the renewal of any motion similar to the Monoline Motion by the Supporting Holders in the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination or an Individual Termination as to Assured only (unless the Individual Termination is rescinded by the Government Parties as if such termination never occurred) and, in the event of such renewal, without prejudice to the Government Parties’ right to defend such motion) by all Supporting Holders, (ii) the Supporting Holders’ ability to exercise or assert any rights or remedies under the Trust Agreement or other applicable law (including seeking to lift the stay or to accomplish any of the foregoing) or to direct the Trustee or provide legal or financial advice or assistance to support any other parties in connection with any of the foregoing, and (iii) the Supporting Holders’ asserted right to receive any current payment or adequate protection payments on the Bonds (other than, in the case of Insured Bonds, payment from the Insurers under the Bond Insurance Agreements); (B) a tolling (including, without limitation, as to FOMB, any future or successor to FOMB and any members thereof) of all unexpired statutes of limitations for any causes of action related to the Bonds, including any Lien Challenge and any potential Bondholder Litigation, until forty-five (45) days after a Stipulated Treatment Termination; and (C) approval and authorization of (x) the Settlement Charge, the Settlement Payments, the Increased Settlement Charge, the Increased Settlement Payments, the Waiver and Support Fees, the Adequate Protection Payments, and the incurrence of the Administrative Claims, and (y) the right of the Supporting Holders to receive the Stipulated Treatment (collectively, the “**9019 Settlement**”). The 9019 Settlement shall terminate as to all Supporting Holders upon a Stipulated Treatment Termination and as to applicable individual Supporting Holder upon an Individual Termination.

(c) Allowed Claim and Stipulated Treatment.

(i) The 9019 Order shall provide that, if a Securitization Termination has occurred, then, except as otherwise set forth in this Definitive RSA in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such terminated Supporting Holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), each of the Supporting Holders shall be deemed to have an allowed secured claim in a face amount equal to (i) 73.25 % of the Applicable Bond Claim of the outstanding Bonds held or insured by such Supporting Holder, plus (ii) such Supporting Holder’s allocated share (if any) of the Waiver and Support Fees inclusive of interest accrual at the contract rate through Administrative Claim Commencement, plus (iii) in the case of Assured, to the extent that Assured’s Stipulated Treatment is required to be adjusted as described in Section 2(c)(ii) to compensate Assured for the loss of the

value of any portion of the Assured Treatment, the amount of such loss of value (the “**Allowed Claim**”).

(ii) The 9019 Order shall provide that, if a Securitization Termination occurs, then, except as set forth below in the event of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), and solely for purposes of settlement and without prejudice to the rights of the Parties in any other context, (i) the Supporting Holders’ Allowed Claim shall be treated as if it were an allowed secured claim against the Net Revenues (as defined in the Trust Agreement) of PREPA in any subsequent Plan that is confirmed after a Securitization Termination, secured by collateral worth at least the amount of the Allowed Claim as of the Effective Date of such Plan, (ii) the foregoing shall be included in any Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or other restructuring of Bonds subject to this Agreement, and (iii) in the case of Assured, Assured shall be provided the opportunity to wrap debt securities being issued on account of the Assured Insured Bonds, to provide a DSRF surety for such debt securities and receive the related premiums to the same extent as set forth in the Assured Treatment below; provided that if Assured is not offered the opportunity to provide such wrap, to provide such DSRF surety and receive such premiums, then Assured’s Stipulated Treatment shall be adjusted to compensate Assured for the loss of that value; and, provided further, that if Assured is offered the opportunity to provide such wrap, to provide such DSRF surety and receive such premiums, and it declines to do so, Assured’s stipulated treatment shall not be adjusted to include such value (collectively, the “**Stipulated Treatment**”).

(iii) If at any time after September 1, 2019, the Supporting Holders who have not committed a Bondholder Breach hold or insure less than the applicable Required Threshold, then upon notice in accordance with Section 27 from any of the Required Holders or any of the Government Parties, the remaining Supporting Holders shall have 60 days to obtain signatures to this Definitive RSA from additional Bondholders or acquire additional Uninsured Bonds such that the Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA equal or exceed the Required Threshold (each such 60 day period, a “**Joinder Period**”) and the Government Parties shall cooperate with the Supporting Holders in connection therewith including posting appropriate notices on EMMA; provided, however, that any such Joinder Period shall terminate no later than ten (10) days prior to the date of the hearing on the Disclosure Statement. Any Uninsured Bond that becomes subject to this Definitive RSA during a Joinder Period shall begin receiving its first pro rata share of any Settlement Payments and accruing Administrative Claims as of the applicable Administrative Claim Commencement. Bonds that have a particular Administrative Claim Commencement shall be identified by a separate CUSIP in accordance with Section 2(f) or, if mutually agreed to by the Required Parties, be subject to a special administrative claim bar date under the Plan. Uninsured Bonds purchased by Supporting Holders after September 1, 2019, at any period other than during a Joinder Period shall not be entitled to Administrative Claims, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or Adequate Protection Payments but

shall be subject to this Definitive RSA for all other purposes, including voting obligations and entitlement to the Stipulated Treatment.

(iv) The 9019 Order shall provide that in the event of a Securitization Termination then, and unless the Title III Case has been dismissed, until the occurrence of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Bondholder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments, as applicable) shall continue to be made to the Supporting Holders and the Administrative Claims shall continue to accrue. In the event of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable holder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders), any accrued and unpaid Administrative Claim shall be disallowed; provided that, with regard to a Stipulated Treatment Termination under Section 9(c)(i)(6), Supporting Holders will be entitled to an Administrative Claim that will have accrued through the date the Title III Court first denied confirmation of a Plan where such denial is not solely on grounds raised in an objection by PREPA or AAFAF (“**Surviving Administrative Claim**”).

(d) Settlement Payments and Administrative Claims.

(i) Subject to entry of the 9019 Order, the Government Parties shall implement and collect the Settlement Charge and make the Settlement Payments.

(ii) Subject to approval of the Title III Court, the Settlement Payments shall be made solely on account of Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA at the time such Settlement Payment is made on a pro rata basis based on the outstanding principal amounts of the Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA; provided that no Settlement Payment shall be made on any Bond that is not subject to this Definitive RSA by September 1, 2019 (unless such Bond is an Uninsured Bond that becomes subject to this Definitive RSA during a subsequent Joinder Period) and no Bondholder shall receive any Settlement Payments on account of Bonds held by such Bondholder after an Individual Termination as to such Bondholder. Any Settlement Payments made on account of Assured Insured Bonds shall be made to Assured.

(iii) If a Bond is subject to this Definitive RSA prior to Administrative Claim Commencement and the 9019 Order is entered (and a Stipulated Treatment Termination does not occur subsequently as a result of the 9019 Order being reversed on appeal), such Bond subject to this Definitive RSA shall be entitled to a stipulated administrative expense claim for

(x) an amount equivalent to the Tranche A Bond interest payments accrued in respect of such Bond (including accruals at the same rate on such interest payments that would have been due on any interest payment date for Tranche A Bonds if such bonds were issued as if such interest payments were paid in kind), less

(y) the amount of Settlement Payments or Increased Settlement Payments that are made on account of such Bond (such claim, the “**Administrative Claim**”)

from and after the Administrative Claim Commencement applicable to such Bond until the earliest of (A) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, (B) with respect to a Supporting Holder, an Individual Termination with respect to such Supporting Holder, or (C) the Effective Date of a Plan in PREPA’s Title III Case. The Administrative Claims shall also include accrual and payment-in-kind of interest on the Waiver and Support Fees.

(iv) In lieu of Settlement Payments and/or cash payment of Administrative Claims on the Effective Date of a Plan (to the extent the Government Parties elect to pay Administrative Claims in cash), an individual Supporting Holder may elect to receive Tranche A Bonds for its Administrative Claims at the Exchange Ratio for Administrative Claims; provided that such election shall be structured as between the Supporting Holders and in a manner that does not increase the aggregate Administrative Claim or Transition Charge that would otherwise be payable under this Definitive RSA. If no agreement is reached by the Required Holders on implementing the election as provided herein, then no such election shall be available.

(v) Effective on the earlier of May 1, 2019 and the date of entry of the 9019 Order, solely for purposes of the 9019 Settlement and recoveries under this Definitive RSA, interest accrual on the Bonds shall be deemed to terminate. In the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination or an Individual Termination, all Parties reserve all rights regarding post-petition interest.

(e) Delayed Implementation Date.

(i) If a Title III plan for PREPA has not been confirmed and has not gone effective (and no other transaction has been consummated pursuant to which the Stipulated Treatment or the Securitization Bonds have been provided) by March 31, 2021 (the “**Delayed Implementation Date**”), and subject to and conditioned upon issuance or enactment of all required legislative and regulatory approvals, PREPA shall put into effect a charge equal to the Transition Charge that would have gone into effect on that date assuming the Effective Date occurred and Securitization Bonds were issued on such date, which charge shall thereafter increase from time to time as if the Securitization Bonds were outstanding (the “**Increased Settlement Charge**”).

(ii) Collections on account of the Increased Settlement Charge shall be (A) paid monthly (the “**Increased Settlement Payments**”), pro rata on account of Bonds that are subject to this Definitive RSA and became subject to this Definitive RSA prior to September 1, 2019 or, in the case of Uninsured Bonds, during a Joinder Period, unless otherwise mutually agreed to by the Required Parties on terms mutually agreed to by the Required Parties, and (B) applied (y) first on

account of accrued and unpaid Administrative Claims (subject to any election to receive the Administrative Claims in Tranche A Bonds as set forth in this Definitive RSA), and (z) after payment of the Administrative Claims, to reduction of the Allowed Claim or amount of the Tranche A Bonds (as applicable); provided, however, only amounts actually collected by PREPA on account of the Increased Settlement Charge are required to be distributed.

(iii) On and after the Delayed Implementation Date, the obligation to make Settlement Payments shall be replaced by the obligation to make Increased Settlement Payments.

(iv) On and after the Delayed Implementation Date, the accrual of Administrative Claims in favor of the eligible Bonds held or insured by Supporting Holders shall continue, to the extent not paid by the Increased Settlement Charge, for an amount equal to the higher of (i) an amount equivalent to Tranche A interest payments (including accruals on unpaid Administrative Claims as if such unpaid Administrative Claims were paid in kind semi-annually) and (ii) an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of any Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments that would have been required to have been made as set forth above and (B) the amount of any Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments actually received in respect of such Bond. If the payment (whether in cash or in Tranche A Bonds) of any resulting Administrative Claim under clause (ii) exceeds the amount in clause (i), the Allowed Claim or the principal amount of Tranche A Bonds to be issued at Effective Date, as applicable, shall be reduced by the amount of such excess.

(v) To the extent the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment is provided after the Delayed Implementation Date, the terms of such Securitization Bonds or Stipulated Treatment, including maturity of the Tranche B Bonds and accrual of the Tranche B Bond amounts between the Delayed Implementation Date and the Effective Date, if applicable, shall be adjusted in a manner mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties (or if no such agreement can be reached, as ordered by the Title III Court) to take into account the Increased Settlement Payments made prior to the date of issuance of the Securitization Bonds or the provision of the Stipulated Treatment so that the cost to the Government Parties (and recovery on account of any Bond) is no greater (and no less) than that of the 9019 Settlement (including with respect to the maturity of the Securitization Bonds or the Stipulated Treatment to be provided under this Definitive RSA, as applicable).

(vi) On and after the Delayed Implementation Date, no Increased Settlement Payments shall be made if an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Bondholder) or if a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders) occurs or has occurred, and any Administrative Claim accrued by such Supporting Holders under this Definitive RSA shall be expunged and disallowed as a result of an Individual Termination (as to such applicable Bondholder) or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Supporting Holders),

other than the Surviving Administrative Claim. In addition, the obligation to make Increased Settlement Payments shall terminate on the earliest of (i) a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) as to PREPA or AAFAF, (ii) the Effective Date of a Plan (or the effective date of another transaction pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment is provided), or (iii) dismissal of the Title III Case.

(vii) The 9019 Order shall provide that, if the Delayed Implementation Date occurs and PREPA has not implemented the Increased Settlement Charge to the extent required by this Definitive RSA, or in the event the Delayed Implementation Date occurs or has passed and PREPA is no longer a party to the RSA due to a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi), then PREPA shall be obligated pursuant to the 9019 Order to make cash adequate protection payments (the “**Adequate Protection Payments**”) on a monthly basis in an amount equal to the amount of Increased Settlement Payments (as defined below) that would have been required had the Increased Settlement Charge been implemented on such date and assuming that all Increased Settlement Payments would have been made to eligible Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA. PREPA’s obligation to make Adequate Protection Payments shall terminate on the earliest of (i) the date the Increased Settlement Charge is implemented, (ii) the Effective Date of a Plan (or the effective date of another transaction pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment is provided), (iii) in the case of an individual Supporting Holder, an Individual Termination, or (iv) in the case of all Supporting Holders, a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

(f) Tracking Provisions.

(i) Uninsured Bonds held by Supporting Holders shall be assigned alternative identifying CUSIPs to allow such Uninsured Bonds to be freely transferable and remain subject to the provisions of this Definitive RSA. The Supporting Holders shall, and to the extent necessary shall direct the Trustee to, cooperate with the Government Parties in obtaining the alternative identifying CUSIPs. The details of the foregoing, as well as other mechanisms for implementing, tracking and disclosing the different payments and claims that Bonds are entitled to hereunder, shall be set forth on a term sheet to be mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties and filed with the Title III Court prior to entry of the 9019 Order (the “**Tracking Mechanics Term Sheet**”). Such mechanisms shall be set up in such a manner such that they do not have an adverse effect on the enforceability, validity, tax exemption, or other rights of the Bonds, or on the lawful transferability of the Bonds under applicable securities laws.

(ii) The Supporting Holders shall (A) to the extent necessary, direct the Trustee to cooperate with the Government Parties in obtaining the alternative identifying CUSIPs, and (B) take the related actions agreed upon in the Tracking Mechanics Term Sheet.

Section 3 Litigation Stay and Forbearance.

The Parties agree as follows:

(a) The Ad Hoc Group shall support dismissal of the Monoline Motion. Assured shall not oppose the Dismissal Motion and shall withdraw from the Monoline Motion upon the granting of the Settlement Motion.

(b) Unless all applicable deadlines on the Monoline Motion are extended as mutually agreed by the Parties and the other movants, the Ad Hoc Group, Assured, and the Government Parties shall jointly file an urgent motion(s) (or separate motions and/or joinders thereto) with the Title III Court as soon as practicable seeking to stay all applicable deadlines for the Monoline Motion (the “**Stay Motion**”) until five (5) business days after the later of the date of entry of the 9019 Order and the date of entry of the order resolving the Dismissal Motion.

(c) The Government Parties, Ad Hoc Group, Assured, and the Trustee shall execute an agreement tolling all unexpired statutes of limitations for all causes of action related to the Bonds, including any Lien Challenge and any potential Bondholder Litigation (the “**Tolling Agreement**”) and request Title III Court approval of such Tolling Agreement. By signing this RSA after the RSA Execution Date, a Supporting Holder shall be deemed to have joined the Tolling Agreement.

(d) If a Bondholder Litigation (as defined below) is commenced or continued, the Parties shall work in good faith to have such Bondholder Litigation dismissed, stayed, or withdrawn; provided that, so long as the Ad Hoc Group and Assured are in compliance with this covenant, only Supporting Holders that are represented by counsel that has appeared in the Title III Case shall be required to file a pleading pursuant to this covenant but all Supporting Holders will be required to otherwise work in good faith.

(e) The Government Parties shall not commence a Lien Challenge except in the following circumstances: (i) if an order granting the Stay Motion has not been entered by May 3, 2019 (or such later date as the Government Parties’ response to the Monoline Motion is required to be filed); (ii) a Triggering Event has occurred; (iii) if any applicable statute of limitations is expiring within the next seven (7) days; (iv) FOMB’s authority to prosecute PREPA’s Title III Case is expiring; or (v) with the written consent of the Required Holders; provided that in the case of clause (iii) or (iv) above, none of the Government Parties shall commence a Lien Challenge so long as the applicable statute of limitations is (and remains) tolled (including, without limitation, as to FOMB, any future or successor to FOMB, and any members thereof) by an order of the Title III Court in form and substance acceptable to each of the Required Parties. If any of the Government Parties files a Lien Challenge permitted by clause (iii) or (iv) above, the Government Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to stay any further proceedings in respect of such Lien Challenge (including extending all relevant deadlines and otherwise forbearing from pursuit of such Lien Challenge) if they are able to do so in a manner that does not prejudice their ability to resume or prosecute the Lien Challenge after expiration or termination of such stay. If any of the Government Parties files a Lien Challenge permitted by clause (i) above, the Government Parties shall seek a stay of such Lien Challenge (including extending all relevant deadlines and otherwise forbearing from pursuit of such Lien Challenge) concurrently with any filing of an

adversary complaint related to the Lien Challenge, and request that the stay shall continue until the Government Parties would have otherwise been permitted to commence a Lien Challenge under the terms hereof; provided that such stay shall only go into effect if the Stay Motion is granted and the Government Parties shall be permitted to prosecute the Lien Challenge until the Stay Motion is granted or the Monoline Motion is denied or dismissed.

(f) Except as otherwise permitted by this Agreement (including Sections 3(g) and 3(h)), Supporting Holders cannot contest or defend against a Lien Challenge on any grounds. In the event a Lien Challenge is commenced at any time prior to entry of the 9019 Order and such Lien Challenge has not been stayed, the Supporting Holders reserve all rights regarding such Lien Challenge, nothing herein shall constitute an admission by the Supporting Holders as to the Government Parties' authority or standing to prosecute such Lien Challenge or the merits of their claims, and, subject to any right herein of any Government Party to declare a Stipulated Treatment Termination prior to entry of the 9019 Order, the Supporting Holders shall have the right to contest and defend against such Lien Challenge on any grounds, including bringing counterclaims related to such Lien Challenge, which defense or counterclaims shall be withdrawn without prejudice upon entry of the 9019 Order, and, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, such contest or defense prior to entry of the 9019 Order by the Supporting Holders shall not be considered to have been a Bondholder Litigation or Bondholder Breach.

(g) If a Lien Challenge is brought by the Government Parties at any time in violation of the terms hereof, the Supporting Holders shall have the right to contest and defend against such Lien Challenge on any grounds, including bringing counterclaims related to such Lien Challenge, and, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, such contest or defense by the Supporting Holders shall not be considered a Bondholder Litigation or Bondholder Breach and shall not be grounds for the Government Parties to declare a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

(h) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, upon the commencement of any Lien Challenge, Assured and the Ad Hoc Group shall have the right to file briefs and participate in oral argument with respect to such Lien Challenge and to otherwise appeal any legal issues implicated in such Lien Challenge, and such participation by Assured and the Ad Hoc Group in any Lien Challenge shall not be considered to have been a Bondholder Litigation or a Bondholder Breach, and shall not be grounds for the Government Parties to declare an Individual Termination or a Stipulated Treatment Termination; provided, however, that Assured and the Ad Hoc Group shall not have the right to participate in discovery in such Lien Challenge.

(i) The 9019 Order shall provide that no person or entity (including a person or entity acting on behalf of a Government Party) other than the Government Parties shall have standing or otherwise be permitted to bring a Lien Challenge.

(j) Subject to Sections 7(a)(i) - (ii), the Transformation Transaction structure shall be in the sole discretion of the Government Parties.

(k) The Supporting Holders shall support and not interfere with Transformation Transaction to the extent such Transaction is consistent with Sections 7(a)(i) - (ii).

(l) To the extent any consents are required for a Transformation Transaction from the Supporting Holders, such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, subject to a good faith determination that such Transformation Transaction will not adversely affect its Stipulated Treatment and is otherwise in compliance with Sections 7(a)(i) - (ii).

(m) The Supporting Holders may take actions reasonably necessary to protect their rights and treatment under this Definitive RSA, including the value of the recovery thereunder, which actions may include, without limitation, opposing any request by the Government Parties for approval of any priming post-petition financing arrangement; provided that such actions shall not include (i) seeking appointment of a receiver, (ii) exercising any rights or remedies under the Trust Agreement or the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Act (Act 83-1941), as amended (including actions as a Bondholder on account of the Bonds and including seeking adequate protection), or (iii) preventing or seeking to prevent the Government Parties from providing the Supporting Holders with the Stipulated Treatment; provided that the preceding clause (iii) shall not prevent Supporting Holders from objecting to a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring through a Permitted Objection. Nothing herein shall prevent a Supporting Holder from challenging any action to prime the Bonds subject to this Agreement; provided that Supporting Holders shall not be permitted to seek appointment of a receiver (or seek to lift the stay to seek a receiver) as part of such a challenge. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any action permitted pursuant to this paragraph shall not constitute a Bondholder Litigation or Bondholder Breach.

(n) The Supporting Holders shall not take any actions preventing or seeking to prevent the Government Parties from providing the Supporting Holders with the Stipulated Treatment; provided that this subsection (n) shall not prevent Supporting Holders from taking actions expressly permitted under the terms of this Agreement, including objecting to a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring through a Permitted Objection.

(o) Supporting Holders hereby consent to an amendment to the Trust Agreement (the “**TA Amendment**”) to increase certain thresholds for certain Bondholder action or direction under Sections 502, 804 and 808 of the Trust Agreement to no more than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds if and to the extent that the Required Parties deem the TA Amendment to be reasonable and appropriate to facilitate implementation of the RSA. Upon the request of the Required Parties, Supporting Holders agree to take commercially reasonable efforts to promptly confirm and transmit such consent to any parties necessary to ratify the TA Amendment.

Section 4 Waiver and Support Fees.

(a) On the Effective Date and concurrently with the issuance of the Securitization Bonds, the Ad Hoc Group members shall receive a waiver and support fee in the form of Tranche A Bonds, which, as of May 1, 2019, equals 1.9350% of the par amount of PREPA Bonds held as of July 1, 2018 by the Ad Hoc Group (as defined in the Preliminary RSA) members in the aggregate (the “**Ad Hoc Group Waiver and Support Fee**”). The Ad Hoc Group Waiver and Support Fee shall be allocated among the members of the Ad Hoc Group as set forth on Annex B hereto, which Annex B shall be in the sole discretion of the Ad Hoc Group. Once Annex B is finalized, counsel to the Ad Hoc Group shall notify counsel to the Government Parties, and

following finalization, Annex B cannot be amended without the consent of every Supporting Holder listed therein.

(b) On the Effective Date and concurrently with the issuance of the Securitization Bonds, Assured shall receive a waiver and support fee in the form of Tranche A Bonds initially equal to 1.8850% of the par amount of PREPA Bonds held or insured by Assured as of May 1, 2019.

(c) Additional support (and potential waiver) fee in the form of Tranche A Bonds initially equal to 0.8360% of par amount of total outstanding PREPA Bonds as of May 1, 2019, to be provided to Supporting Holders, including additional signatories, in a manner to be mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties.

(d) Any unpaid fee payable at any time to any Ad Hoc Group Member or other Supporting Holder (including Administrative Claims accruing on Waiver and Support Fees) shall not be paid to such Ad Hoc Group Member or other Supporting Holder if there has been an Individual Termination as to such Ad Hoc Group Member or other Supporting Holder, and such unpaid fee shall be reallocated among the Ad Hoc Group (in the case of a termination as to an Ad Hoc Group Member) or the Supporting Holders.

Section 5 Mutual Obligations and Acknowledgments.

(a) Each Party shall work collaboratively and in good faith with the other Parties to finalize, document, and implement the 9019 Settlement and Plan incorporating the terms and conditions described in this Agreement and such other terms, conditions, and documents necessary or appropriate to implement and effectuate the 9019 Settlement and the Plan based on, and consistent with, this Agreement, including without limitation the Definitive Documents and the Additional Definitive Documents. The Definitive Documents shall meet the standards set forth in Section 1(b)(iv) herein. The Additional Definitive Documents shall meet the standards set forth in Section 1(b)(v) herein.

(b) Each Party shall refrain from promoting or supporting (by providing legal or financial advice or assistance), or entering into any agreement, in each case that is materially inconsistent with the Restructuring or this Definitive RSA, that would materially and adversely affect the ability of the Government Parties to comply with their respective obligations under this Definitive RSA, the Definitive Documents, or the Additional Definitive Documents (to the extent relating to treatment of Bonds subject to the RSA), or that would prevent the Government Parties from providing the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment, as applicable. Except as set forth herein, nothing in this Agreement shall prevent any Government Party from discharging its statutory duties, including by amending the Fiscal Plan or budget or commencing or defending any litigation against any party (other than the Supporting Holders, solely in their capacity as Bondholders).

(c) The Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause each of the below milestones to occur by the dates specified therein:

(i) the filing of the Settlement Motion no later than ten (10) business days after execution of this Agreement by the Required Parties;

- (ii) the entry of the 9019 Order by June 30, 2019;
- (iii) the implementation of the Settlement Charge by July 1, 2019;
- (iv) the commencement of the Settlement Payments by August 30, 2019;
- (v) the enactment of all legislation necessary to support the Restructuring by the date the Plan is filed;
- (vi) the filing of the Plan by March 31, 2020;
- (vii) the occurrence of the Effective Date and issuance of the Securitization Bonds or Stipulated Treatment by the Outside Date.

(d) Except as expressly provided herein, this Agreement shall not require any Supporting Holder to expend any cash resources or assume any additional risk or liability (including, for the avoidance of doubt, indemnifying the Trustee) in support of the Plan or this Agreement.

Section 6 Agreements of the Supporting Holders.

(a) Agreement to Vote and other Covenants. Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, each Supporting Holder agrees that it shall:

(i) subject to the receipt by such Supporting Holder of the Disclosure Statement, vote or cause to be voted its Claims with respect to Bonds (and, in relation to Assured, Claims with respect to the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps) beneficially owned or controlled (including pursuant to a Bond Insurance Agreement) by it for voting purposes, whenever acquired, to accept a Plan that is consistent with the Definitive RSA by delivering its duly executed and completed ballots accepting the Plan on a timely basis and not object to such Plan other than through a Permitted Objection; provided that, in the case of Insured Bonds, an Uninsured Supporting Holder shall only be obligated to vote the Insured Bonds beneficially owned or controlled by it if the conditions set forth in Section 6(d) are satisfied; provided, further, with respect to votes contemplated by this Section 6(a)(i) or 6(b), in the event of a declaration of a Stipulated Treatment Termination or an Individual Termination (or, in the case of this Section 6(a)(i), a Securitization Termination) as to any Supporting Holder prior to the Effective Date, then (A) the votes of such Supporting Holder, if the voting deadline has not passed, shall be immediately and automatically revoked and deemed void *ab initio*, and (B) if the voting deadline has passed, nothing shall prevent such Supporting Holder from petitioning the Title III Court (or other applicable court) to allow it to change or withdraw its vote;

(ii) support and take any and all commercially reasonable, necessary, or appropriate actions to facilitate, implement, and consummate the Restructuring, including, without limitation, by working cooperatively with the Government Parties, Assured, the Ad Hoc Group, and the other Supporting Holders to prepare

and execute any documentation necessary (including the Definitive Documents and Additional Definitive Documents) and by giving any notices, orders, instructions, or directions that are commercially reasonable, necessary, or appropriate to support, facilitate, implement, or consummate, or otherwise give effect to, the Restructuring; provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall require any Party to indemnify any person; and

(iii) at the reasonable request of any of the Government Parties, the Supporting Holders shall support the confirmation of the Plan, including by supporting the Government Parties' efforts to defend against objections to confirmation and other Plan-related litigation; provided that nothing herein shall require a Supporting Holder to file pleadings adverse to (A) itself in any capacity or (B) its rights under Bond Insurance Agreements; and provided further that, so long as the Ad Hoc Group and Assured are in compliance with this covenant, only Supporting Holders that are represented by counsel that has appeared in the Title III Case shall be required to file a pleading pursuant to this covenant but all Supporting Holders will be required to otherwise support confirmation of the Plan.

(b) Agreement to Vote for Stipulated Treatment. If a Supporting Holder is entitled to the Stipulated Treatment and such Stipulated Treatment is offered in any Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring of the Bonds after a Securitization Termination, then, subject to the receipt by such Supporting Holder of appropriate disclosure documents, such Supporting Holder shall vote or cause to be voted, or provide consent on behalf of, its Bonds or Claims with respect to Bonds (and, in relation to Assured, Claims with respect to the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps) beneficially owned or controlled (including pursuant to a Bond Insurance Agreement) by it for voting purposes to accept or consent to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring by delivering its duly executed and completed ballots or consents to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring on a timely basis and not object to such Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring other than through a Permitted Objection; provided that such vote is subject to revocation on the terms set forth in Section 6(a)(i).

(c) Transfers.

(i) No Supporting Holder shall sell, assign, transfer or otherwise pledge or dispose of ("**Transfer**") any Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by such Supporting Holder, or any voting, consent, or direction rights related to such Uninsured Bonds, provided, however, that such Transfer may be made (A) if the transferee is a Supporting Holder at the time of the Transfer or (B) if the transferee is not a Supporting Holder at the time of the Transfer, such transferee delivers to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group, PREPA, AAFAF, and FOMB, at or prior to the consummation of the Transfer, the Joinder Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit A, pursuant to which such transferee shall assume all rights and obligations (other than the right to the Waiver and Support Fees) of such Supporting Holder transferor hereunder with respect to the transferred Bonds (such transferee (a "**Bond Qualified Transferee**"), if any, shall also be a Supporting Holder hereunder). Subject to Section 6(c)(iv), any additional Bonds held by such Bond Qualified

Transferee at the time it joins this Definitive RSA shall become subject to this Definitive RSA. To the extent that a Transfer violates the provisions of this Section 6, the Transfer shall be void *ab initio* and the applicable Uninsured Bonds and the Supporting Holder attempting the Transfer of the Uninsured Bonds shall continue to remain subject to the terms of this Agreement and count towards the Required Threshold if the Supporting Holder can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government Parties in their sole discretion that they retain control of such Bond.

(ii) Qualified Marketmaker. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary,

(1) solely prior to the RSA Marketmaker Period or any other time during which there are no RSA Marketmakers listed on the RSA Marketmakers List, a Supporting Holder may Transfer any right, title or interest in the Uninsured Bonds to a Qualified Marketmaker, acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker, without the requirement that such Qualified Marketmaker be or become a Supporting Holder; provided that such Qualified Marketmaker subsequently Transfers such right, title or interest in the Uninsured Bonds to a Supporting Holder or a Bond Qualified Transferee within the date that is thirty (30) business days after such Qualified Marketmaker's acquisition of such right, title or interest, and in any event no later than ten (10) business days prior to the voting deadline on the Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or other restructuring of the Uninsured Bonds pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment is being offered (the "**Marketmaker Holding Period**"). For the avoidance of doubt, upon expiration of the Marketmaker Holding Period, if the Qualified Marketmaker has not Transferred such right, title or interest in the Uninsured Bonds to a Supporting Holder or a Bond Qualified Transferee, the Qualified Marketmaker shall be required to sign the Joinder Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit A, which Joinder Agreement shall be binding with respect to any Uninsured Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA that are held by such Qualified Marketmaker in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker. Whether the Qualified Marketmaker signs a Joinder Agreement or not, upon expiration of the Marketmaker Holding Period, the Qualified Marketmaker (by accepting or otherwise participating in the Transfer of Uninsured Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA) will be deemed to have agreed to comply with the voting obligations set forth in Sections 6(a) and (b) hereto; provided, however, that such obligations shall be replaced by the obligations in the RSA Marketmaker Joinder if such Qualified Marketmaker subsequently becomes an RSA Marketmaker. If a Qualified Marketmaker does not comply with the foregoing procedures, such failure by such Qualified Marketmaker to comply shall not be considered a Bondholder Breach by such Transferring Supporting Holder unless (i) the Supporting Holder transferring such Uninsured Bonds does not inform the Qualified Marketmaker that such Uninsured Bonds are subject to the RSA and (ii) the Qualified Marketmaker fails to vote the subject Uninsured Bonds as required under this Agreement,

in which case such failure shall be deemed to be a Bondholder Breach by the Transferring Supporting Holder;

(2) during the RSA Marketmaker Period, so long as at least one RSA Marketmaker appears on the RSA Marketmakers List, a Supporting Holder may transfer any right, title or interest in the Uninsured Bonds to either (x) another Supporting Holder or other Bond Qualified Transferee in accordance with Section 6(c)(i) or (y) an RSA Marketmaker (and not any other Qualified Marketmaker), acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker, without the requirement that such RSA Marketmaker be or become a Supporting Holder; provided that such RSA Marketmaker pursuant to clause (y) above shall be obligated to comply with its obligations under its RSA Marketmaker Joinder; provided further that failure of such RSA Marketmaker to comply with its obligations shall not be considered a Bondholder Breach by a Transferring Supporting Holder unless (i) the Supporting Holder transferring such Uninsured Bonds does not inform the RSA Marketmaker that such Uninsured Bonds are subject to the RSA and (ii) the RSA Marketmaker fails to vote the subject Uninsured Bonds as required under its RSA Marketmaker Joinder; provided, that after voting, if the class in which the Bonds are classified has not accepted a Plan providing the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment due to failure of one or more RSA Marketmakers to vote Uninsured Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA in compliance with the provisions of the Definitive RSA, then a two (2) week Joinder Period shall be declared (during which time the Parties shall work together to cause the RSA Marketmaker to vote Uninsured Bonds it holds), and if the requisite votes have not been received upon expiration of such Joinder Period (or, if later, a new voting deadline), then any of the Government Parties can declare a Stipulated Treatment Termination pursuant to Section 9(c)(i)(3);

(3) to the extent that a Supporting Holder is acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker, it may Transfer any right, title or interest in the Bonds that the Qualified Marketmaker acquires from a holder of the Bonds that is not a Supporting Holder without the requirement that the transferee be or become a Supporting Holder; and

(4) a Qualified Marketmaker may, with the consent of the Government Parties, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, join this Definitive RSA solely on behalf of a specific trading desk.

(iii) Notice of Transfers. In connection with any Transfer of an Uninsured Bond by a Supporting Holder, such Supporting Holder shall (A) give notice to its direct transferee that the Uninsured Bonds it is Transferring are Uninsured Bonds subject to this Definitive RSA, and (B) give notice to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group and counsel to each of the Government Parties of (i) the CUSIP (or, when available, alternative identifying CUSIP) of Uninsured Bonds it is Transferring, (ii) the principal amount being Transferred, and (iii) the name of the

Supporting Holder or Qualified Marketmaker that is the direct transferee. Failure to give such notices shall not constitute a Bondholder Breach, nor shall it invalidate such Transfer.

(iv) Additional Bonds. Any Supporting Holder may purchase additional Bonds, and any Bondholder may become a Supporting Holder by signing a Joinder Agreement; provided that (A) any such acquired Bonds (and any Bonds held by such joining Bondholder) shall automatically and immediately be deemed subject to all of the terms of this Definitive RSA (including, in the case of Uninsured Bonds, the obligations of the Supporting Holders under this Section 6); provided that (x) Uninsured Bonds that become subject to this Definitive RSA after September 1, 2019, at any period other than during a Joinder Period, shall not be entitled to Administrative Claims, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or Adequate Protection Payments but shall be subject to this Agreement for all other purposes, including voting obligations and entitlement to the Stipulated Treatment, and (y) Other Insured Bonds shall not be entitled to any rights or distributions under this Definitive RSA and (B) on the first of each month, all Supporting Holders shall notify counsel for the Ad Hoc Group (who shall notify the Government Parties) of the amounts and types of Uninsured Bonds acquired during the previous month and the date of such acquisition.

(v) Reporting. Upon the reasonable request of a Required Party, each Supporting Holder shall provide its holdings to counsel to each Required Party.

(vi) Holdings Confidential. Any disclosure by any Supporting Holder to any other Party of its holdings of Bonds shall be treated as confidential information by such other Party unless such other Party receives such information through other means that are not subject to a duty of confidentiality. The foregoing shall not prohibit disclosure of the aggregate principal amount of Bonds held by the Ad Hoc Group or all Supporting Holders collectively and shall not limit the duty of any Party to disclose holdings as required by law, including pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2019 or as otherwise required by the Title III Court.

(vii) The Ad Hoc Group. The Ad Hoc Group Members as of the date hereof are listed on Annex A hereto. The members of the Ad Hoc Group may change from time to time upon delivery by counsel to the Ad Hoc Group of a notice to FOMB, PREPA, AAFAF, and Assured with an updated Annex A, and, in the case of the addition of a person to the Ad Hoc Group who is not otherwise party to this Agreement, execution by such person of a Joinder Agreement and delivery of such Joinder Agreement to counsel to FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF.

(viii) Joinders. In the event a Party to this Agreement receives a Joinder Agreement that was not sent to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group, PREPA, AAFAF and FOMB, then such Party shall forward such Joinder Agreement to counsel to the aforementioned Parties that did not receive such Joinder Agreement.

(d) Insured Bonds Held by Uninsured Supporting Holders.

(i) Assured shall have all of the rights and obligations related to any Assured Insured Bonds and the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps, including without limitation the exclusive right to vote such Assured Insured Bonds and Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps on account of any Plan, other than as expressly set forth in this Section 6(d), Section 9(c) and Section VII(b) of the Recovery Plan Term Sheet, and the 9019 Order shall provide the same. In addition, the Bonds insured by any other monoline insurer (the “**Other Insured Bonds**”) shall not be entitled to any rights or distributions under this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order.

(ii) The obligations of Uninsured Supporting Holders with respect to any Insured Bonds held by such Supporting Holder shall be as follows:

(1) With respect to Assured Insured Bonds, the Uninsured Supporting Holders shall be subject to the obligations concerning Bondholder Litigation and Bondholder Breach and, if there is a court order providing that the Uninsured Supporting Holders are entitled to vote such Assured Insured Bonds and that such vote shall not adversely affect its rights under the Bond Insurance Agreements, each Uninsured Supporting Holder shall be obligated to vote any Assured Insured Bonds held by such Uninsured Supporting Holders as of the record date in accordance with this Definitive RSA; provided that such Uninsured Supporting Holder may file a Permitted Objection. The Uninsured Supporting Holders shall not have any other obligations with respect to Assured Insured Bonds under this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order, and shall be permitted to transfer such bonds without any requirement that the transferee sign a Joinder Agreement. Nothing in this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order shall prejudice the rights of the beneficial holders of any Assured Insured Bonds against Assured.

(2) With respect to the Other Insured Bonds, the Uninsured Supporting Holders shall be subject to the obligations concerning Bondholder Litigation and Bondholder Breach and, if there is a court order providing that its vote shall not adversely affect its rights under the Bond Insurance Agreements, each Uninsured Supporting Holder shall be obligated to vote any Other Insured Bonds held by such Uninsured Supporting Holders as of the record date in accordance with this Definitive RSA; provided that such Uninsured Supporting Holder may file a Permitted Objection. The Uninsured Supporting Holders shall not have any other obligations with respect to Other Insured Bonds under this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order, and shall be permitted to transfer such bonds without any requirement that the transferee sign a Joinder Agreement. Nothing in this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order shall prejudice the rights of the beneficial holders of any Insured Bonds against such other monoline insurers.

Section 7 Agreements of FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF.

(a) Each Government Party agrees that:

(i) prior to the Effective Date of a Plan and the issuance of the Securitization Bonds or the Stipulated Treatment, as applicable, and except with consent of the Required Parties, (x) a Transformation Transaction with regard to the transmission and distribution assets shall not close, and (y) PREPA shall not sell any of its generation assets to the extent used or useful in PREPA's operations.

(ii) the Government Parties shall not proceed with a Transformation Transaction that would prevent the Government Parties from providing the Stipulated Treatment;

(iii) the Government Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause any vacancies of independent board members to be filled promptly with other independent candidates selected and appointed in accordance with the criteria and procedures set forth in Act 4-2016, as amended;

(iv) PREPA shall provide the Supporting Holders (or, to the extent necessary, their advisors) with the following reports on a monthly basis, unless otherwise mutually agreed to by the Required Parties: (1) a 13-week cash flow, (2) a FEMA flash report, and (3) an account balance report;

(v) FOMB and AAFAF shall provide, within ten (10) business days, written notice to the Ad Hoc Group and Assured, between the date hereof and the Effective Date, of receipt of any notice that is not publicly available of any judicial proceeding commenced or threatened in writing against any Government Party related to PREPA, which could reasonably be expected to have a material, adverse impact on the treatment of the Supporting Holders under this Agreement;

(vi) each Government Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide the Supporting Holders with periodic updates and current information regarding the progress of and details concerning the Transformation Transaction (with a level of detail similar to the information previously provided in the bi-weekly PREPA mediation call); provided that the Government Parties shall not be required to provide any non-public or confidential information unless the Supporting Holder or its advisors has executed a non-disclosure agreement with the Government Parties and the Puerto Rico Public Private Partnership Authority that contains customary restrictions on the ability to disclose or otherwise use such information in litigation; provided, further, that such failure to provide such information shall only entitle Supporting Holders to enforce this provision and no other remedies will be available;

(vii) each Government Party shall (A) act in good faith and use commercially reasonable efforts to support and complete successfully the Solicitation in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, (B) use commercially reasonable efforts to confirm the Plan and consummate the Restructuring and the transactions contemplated thereby in accordance with, and within the time frames contemplated by, this Agreement, (including preparing and executing any documentation necessary (including the Definitive Documents and the Additional

Definitive Documents (to the extent relating to treatment of Bonds subject to the RSA)), securing any necessary IRS Private Letter Ruling, and giving any notices, orders, instructions, or directions that are commercially reasonable, necessary, or appropriate to support, facilitate, implement, consummate, or otherwise give effect to the Restructuring, and (C) not take any action that would prevent the Government Parties from providing the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment contemplated by this Agreement;

(viii) each of the Government Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide counsel to the Ad Hoc Group and Assured draft copies of material motions, applications, and other documents relating to the Bonds subject to this Agreement, the Restructuring, or this Agreement that such Government Party intends to file in the Title III Case with sufficient time to respond to and comment thereon;

(ix) FOMB shall amend PREPA's Fiscal Plan and certified budget as required to facilitate the Restructuring; and

(x) the Government Parties shall not enter into any restructuring support or similar agreement related to the Financial Indebtedness other than by amendment to this Agreement, unless consented to by the Required Parties.

(b) Each Government Party agrees that:

(i) to the extent the Government Parties, each acting in its sole discretion and after consultation with a designee of the Ad Hoc Group and a designee of Assured (provided such designees are subject to a non-disclosure agreement acceptable to the Government Parties), determine to apply for ratings on the Securitization Bonds, the Government Parties shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to obtain ratings on the Securitization Bonds, including promptly responding in good faith to documentary or other requests, as soon as reasonably practicable as determined solely by the Government Parties, following consultation with the aforementioned mentioned designee of the Ad Hoc Group and a designee of Assured. To the extent practicable the Government Parties shall provide counsel to the Ad Hoc Group and counsel to Assured drafts of written submissions related to such rating with sufficient time to comment thereon; provided that such counsel for the Ad Hoc Group and Assured are subject to a non-disclosure agreement acceptable to the Government Parties; and

(ii) the Government Parties shall consult with counsel for the Ad Hoc Group and counsel for Assured regarding any IRS Private Letter Ruling Request, including, if practicable, providing drafts of written materials related thereto with sufficient time to comment thereon; provided that such counsel for the Ad Hoc Group and Assured are subject to a non-disclosure agreement acceptable to the Government Parties.

Section 8 **Force Majeure.** If an event beyond the control of the Government Parties (including hurricanes, fires, explosion, earthquakes, drought, tidal waves, floods, war, or terrorism) (such event, a “**Force Majeure Event**”) prevents any Government Party from complying with any of its obligations under this Agreement, a delay in performance by such Government Party of such obligation shall not be considered a breach of this Agreement through the later of (i) the first day of the month following a restoration of electric service to 85% of the pre-Force Majeure Event levels, or (ii) if any of the Government Parties, Assured, or the Required Uninsured Holders request a hearing on the issue, the date determined by the Title III Court to be reasonable in light of then-prevailing circumstances; provided that the Administrative Claims shall continue to accrue, but Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, and Adequate Protection Payments, as applicable, shall not be owed, during the period from the occurrence of a Force Majeure Event through the earlier of the dates set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) of this Section 8.

Section 9 **Termination of and Withdrawal from Definitive RSA.**

(a) Rights of Withdrawal. If

(i) the economic terms of this Agreement are materially amended, modified, supplemented or waived (including pursuant to Section 10) without the written consent of a Supporting Holder that causes a material reduction in the economic value of the recovery to be received by such Supporting Holder; or

(ii) any other provision of this Agreement is materially amended, modified, supplemented, or waived (including pursuant to Section 10) without the written consent of a Supporting Holder in a manner disproportionately and materially adverse to such Supporting Holder in its capacity as a Bondholder,

(any of the preceding clauses of this Section 9(a), a “**Withdrawal Event**”), then in each case, such Supporting Holder shall have the right to withdraw from this Agreement within five (5) business days of receiving notice of such Withdrawal Event (which may be provided through an EMMA notice) by delivering notice of such withdrawal (including the reason for such withdrawal) to counsel to FOMB, PREPA, AAFAF, Assured and the Ad Hoc Group in accordance with Section 27. Such withdrawal shall be effective immediately after delivery of such notice of withdrawal (to the extent such withdrawal is not rescinded), whereupon an Individual Termination shall be deemed to have occurred as to such Supporting Holder.

(b) Securitization Termination.

(i) A Government Party may terminate this Agreement to the extent set forth in clause (iii) of this Section 9(b) (a “**Securitization Termination**”) by delivering notice of such termination in accordance with Section 27 if any of FOMB, the governing board of PREPA, or AAFAF determines that the terms and conditions of the Restructuring will impede or have an adverse impact on the Transformation Transaction or that the terms of the Restructuring are inconsistent with the Transformation Transaction.

(ii) A Government Party may declare a Securitization Termination on or after March 15, 2020 if (A) the Required Parties have not reached agreement on

the Definitive Documents after working collaboratively and in good faith and (B) all legislation necessary to support the Restructuring has not been enacted; provided, that upon a Securitization Termination under this subsection (b)(ii), the Government Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide the Supporting Holders with a market utility securitization as the Stipulated Treatment.

(iii) Upon the occurrence of a Securitization Termination, the obligation of the Government Parties to provide the Securitization Bond Treatment shall terminate and all other rights and obligations of the Parties under the RSA related to the Securitization Bonds or the Securitization Bond Treatment shall terminate to the extent related to the Securitization Bonds or the Securitization Bond Treatment. The remaining terms of this Agreement, including without limitations, the Government Parties' obligations to provide the Stipulated Treatment, Allowed Claim, Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, Adequate Protection Payments, and Administrative Claims, the Supporting Holders' obligations to vote in favor of a Plan that provides them with the Stipulated Treatment, and the litigation stay provisions of this Definitive RSA, shall otherwise survive.

(c) Stipulated Treatment Termination.

(i) A Government Party (or, in the case of subsection (4) below, either a Government Party or the Required Holders) may terminate this Agreement and elect not to provide the Stipulated Treatment (a "**Stipulated Treatment Termination**") by delivering notice in accordance with Section 27 (except in the case of subsection (5) below which Stipulated Treatment Termination shall be automatic) if:

(1) The then applicable Required Threshold has not been met (including, without limitation, if Assured defaults on a payment obligation under its Bond Insurance Agreements and such default is determined by the court to cause it to lose its right to vote the Assured Insured Bonds) by the date of entry of the 9019 Order;

(2) The then applicable Required Threshold has not been met (including, without limitation, if Assured defaults on a payment obligation under its Bond Insurance Agreements and such default is determined by the court to cause it to lose its right to vote the Assured Insured Bonds) by September 1, 2019;

(3) The then applicable Required Threshold has not been met (including, without limitation, if Assured defaults on a payment obligation under its Bond Insurance Agreements and such default is determined by the court to cause it to lose its right to vote the Assured Insured Bonds) upon the expiration of any Joinder Period;

(4) The 9019 Order is reversed on appeal; provided that in the event of reversal of the 9019 Order on appeal either a Government Party or

the Required Holders may elect within sixty (60) days of the reversal to declare a Stipulated Treatment Termination pursuant to this subsection (4); provided that the Parties shall work together for such sixty (60) days to find a mutually agreeable solution that addresses the cause of such reversal;

(5) The Title III Case is dismissed;

(6) Confirmation of a Plan that complies with this Definitive RSA is denied; provided that no Stipulated Treatment Termination shall occur under this subsection (6) until the Parties have worked in good faith and used their commercially reasonable efforts to agree on amendments or modifications to the Plan in order to achieve confirmation of such Plan for a period of forty-five (45) days, and FOMB has used its commercially reasonable efforts to seek confirmation of such amended or modified plan of adjustment that is consistent with this Definitive RSA and takes into account the Title III Court's ruling denying confirmation of the prior Plan, and confirmation of such amended or modified Plan has also been denied; provided, that if confirmation of a Plan is denied solely as a result of a Permitted Puerto Rico Objection there shall not be a Stipulated Treatment Termination pursuant to this subsection (6) until FOMB has used its commercially reasonable efforts to seek confirmation of an amended or modified Plan that is consistent with this Definitive RSA and takes into account the Title III Court's ruling denying confirmation of the prior Plan(s) and confirmation of such amended or modified Plan has also been denied for any reason other than solely as a result of a Permitted Puerto Rico Objection; or

(7) Any Supporting Holder (other than Assured and the Ad Hoc Group) participates in contesting or defending any Lien Challenge brought by the Government Parties in compliance with the terms of this Definitive RSA (including, without limitation, asserting any defense or counterclaim in connection therewith); provided, further, that an election to declare a Stipulated Treatment Termination based on this subsection (7) must be made prior to entry of the 9019 Order.

(ii) In the event of a Stipulated Treatment Termination as to all Supporting Holders or an Individual Termination as to an individual Supporting Holder, (1) the Supporting Holder's Bond Claims shall automatically be reduced by the amount of any Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments) made or Administrative Claim accrued and paid to such Supporting Holder on account of its Bond Claims, (2) all prior Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, Adequate Protection Payments, and payments made on Administrative Claims, as applicable, received by any Supporting Holder subject to such termination shall be retained by the recipient, (3) all Parties reserve all rights as to whether Settlement Payments (or Increased Settlement Payments or Adequate Protection Payments) or payments made on Administrative Claims shall be credited against Claims for principal, pre-petition

interest, or (if applicable) post-petition interest; and (4) accrued and unpaid Administrative Claims shall be disallowed other than the Surviving Administrative Claim.

(iii) Upon the occurrence and declaration by any Government Party of a Stipulated Treatment Termination in accordance with the terms of this Definitive RSA, this Definitive RSA shall become void and of no further force or effect as to all Parties and each Party shall, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order, (1) be immediately released from its respective liabilities, obligations, commitments, undertakings, and agreements under or related to this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order, (2) have no further rights, benefits, or privileges hereunder, and (3) have all the rights and remedies that it would have had, and be entitled to take all actions, whether with respect to the Restructuring, the 9019 Settlement or otherwise, that it would have been entitled to take had it not entered into this Definitive RSA and had the 9019 Order never been issued, and no such rights or remedies shall be deemed waived pursuant to a claim of laches or estoppel; provided that the provisions of this Section 9(c) and the other provisions set forth in Section 17 shall survive; provided, further, that a Stipulated Treatment Termination shall not void any prior tolling pursuant to the Tolling Agreement or the 9019 Order.

(d) Additional Termination Events.

(i) This Definitive RSA may be terminated by mutual agreement of the Required Parties upon the receipt of notice delivered in accordance with Section 27.

(ii) This Definitive RSA may be terminated by the Required Holders if the Settlement Payments have not commenced by August 30, 2019 upon the receipt of notice delivered in accordance with Section 27, subject to a thirty (30) day cure period.

(iii) This Definitive RSA may be terminated by any of the Required Parties, if (x) the Settlement Motion is denied or (y) the 9019 Order has not been entered by August 30, 2019, in each case upon the receipt of notice by a Party delivered in accordance with Section 27.

(iv) This Definitive RSA may be terminated by any of the Government Parties if the Tolling Agreement has not been entered into by the date five (5) business days after the entry of the 9019 Order and subsequently approved by the Title III Court prior to the expiration of the applicable statutes of limitations.

(v) This Definitive RSA may be terminated by any of the Government Parties as to any individual Supporting Holder if such Supporting Holder commits a Bondholder Breach (an “**Individual Termination**”) upon the receipt by such Supporting Holder of notice delivered in accordance with Section 27.

(vi) Either PREPA or AAFAF may terminate all of its obligations under this Definitive RSA solely as to itself in the event that AAFAF objects to a Plan pursuant to a Permitted Puerto Rico Objection and the Title III court sustains such objection; provided that neither PREPA nor AAFAF shall have the right to terminate under this subsection (vi) until (i) the Parties have worked in good faith and used their commercially reasonable efforts to agree on amendments or modifications to the Plan in order to achieve confirmation of such Plan for a period of forty-five (45) days, (ii) FOMB has used its commercially reasonable efforts to seek confirmation of such amended or modified plan of adjustment (which is consistent with this Definitive RSA) taking into account the Title III Court's ruling denying confirmation of the prior Plan, and (iii) AAFAF objects to such amended or modified Plan in a Permitted Puerto Rico Objection and the Title III Court sustains such objection. Nothing in this subsection (vi) shall alter or limit any other termination rights of any of the Government Parties set forth herein including in Section 9(c)(i)(6).

(vii) Any termination pursuant to Sections 9(d)(i) - (iv) shall each be treated as a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

(viii) Any termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) shall be treated as a termination of this Definitive RSA solely as to PREPA or AAFAF, as applicable. Upon the occurrence and declaration by PREPA or AAFAF of a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi), then, except as otherwise expressly provided in the 9019 Order in the form approved by PREPA and AAFAF in connection with this RSA, the right and obligations in the Definitive RSA shall become void and of no further force or effect as to PREPA and/or AAFAF, and the remaining Parties hereto shall have no obligations to PREPA and/or AAFAF; provided that the provisions set forth in Section 17 shall survive as to PREPA and/or AAFAF. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all of the rights and obligations under this Definitive RSA of all other Parties as to each other shall survive such termination as if no such termination occurred, including (i) the FOMB's obligations to provide the Stipulated Treatment, Allowed Claim, Adequate Protection Payments, and Administrative Claims; provided, that the FOMB shall not be obligated to impose a Settlement Charge or Increased Settlement Charge or provide Settlement Payments or Increased Settlement Payments, (ii) the Supporting Holders' obligations to vote in favor of a Plan that provides them with the Stipulated Treatment, and (iii) the Tolling Agreement and the litigation stay provisions of this Definitive RSA.

(e) Automatic Stay. Each Government Party acknowledges and agrees that the giving of notice of termination by any Party pursuant to and in accordance with this Definitive RSA (or any action to enforce this Definitive RSA) shall not be a violation of the automatic stay; provided that nothing herein shall prejudice any Party's rights to argue that the giving of notice of termination was not in accordance with the terms of this Definitive RSA.

(f) Limitation on Termination. No Party may terminate this Agreement if the event giving rise to the termination is the result of such Party failing to perform or comply in any material respect with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Section 10 Definitive Documents; Good Faith Cooperation; Further Assurances.

(a) Each Party hereby covenants and agrees to cooperate with each other in good faith in connection with, and shall exercise commercially reasonable efforts with respect to, the pursuit, approval, implementation, and consummation of the Restructuring, as well as the negotiation, drafting, execution, and delivery of the Definitive Documents and Additional Definitive Documents (to the extent relating to treatment of Bonds subject to the RSA). Upon written confirmation of an agreement (which confirmation may be by email and must specifically state that it constitutes an agreement pursuant to this Section 10) among the Super Majority Holders, Assured and each Government Party on, and finalization of, the Definitive Documents, this Definitive RSA shall automatically be deemed amended to replace the corresponding portions of the Recovery Plan Term Sheet with the Definitive Documents as Exhibit C hereto and all references in this Agreement to such portions of the Recovery Plan Term Sheet shall be deemed to be references to the Definitive Documents or Additional Definitive Documents, as applicable.

(b) Subject to the terms hereof, each of the Parties shall take such action as may be reasonably necessary or reasonably requested by the other Parties to carry out the purposes and intent of this Definitive RSA, and shall refrain from taking any action that would frustrate the purposes and intent of this Definitive RSA.

Section 11 Representations and Warranties.

(a) Mutual Representations and Warranties. Each Party, severally (and not jointly), represents and warrants to the other Parties that the following statements are true and correct as of the date hereof (or as of the date a Supporting Holder becomes a party hereto):

(i) such party has the legal right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement;

(ii) this Agreement is a legal, valid, and binding obligation of such Party, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium, or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and subject, as to enforceability, to equitable principles of general application);

(iii) except in the case of an individual, it is duly organized and validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization with full power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform and observe, the terms and provisions of this Agreement;

(iv) the execution, delivery, performance, and observance of this Agreement by such Party (A) has been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of such Party, does not and will not conflict with, or result in a violation of, any law applicable to it, and does not require it to obtain any permit, consent,

approval, order, or authorization of, or provide notice to or make a filing with, any court, governmental or regulatory agency or authority, or other person or entity that has not been obtained, provided, or made, as applicable, (B) except to the extent modified, stayed or otherwise excused by PROMESA, (1) with respect to FOMB, AAFAF, and PREPA, does not contravene, or constitute a default under any provision of applicable law or regulation or of any agreement, judgment, injunction, order, decree, or other instrument binding on FOMB, AAFAF, or PREPA, as applicable, and (2) with respect to each Party, does not and will not violate, conflict with, or result in the breach of any provision of its organizational or governance documents, and (C) does not and will not result in any breach of, constitute a default (or event which with the giving of notice or lapse of time, or both, would become a default) under, require any consent under, or give to others any rights of, termination, amendment, acceleration, suspension, revocation, or cancellation of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, contract, agreement, lease, sublease, license, permit, franchise, or other instrument or arrangement to which it is a party, which would materially adversely affect its ability to carry out its obligations under and otherwise observe this Agreement or cause the occurrence of a Stipulated Treatment Termination; provided, however, that clause (C) hereof shall not apply to any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, contract, agreement, lease, sublease, license, permit, franchise, or other instrument or arrangement to which PREPA is a party.

(b) Additional Representations of Supporting Holders. Each Supporting Holder individually represents, warrants, and covenants to each other Party that the following statements are true, correct, and complete as of the date of this Agreement (or, in the case of a Party executing a Joinder Agreement other than in connection with a pending Transfer, as of the date of such Joinder Agreement, and in the case of a Party executing a Joinder Agreement in connection with a pending Transfer of Uninsured Bonds to such joining Party, upon consummation of such pending Transfer of Uninsured Bonds to such joining Party) (each of which is a continuing representation, warranty, and covenant): that it owns or has investment management responsibility for accounts that own Uninsured Bonds in the principal amounts set forth on its respective signature page hereto or its Joinder Agreement (as applicable), which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan (or qualifying modification) solicitation, and that it has not sold, assigned, transferred, participated, or otherwise pledged such Bonds, or any voting, consent, or direction rights related to such Bonds, to any other person or entity that would prevent or adversely affect in any way such Supporting Holders' performance of its obligations contained in this Agreement at the time such obligations are required to be performed, in each case except as permitted by Section 6(c).

(c) Additional Representation of the Ad Hoc Group Members. Each Ad Hoc Group Member that is party to this Agreement on the RSA Execution Date individually represents and warrants to the other Parties that as of the RSA Execution Date it does not beneficially own or control any Uninsured Bonds in a Qualified Marketmaker capacity.

Section 12 Disclosure; Publicity. Each Government Party shall endeavor to submit drafts to the Ad Hoc Group and Assured of any press releases, public documents, and any and all filings with the SEC, the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, or any state or Puerto Rico governmental agency regarding this Definitive RSA or the Restructuring at least two (2) business

days, to the extent practicable, before making any such disclosure. Except as required by applicable law or otherwise permitted under the terms of any other agreement between a Party and the applicable Supporting Holder, no Party or its advisors shall disclose to any person or entity (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any other Supporting Holder), other than advisors to the Government Parties and the Ad Hoc Group, the principal amount or percentage of Bonds held by the applicable Supporting Holder, in each case, without such Supporting Holder's prior written consent. Notwithstanding the provisions in this Section 12, any Party may disclose, to the extent consented to in writing by a Supporting Holder, such Supporting Holder's individual holdings, and, for the avoidance of doubt, a Supporting Holder shall be permitted to disclose its own individual holdings. Any public filing of this Definitive RSA, with the Title III Court or otherwise, which includes executed signature pages to this Definitive RSA shall include such signature pages only in redacted form with respect to the holdings of each Supporting Holder; provided that the holdings disclosed in such signature pages may be filed in unredacted form with the Title III Court under seal.

Section 13 Amendments and Modifications. The terms and conditions of this Agreement, including any exhibits, annexes, or schedules to this Agreement, may not be waived, modified, amended, or supplemented without the written consent of (i) FOMB, (ii) PREPA, (iii) AAFAF, (iv) the Super Majority Holders and (v) Assured; provided that the foregoing is subject to the withdrawal rights pursuant to Section 9(a).

Section 14 Effectiveness. Except as specifically provided herein, this Definitive RSA shall become effective and binding on the RSA Execution Date; provided that, until entry of the 9019 Order, (i) the 9019 Settlement shall not be effective; (ii) the Government Parties shall have no obligation to impose the Settlement Charge or Increased Settlement Charge; make Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, or Adequate Protection Payments; or propose a Plan providing for issuance of Securitization Bonds or Stipulated Treatment; and (iii) the Supporting Holders shall not be entitled to Administrative Claims, the Stipulated Treatment, or Waiver and Support Fees and shall not be obligated to vote in favor of any Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Settlement Motion is denied or the 9019 Order is not entered prior to a termination pursuant to Section 9(d)(iii), this Definitive RSA shall be deemed to have been void *ab initio* and shall be of no further force and effect; provided that the obligations of the Government Parties under Section 22 shall survive with respect to any fees or expenses incurred prior to the date of such denial or termination and required to be reimbursed under the terms of Section 22.

Section 15 Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial.

(a) THIS AGREEMENT IS TO BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS MADE AND TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH STATE, WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO THE CONFLICT OF LAWS PRINCIPLES THEREOF, EXCEPT THAT, WITH RESPECT TO THE EXISTENCE, POWERS, LEGAL CAPACITY, AND AUTHORITY OF (I) EACH OF AAFAF AND PREPA, THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO, EXCLUDING THE CONFLICT OF LAWS PRINCIPLES THEREOF, AND (II) AS TO FOMB, THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY PROMESA. Each Party hereto agrees that it shall bring any action or

proceeding with respect to any claim arising out of or related to this Agreement in the Title III Court (or a court of proper appellate jurisdiction) (the “**Chosen Court**”), and solely in connection with claims arising under this Agreement: (a) irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Chosen Court; (b) waives any objection to laying venue in any such action or proceeding in the Chosen Court; and (c) waives any objection that the Chosen Court is an inconvenient forum or does not have jurisdiction over any Party hereto or constitutional authority to finally adjudicate the matter. The Government Parties submit to the jurisdiction of the Chosen Court and irrevocably waive any immunity from suit in the Chosen Court that they may have for any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order.

(b) Each Party hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any right it may have to a trial by jury in any legal proceeding directly or indirectly arising out of or relating to this Definitive RSA or the transactions contemplated herein (whether based on contract, tort or any other theory).

(c) The rights and obligations of the Parties under this Agreement and the 9019 Order shall be binding and enforceable against the Parties, and, to the extent necessary, the Government Parties consent for purposes of section 305 of PROMESA to such enforcement by the Chosen Court.

Section 16 Specific Performance/Remedies. The Parties understand and agree that monetary damages would be an insufficient remedy for any breach of this Definitive RSA by any Party, and each non-breaching Party shall be entitled to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief as a remedy of any such breach, without the necessity of proving the inadequacy of monetary damages as a remedy. Specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief to the extent appropriate and allowed by applicable law and the right to terminate this Definitive RSA in accordance with the terms of this Definitive RSA shall be the sole and exclusive remedies for any breach of this Definitive RSA by any Party. Without limiting the ability of a Party to sue for payment of money owed under this Agreement or the 9019 Order, no person or entity shall be entitled to monetary damages for any breach of this Agreement or the 9019 Order. Each Party hereby waives any requirement for security or the posting of any bond in connection with such remedies.

Section 17 Survival. Subject to entry of the 9019 Order, notwithstanding the termination of this Definitive RSA pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi) (as to PREPA or AAFAF), pursuant to an Individual Termination (as to an individual Supporting Holder), or a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to all Parties), Sections 9(c) and 15-19(a), 20-22 and 24-31 shall survive such termination and shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with the terms hereof.

Section 18 Headings. The headings of the sections, paragraphs, and subsections of this Definitive RSA are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation hereof or, for any purpose, be deemed a part of this Definitive RSA.

Section 19 Successors and Assigns; Severability.

(a) This Definitive RSA is intended to bind and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors, permitted assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, and

representatives; provided that nothing contained in this Section 19 shall be deemed to permit Transfers of the Bonds or any related Claims other than in accordance with the express terms of this Definitive RSA. If any provision of this Definitive RSA, or the application of any such provision to any person or entity or circumstance, shall be held invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part, such invalidity or unenforceability shall attach only to such provision or part thereof and the remaining part of such provision hereof and the remainder of this Definitive RSA shall continue in full force and effect.

(b) Upon any such determination of invalidity, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Definitive RSA so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible in a reasonably acceptable manner so that the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated as originally contemplated to the greatest extent possible.

Section 20 **Several, Not Joint, Obligations.** The agreements, representations, warranties, and obligations of the Parties under this Definitive RSA are, in all respects, several and not joint.

Section 21 **Relationship Among Parties.** Unless expressly stated herein, this Definitive RSA shall be solely for the benefit of the Parties, and no other person or entity shall be a third-party beneficiary hereof. No Party shall have any responsibility for any trading by any other entity by virtue of this Definitive RSA. Except as expressly set forth in this Definitive RSA, nothing in this Definitive RSA shall be construed to affect any actual or potential claims arising from any obligation of the Government of Puerto Rico or any of its instrumentalities other than PREPA. Except as expressly set forth in this Definitive RSA, nothing in this Definitive RSA shall constitute or be construed as a waiver or release of any claims or causes of action against FOMB, AAFAF, PREPA, or the Government of Puerto Rico or any of its affiliates or instrumentalities prior to the Effective Date.

No Bondholder shall have any liability to any other Bondholder arising from or related to: (i) any extensions of the deadlines set forth herein pursuant to the terms of this Definitive RSA; (ii) the termination of this Definitive RSA pursuant to its terms, whether or not such termination is as to all Supporting Holders; (iii) any waivers, modifications, amendments, or supplements of or to this Definitive RSA; or (iv) the exercise of, or failure to exercise, any other consent, termination, or other rights pursuant to this Definitive RSA or the 9019 Order. This paragraph shall be included in the 9019 Order.

Section 22 **Fees & Expenses.**

(a) (i) The reasonable fees and reasonable expenses of the Ad Hoc Group incurred in connection with the Preliminary RSA, this Definitive RSA, and any documents and transactions relating to or implementing the foregoing on or after July 23, 2018 through the Effective Date (or, if earlier, a Stipulated Treatment Termination), limited to one (1) primary law firm, one (1) municipal bond counsel law firm, one (1) Puerto Rico law firm, one (1) financial advisor, and one (1) utility consultant, shall be reimbursed by PREPA on a monthly basis within sixty (60) days following submission of an invoice and redacted time detail summary to counsel to FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF and (ii) the reasonable fees and reasonable expenses of the Ad Hoc Group members up to \$25 million for the period prior to July 23, 2018, shall be reimbursed on the Effective Date as agreed in connection with the Preliminary RSA.

(b) The reasonable fees and reasonable expenses of Assured incurred in connection with the Preliminary RSA, this Definitive RSA and any documents and transaction relating to or implementing the foregoing on or after August 1, 2018 through the earliest to occur of (i) the Effective Date, (ii) a Stipulated Treatment Termination, or (iii) an Individual Termination as to Assured, limited to one (1) primary law firm, one (1) Puerto Rico law firm, one (1) financial advisor, one (1) municipal bond counsel law firm, and one (1) utility consultant, shall be reimbursed by PREPA on a monthly basis within sixty (60) days following submission of an invoice and redacted time detail summary to counsel to FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF.

(c) Reimbursement of reasonable fees and expenses pursuant to Sections 22(a)(i) and 22(b) shall be subject to delivery of all required certifications under Puerto Rico law and accompanied by detailed time records with appropriate redactions.

(d) Payments made pursuant to this Agreement (including reimbursement of fees and expenses pursuant to this Section 22, other than in the case of reimbursement of fees and expenses for services rendered in Puerto Rico) shall not be subject to withholding tax under the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended.

(e) In the event of a termination by PREPA or AAFAF pursuant to Section 9(d)(vi), the obligation of PREPA or AAFAF to pay any fees that accrue after the effective date of such termination shall terminate, but any fees and expenses incurred after such date and until the earlier of the Effective Date or a Stipulated Treatment Termination or any fees and expenses pursuant to Section 22(a)(ii), in each case to the extent they would otherwise have been due and payable hereunder, shall constitute an Administrative Claim entitled to be paid in cash on the Effective Date of a Plan and, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, such Administrative Claim shall survive a Stipulated Treatment Termination.

Section 23 Most Favored Nations. Other than with respect to the receipt by Assured of the Assured Treatment in accordance with the terms hereof, to the extent any holder(s) of Financial Indebtedness receives a treatment under a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring, however funded, more economically favorable than the treatment proposed to be received by the Ad Hoc Group Members or Assured, then (i) such treatment shall only be allowed and considered consistent with this Agreement if it does not adversely affect the Ad Hoc Group's or Assured's recoveries, and (ii) additional consideration shall be provided to the Ad Hoc Group or Assured, as applicable, such that the treatment of the Ad Hoc Group or Assured is at least as favorable as the treatment being provided to such holder(s) of Financial Indebtedness.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Ad Hoc Group and Assured shall not object pursuant to this Section 23 if holders of Financial Indebtedness (other than Uninsured Bonds) receive the same treatment with the same terms as the Ad Hoc Group is receiving, so long as such treatment does not adversely affect the Ad Hoc Group's or Assured's recoveries. Adjustments to coupons and par on the bonds received by such holder(s) of Financial Indebtedness are authorized, so long as total cash flow payable each year remains the same (with proportional adjustments for the varying claim sizes of varying legacy debt claims), and so long as such treatment shall not adversely affect the Ad Hoc Group's or Assured's recoveries.

Section 24 Preservation of Rights. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement or the 9019 Order, the Parties expressly reserve all rights, contractual or otherwise, under Title III or any other provision of PROMESA or any other law or regulation. Upon an Individual Termination (as to an individual Supporting Holder), a Stipulated Treatment Termination (as to each Party), or a termination pursuant to 9(d)(vi) (as to AAFAF or PREPA), subject to Section 9(c), (i) no such Party shall be precluded, by virtue of having been a Party to this Agreement or otherwise having engaged in negotiations regarding the Restructuring, 9019 Settlement or other matters related to this Agreement, from exercising any and all rights, whether contractual or otherwise, in connection with any proceeding under Title III or under any other provision of PROMESA or any other law or regulation, (ii) no provision of this Agreement, the 9019 Order or other document related to this Agreement, the Restructuring or the 9019 Settlement or statement made during the negotiations thereof, shall be used against any such Party in any proceeding under Title III or any other provision of PROMESA or otherwise, provided that a Section 9(d)(vi) termination as to AAFAF and PREPA shall have no effect on any remaining Parties' rights with respect to any other remaining party hereunder and in the 9019 Order and ability to enforce such rights, and (iii) each such Party shall be restored to its original position. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing in this Section 24, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, no Party shall be precluded from asserting any right, and each Party shall preserve each of its rights and shall not be impeded by this Agreement from bringing before any applicable court any available averment, defenses or priority allegation, or from challenging or contesting any such rights, whether under such law or otherwise, on any grounds.

Section 25 Prior Negotiations; Entire Agreement. This Definitive RSA, including the exhibits, annexes and schedules hereto, constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties and supersedes all other prior negotiations, with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof, except that the Parties acknowledge that all confidentiality agreements executed between one or more Parties before the execution of this Definitive RSA shall continue in full force and effect. Without limitation of the foregoing, the Preliminary RSA is superseded by this Definitive RSA and terminated in its entirety and shall be of no further force and effect.

Section 26 Counterparts. This Definitive RSA may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which together shall be deemed to be one and the same agreement. Execution copies of this Definitive RSA delivered by PDF shall be deemed to be an original for the purposes of this paragraph.

Section 27 Notices. All notices hereunder shall be deemed given if they are made in writing and delivered by electronic mail, courier, or registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) (and if by any method other than electronic mail, then with a copy by electronic mail) to the following addresses (or at such other addresses as shall be specified by like notice):

- (i) if to PREPA or AAFAF, to:

O'Melveny & Myers LLP
7 Times Square
New York, NY 10036
Attention: Nancy Mitchell, Maria DiConza, and Matthew Hinker
Email: nmitchell@omm.com; mdiconza@omm.com;

mhinker@omm.com

(ii) if to FOMB, to:

Proskauer Rose LLP
Eleven Times Square
New York, NY 10036
Attention: Martin J. Bienenstock, Paul V. Possinger, and Ehud Barak
Email: mbienenstock@proskauer.com;
ppossinger@proskauer.com; ebarak@proskauer.com

(iii) if to the Ad Hoc Group, to:

Kramer Levin Naftalis & Frankel LLP
1177 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10036
Attention: Amy Caton, Alice J. Byowitz, and Steven Segal
Email: acaton@kramerlevin.com; abyowitz@kramerlevin.com;
ssegal@kramerlevin.com.

(iv) if to Assured, to:

Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.
1633 Broadway
New York, NY 10019
Attention: Kevin J. Lyons and Terence Workman
Email: klyons@agltd.com; tworkman@agltd.com

-and-

Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP
200 Liberty Street
New York, NY 10281
Attention: Mark C. Ellenberg, Ivan Loncar, and Thomas J. Curtin
Email: mark.ellenberg@cwt.com; ivan.loncar@cwt.com;
thomas.curtin@cwt.com

or such other address as may have been furnished by a Party to each of the other Parties by notice given in accordance with the requirements set forth above. Any notice given by mail or courier shall be effective when received. Any notice given by electronic mail shall be effective upon oral, machine, or electronic mail (as applicable) confirmation of transmission. For purposes of this Agreement, notices and other communications may be delivered by a Party or by its authorized representatives. Any notice provided to an individual Supporting Holder hereunder must also be provided to the Required Parties.

(b) If this Agreement is terminated as to any Government Party, Assured or the Ad Hoc Group, FOMB shall publish notice of such withdrawal or termination on its website and

PREPA shall file a notice with EMMA not later than one (1) business day after receipt of such notice.

(c) Unless otherwise mutually agreed to by the Required Parties, this Agreement, and each amendment hereto, shall be posted by FOMB on its website and PREPA shall file a notice with EMMA not later than one (1) business day after the execution and delivery hereof and thereof, subject to the confidentiality restrictions contained herein, including Section 12.

Section 28 Settlement Discussions. This Definitive RSA is part of a proposed settlement of matters that could otherwise be the subject of litigation among the Parties. This Definitive RSA and all negotiations relating thereto shall be deemed to be settlement discussions covered by Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, any applicable state rules of evidence, and any other applicable law, foreign or domestic. Further, other than in a proceeding to enforce or implement this Definitive RSA's terms (or the terms of the 9019 Order), no Party shall offer into evidence this Definitive RSA, or any negotiations relating thereto. If this Definitive RSA is terminated, for any reason, no Party shall use any of the terms in this Definitive RSA against the other Party other than for enforcing its remedies under this Definitive RSA and to extent provided.

Section 29 No Solicitation; Adequate Information. This Definitive RSA is not and shall not be deemed to be a solicitation for consents to a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or restructuring. The votes of the holders of Claims against PREPA will not be solicited until such holders who are entitled to vote on Plan have received the required solicitation in accordance with PROMESA. In addition, this Definitive RSA does not constitute an offer to issue or sell securities to any person or entity, or the solicitation of an offer to acquire or buy securities, in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation would be unlawful.

Section 30 No Waiver. The failure or neglect by a Party to enforce any rights under this Agreement will not be deemed a waiver of that Party's rights. No waiver of satisfaction of or nonperformance of an obligation under this Agreement will be effective unless in writing and signed by the Party granting the waiver.

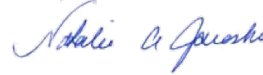
Section 31 Representation by Counsel. The Parties agree that they have each been represented by legal counsel during the negotiation and execution of this Definitive RSA and, therefore, waive the application of any law, regulation, holding, or rule of construction providing that ambiguities in an agreement or other document shall be construed against the party drafting such agreement or document.

[Signature pages follow.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on the day and year first above written.

Financial Oversight and Management Board for
Puerto Rico

By: _____



Name: Natalie A. Jaresko
Title: Executive Director

Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority

By: _____



Name: José F. Ortiz

Title: Executive Director of the Puerto Rico
Electric Power Authority

Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory
Authority

By:




Name: Christian Sobrino Vega
Title: CEO & President

[Signature Page to RSA]

Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty
Municipal Corp.

By:



Name: Holly Horn

Title: Senior Managing Director

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Assured, which it would be entitled
to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]¹

Principal amount of Assured Insured Bonds: [REDACTED]

¹ This figure includes principal amounts paid by Assured under its Bond Insurance Agreements on account
of matured Assured Insured Bonds. Pursuant to the Bond Insurance Agreements, Assured has become
subrogated to the holders of such matured Assured Insured Bonds.

AG MM, L.P.
AG CAPITAL RECOVERY PARTNERS VIII, L.P.
AG CORPORATE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES FUND,
L.P.
NUTMEG PARTNERS, L.P.
AG CENTRE STREET PARTNERSHIP, L.P.
AG SUPER FUND MASTER, L.P.


By: Angelo, Gordon & Co., L.P., as manager or advisor

By: 

Name:


Title:

David Kamin
Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: 

BLUEMOUNTAIN GUADALUPE PEAK FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN FOINAVEN MASTER FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES
MASTER FUND I L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN KICKING HORSE FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN FURSAN FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN TIMBERLINE LTD.
BLUE MOUNTAIN CREDIT ALTERNATIVES
MASTER FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN MONTENVERS MASTER FUND
SCA SICAV-SIF
BLUEMOUNTAIN LOGAN OPPORTUNITIES
MASTER FUND L.P.
BLUEMOUNTAIN SUMMIT TRADING L.P.

By: BLUEMOUNTAIN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT,
LLC, ITS INVESTMENT MANAGER

By: 
Name: David M. O'Mara
Title: Deputy General Counsel

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

Each of Centerbridge Credit Partners Master, L.P.,
Centerbridge Special Credit Partners II, L.P. and
Centerbridge Special Credit Partners III, L.P., in their
individual capacities

By: Centerbridge Partners LP

By: 
Name: Gavin Baiera
Title: Senior Managing Director

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially
owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility,
which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

FRANKLIN ADVISERS, INC. on behalf of the
following funds:

CALIFORNIA INTERMEDIATE TERM TAX
FREE INCOME FUND

CALIFORNIA HIGH YIELD MUNICIPAL BOND
FUND

TENNESEE MUNICIPAL BOND FUND

CALIFORNIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

NEW YORK TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FEDERAL TAX FREE INCOME FUND

COLORADO TAX FREE INCOME FUND

GEORGIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

PENNSYLVANIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

HIGH YIELD TAX FREE INCOME FUND

MISSOURI TAX FREE INCOME FUND

OREGON TAX FREE INCOME FUND

VIRGINIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FLORIDA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

LOUISIANA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

MARYLAND TAX FREE INCOME FUND

NORTH CAROLINA TAX FREE INCOME
FUND

NEW JERSEY TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND –
CANADA

FTIF- FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND

FSS-FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND


FTVIP – FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME VIP
FUND

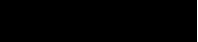
FIST-FRANKLIN TOTAL RETURN FUND

By: Sheila Amoroso
Name: Sheila Amoroso
Title: VP

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

GOLDENTREE ASSET MANAGEMENT LP, on
behalf of all funds and accounts holding Uninsured
Bonds (now and hereafter) for which it serves as
investment advisor


By: 
Name: John DeMartino
Title: Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially
owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility,
which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: 

KNIGHTHEAD (NY) FUND, L.P.


By: Knighthead Capital Management, LLC, its
Investment Advisor

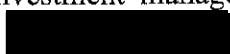
By: 
Name: Laura Torrado
Title: Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: 

KNIGHTHEAD ANNUITY & LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY

By: Knighthead Capital Management, LLC, its
Investment Advisor

By: 
Name: Laura Torrado
Title: Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: 

KNIGHTHEAD MASTER FUND, L.P.


By: Knighthead Capital Management, LLC, its
Investment Manager

By: 
Name: Laura Torrado
Title: Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

By Marathon Asset Management, LP solely in its
capacity as Investment Advisor to the
Fund(s)/Accounts(s) named in Schedule A of this
Agreement

By: 
Name: Louis Hanover
Title: Co-Managing Partner

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially
owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility,
which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: 

Schedule A:

AUSTRALIANSUPER, BY AUSTRALIANSUPER PTY LTD, AS TRUSTEE
BSF MULTI-MANAGER ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES FUND
MARATHON BLUE GRASS CREDIT FUND LP
MARATHON CENTRE STREET PARTNERSHIP LP
MARATHON CREDIT DISLOCATION FUND, LP
MARATHON CURRITUCK FUND, LP – SERIES C
MARATHON CURRITUCK FUND, LP – SERIES D
MARATHON LES GRANDES JORASSES MASTER FUND SCA SICAV-SIF
MARATHON SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY MASTER FUND, LTD.
MARATHON STRATEGIC OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM, LP
TRS CREDIT FUND LP

OPPENHEIMER FUNDS, INC., as investment advisor
for the following accounts:

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER AMT –FREE
MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER AMT –FREE NEW
YORK MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER CALIFORNIA
MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER LIMITED TERM
CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER SHORT DURATION
HIGH YIELD MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF
OPPENHEIMER MUNICIPAL FUND)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER LIMITED TERM
NEW YORK MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF
ROCHESTER PORTFOLIO SERIES)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER NEW JERSEY
MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF OPPENHEIMER
MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER PENNSYLVANIA
MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF OPPENHEIMER
MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER HIGH YIELD
MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF OPPENHEIMER
MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER FUND MUNICIPALS

and

OFI GLOBAL INSTITUTIONAL, INC. as investment
manager for the following accounts:

MASSMUTUAL INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS
MSC, INC.

MASSMUTUAL UNIFIED TRADITIONAL

By: 

Name: Richard Stein

Title: Senior Vice President

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

Silver Point Capital Fund, L.P.
Silver Point Capital Offshore Master Fund, L.P.

By: Silver Point Capital, L.P., Its Investment Manager

By:

Name:

Title:

Michael A. Gatto
Authorized Signatory

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: [REDACTED]

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Exhibit A
Form of Joinder

FORM OF JOINDER AGREEMENT

This Joinder Agreement to the Restructuring Support Agreement (as amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time, the “**Definitive RSA**”), dated as of May 3, 2019 by and among: (i) Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (“**PREPA**”), (ii) the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory Authority (“**AAFAF**”), in its capacity as fiscal agent and financial advisor for PREPA, (iii) the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (“**FOMB**”), (iv) the members of the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders identified on Annex A thereto and party thereto (the “**Ad Hoc Group**”), (v) Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (collectively, “**Assured**”) and (vi) the other Supporting Holders from time to time party thereto, is executed and delivered by [_____] (the “**Joining Supporting Creditor**”) as of _____, 2019. Each capitalized term used herein but not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in this Definitive RSA.

1. Agreement to be Bound. The Joining Supporting Creditor hereby agrees to be bound by all of the terms of this Definitive RSA, including the 9019 Settlement. The Joining Supporting Creditor shall hereafter be deemed to be a “**Supporting Holder**” and a Party for all purposes under this Definitive RSA, including, for the avoidance of doubt, with respect to any Bonds held by the Joining Supporting Creditor as of the date of this Joinder Agreement (other than any Bonds held in a Qualified Marketmaker capacity). Upon signing, the Joining Supporting Creditor will be deemed to have joined the direction to the Trustee to join the Settlement Motion, as set forth in Section 2(a) to the Definitive RSA, and to have joined the Tolling Agreement, as set forth in Section 3(c) to the Definitive RSA, and shall be entitled to exculpation on the terms set forth in Section 2(a) to the Definitive RSA.

2. Representations and Warranties. With respect to the aggregate principal amount of Uninsured Bonds held by the Joining Supporting Creditor, including upon consummation of any pending Transfer of Uninsured Bonds to the Joining Supporting Creditor, the Joining Supporting Creditor hereby makes, as of the date hereof, the representations and warranties of the Supporting Holders set forth in Sections 11(a)-(b) of the Definitive RSA to each of the other Parties to this Definitive RSA.

3. Governing Law. Section 15 of the Definitive RSA is incorporated by reference as if set forth fully herein, except that any references to “**Agreement**” or “**Definitive RSA**” shall be replaced with references to Joinder Agreement.

4. Notice of Joinder. The Joining Supporting Creditor agrees to provide a copy of this Joinder Agreement to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group, FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF in accordance with Section 27 of this Definitive RSA.

5. Transfer Restrictions. The Joining Supporting Creditor acknowledges that the RSA Marketmaker List is available at a URL to be posted on EMMA and acknowledges that during the RSA Marketmaker Period, so long as at least one RSA Marketmaker appears on the RSA Marketmakers List, it will be subject to the transfer restrictions set forth in Section 6(c) of the Definitive RSA and may only Transfer Uninsured Bonds to either (x) another Supporting Holder

or other Bond Qualified Transferee in accordance with Section 6(c)(i) of the Definitive RSA or (y) an RSA Marketmaker (and not any other Qualified Marketmaker), acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker in accordance with Section 6(c)(ii)(2) of the Definitive RSA.

* * * * *

[THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Joining Supporting Creditor has caused this Joinder Agreement to be executed as of the date set forth above.

[NAME OF INSTITUTION]

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Address: _____

Attention: _____

Email: _____

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Joining Supporting Creditor, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Joining Supporting Creditor has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan (or a qualifying modification under Title VI of PROMESA) solicitation: \$ _____

Principal amount of Assured Insured Bonds beneficially owned by Joining Supporting Creditor, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Joining Supporting Creditor has investment management responsibility: \$ _____

Principal amount of Insured Bonds insured by National beneficially owned by Joining Supporting Creditor, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Joining Supporting Creditor has investment management responsibility: \$ _____

Principal amount of Insured Bonds insured by Syncora beneficially owned by Joining Supporting Creditor, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Joining Supporting Creditor has investment management responsibility: \$ _____

Exhibit B
RSA Marketmaker Joinder

**LIMITED MARKETMAKER JOINDER
TO RESTRUCTURING SUPPORT AGREEMENT**

This Limited Marketmaker Joinder Agreement (“**RSA Marketmaker Joinder**”) to the Definitive Restructuring Support Agreement (as amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time, the “**RSA**”), dated as of May 3, 2019 by and among: (i) Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (“**PREPA**”), (ii) the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory Authority (“**AAFAF**”), (iii) the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (“**FOMB**”), (iv) the members of the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders identified on Annex A thereto and party thereto (the “**Ad Hoc Group**”), (v) Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (collectively, “**Assured**”) and (vi) the other Supporting Holders from time to time party thereto, is executed and delivered by [_____] (the “**RSA Marketmaker**”) as of _____, __, 2019. Each capitalized term used herein but not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the RSA.

1. Agreement to Transfer or Vote.

(a) The RSA Marketmaker agrees that, with respect to any Uninsured Bonds it may acquire in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker from a Supporting Holder (“**RSA Bonds**”), no later than ten (10) business days prior to the voting deadline on the Plan (the “**Transfer Deadline**”), qualifying modification, exchange, or other restructuring of the Uninsured Bonds pursuant to which the Securitization Bond Treatment or the Stipulated Treatment, as applicable, is being offered, it shall transfer such Bonds pursuant to Section 6(c) of the RSA only to a Supporting Holder or other person (“**Subsequent Transferee**”) who at or prior to consummation of the Transfer has executed a Joinder Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A to the RSA and has delivered such executed Joinder Agreement to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group, FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF in accordance with Section 27 of the RSA. In the event that an RSA Marketmaker receives Uninsured Bonds, the RSA Marketmaker shall ask the Bondholder Transferring such Uninsured Bonds whether such Uninsured Bonds are RSA Bonds.

(b) If the RSA Marketmaker has not transferred RSA Bonds in accordance with Section 1(a) of this Joinder by the Transfer Deadline, the RSA Marketmaker shall be required to vote such Uninsured Bonds pursuant to a direction from the Required Uninsured Holders.

(c) Other than as set forth in Sections 1(a) and 1(b) of this Joinder, only a Subsequent Transferee (and not the RSA Marketmaker acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker) shall be bound by and required to timely perform all of the terms and provisions of the RSA, and only such Subsequent Transferee (and not the RSA Marketmaker acting in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker) shall be entitled to any rights under the RSA with respect to the negotiation, drafting, execution, and delivery of the Definitive Documents or otherwise exercise rights or remedies under the RSA.

(d) For the avoidance of doubt, any RSA Bond held at any time by the RSA Marketmaker in its capacity as a Qualified Marketmaker shall continue to be entitled to all rights to which such Uninsured Bond was entitled when it was held by the transferring Supporting Holder, including the Securitization Bond Treatment or Stipulated Treatment, as applicable,

accrual of Administrative Claims and receipt of Settlement Payments, Increased Settlement Payments, and Adequate Protection Payments, as applicable; provided that if PREPA as already paid any of these amounts to the transferor it will not be required to make such payments to the RSA Marketmaker or anyone else.

(e) The obligations assumed under this RSA Marketmaker Joinder shall apply solely to RSA Bonds. For the avoidance of doubt, this RSA Marketmaker Joinder shall not cause the RSA to apply to (i) Uninsured Bonds other than RSA Bonds, claims, securities, loans, other obligations or any other interest that may be held, acquired or sold by the RSA Marketmaker, (ii) any credit facilities to which the RSA Marketmaker or any of its affiliates may be party, (iii) any new credit facility, amendment to an existing credit facility, or debt or equity securities offering involving the RSA Marketmaker or its affiliates, (iv) any direct or indirect principal activities undertaken by the RSA Marketmaker or its affiliates engaged in the venture capital, private equity, or mezzanine businesses, or portfolio companies in which they have investments, (v) any ordinary course sales and trading activity taken by employees who are not a member of the RSA Marketmaker, (vi) any RSA Marketmaker or affiliate or related business engaged in providing private banking or investment management services, or (vii) any Uninsured Bonds or related claims that may be beneficially owned by non-affiliated clients of the RSA Marketmaker or any of its affiliates. Nothing herein addresses or otherwise modifies the status and obligations of the RSA Marketmaker or any affiliate of the RSA Marketmaker under or with respect to the RSA (or any other joinder agreement thereto), including whether or not the RSA currently applies or in the future will apply to the RSA Marketmaker or any affiliate thereof independently of this RSA Marketmaker Joinder.

2. Representations and Warranties. The RSA Marketmaker hereby makes the representations and warranties in Section 11(a) of the RSA, except that any references to “Agreement,” “Definitive RSA,” or “RSA” shall be replaced with references to this RSA Marketmaker Joinder, and further represents, warrants, and covenants that, if it is required to vote RSA Bonds in accordance with Section 1(b) hereof, it shall have all requisite or necessary authority to vote such RSA Bonds in a Plan, qualifying modification, exchange, or other restructuring of the Uninsured Bonds; provided, that the RSA Marketmaker does not assume any obligations or make any additional covenants under the RSA other than as set forth herein.

3. Governing Law. Section 15 of the RSA is incorporated by reference as if set forth fully herein, except that any references to “**Agreement**” or “**RSA**” shall be replaced with references to this RSA Marketmaker Joinder.

4. Notice of Joinder. The RSA Marketmaker agrees to provide a copy of this RSA Marketmaker Joinder to counsel to the Ad Hoc Group, FOMB, PREPA, and AAFAF in accordance with Section 27 of the RSA.

* * * * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Marketmaker Joining Party has caused this Marketmaker Joinder to be executed as of the date set forth above.

[NAME OF INSTITUTION]

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
Attention: _____
Email: _____

Exhibit C
Recovery Plan Term Sheet

RECOVERY PLAN TERM SHEET

Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings given such terms in the Definitive RSA to which this Recovery Plan Term Sheet is attached.

I. Acceleration of Bonds.

The Plan and Confirmation Order shall accelerate all of the Uninsured Bonds and Insured Bonds to the extent such Bonds are insured by a party to the RSA as of the Effective Date, with the same effect and treatment as if all of the Bonds were accelerated under the terms of the Trust Agreement.

II. Supporting Holder Exchange.

The Supporting Holders shall commit to exchange (or commit to cause an exchange, as applicable) all of their Bonds, whenever acquired, for Securitization Bonds on the Effective Date, on the terms and in the manner set forth herein.

II. Securitization Bonds.¹

a) The SPV shall issue Securitization Bonds, in the tranches provided below, secured by the Transition Charge.

b) The Securitization Bonds shall be issued on the Effective Date.

III. Transition Charge.

a) The transition charge allocable to outstanding power revenue and revenue refunding bonds issued by PREPA under the Trust Agreement (the “**Transition Charge**”)² shall be set at the following levels:

(i) 2.768 c/kWh for Years 1-3 [FY21-FY23]

¹ In the event of conflict with these terms, the terms of the Securitization Term Sheet, attached to the Recovery Plan Term Sheet as Annex A, relating to the Securitization Bonds shall govern.

² The calculation of the Transition Charge (including the TC Cap) set forth in this Recovery Plan Term Sheet assumes (i) 100% of the Bonds are exchanged, (ii) interest accrues on Bonds until May 1, 2019 calculated at prior stated interest rates for each CUSIP, (iii) interest stops accruing on all power revenue bonds on May 1, 2019, (iv) the Administrative Claim for the Tranche A interest accrues for the benefit of all Bonds beginning May 1, 2019 as provided in the Definitive RSA, (v) any portion of the Administrative Claim not paid through the Settlement Charge is satisfied in Tranche A Bonds, (vi) the transaction closes on June 30, 2020, and (vii) the Settlement Charge is paid as provided herein. To the extent these assumptions are not correct or have to be modified, the Transition Charge (including the TC Cap) will need to be adjusted in connection with the issuance of the Securitization Bonds. The Transition Charge amounts (including the TC Cap) set forth above also do not include (i) the Assured Treatment or any premium paid to Assured, (ii) the costs of administration of the securitization vehicle (including costs such as trustee fees and servicer fees), or (iii) the Assured swap, and the Transition Charge will need to be adjusted in connection with the issuance of the Securitization Bonds to take those items into account.

- (ii) 2.957 c/kWh for Years 4-8 [FY24-FY28]
- (iii) 3.242 c/kWh in Year 9 [FY29]
- (iv) 3.323 c/kWh in Year 10 [FY30]
- (v) 3.406 c/kWh in Year 11 [FY31]
- (vi) 3.492 c/kWh in Year 12 [FY32]
- (vii) 3.579 c/kWh in Year 13 [FY33]
- (viii) 3.668 c/kWh in Year 14 [FY34]
- (ix) 3.760 c/kWh in Year 15 [FY35]
- (x) 3.854 c/kWh in Year 16 [FY36]
- (xi) 3.950 c/kWh in Year 17 [FY37]
- (xii) 4.049 c/kWh in Year 18 [FY38]
- (xiii) 4.150 c/kWh in Year 19 [FY39]
- (xiv) 4.254 c/kWh in Year 20 [FY40]
- (xv) 4.361 c/kWh in Year 21 [FY41]
- (xvi) 4.470 c/kWh in Year 22 [FY42]
- (xvii) 4.552 c/kWh in Year 23 [FY43]

(xviii) 4.552 c/kWh in Year 24 [FY44] and thereafter through Transition Charge Termination

b) The Transition Charge allocable to the Bonds shall begin on the earlier of the Title III plan Effective Date or the Delayed Implementation Date and shall be capped at 4.552 c/kWh (the “TC Cap”).

IV. Exchange Ratio.³

- a) Tranche A Bonds: 67.5% of principal amount of outstanding Bonds subject to the

³ As used in “Exchange Ratio,” the principal amount of Supporting Holders’ Claims to be calculated to include (i) accrued and unpaid interest on the existing Bonds through an assumed exchange date of May 1, 2019 (which interest, in the case of a series of Assured Insured Bonds that bear interest at a floating interest rate, will be calculated based on the fixed rate under the related interest rate swap), and (ii) in the case of a series of Assured Insured Bonds that bear interest at a floating interest rate, the mark-to-market amount (the “Swap MTM Amount”) on the related interest rate swap as of the Effective Date (or such earlier date as negotiated by the Government Parties with the swap counterparties and Assured). As a result, Assured shall be entitled to receive additional Tranche A and B Bonds on

exchange plus, at the option of the Government Parties to the extent such Administrative Claim is not being paid in cash, 100% of any Administrative Claim being satisfied with Tranche A Bonds.

b) Tranche B Bonds: 10% of principal amount of outstanding Bonds subject to the exchange. The Tranche B Bonds shall not be required to be tax-exempt.⁴

c) With respect to Assured, the Exchange Ratio shall be subject to the Assured Treatment.

V. Tranche A Bonds.

a) There will be a tranche of Securitization Bonds known as the Tranche A Bonds (the “**Tranche A Bonds**”), with the following maturities and coupons:

(i) **Maturity:** 40-year stated final maturity, subject to early mandatory redemption from sweep of Transition Charge Revenues (33 year expected maturity from FOMB’s May 2018 projections, which may change).

account of the Swap MTM Amounts based on the same Exchange Ratio that is applicable to its claim with respect to Assured Insured Bonds. Such Swap MTM Amounts will be mutually agreed to between the Government Parties and Assured, provided that, if the parties cannot agree to such Swap MTM Amounts, then such amounts will be determined by obtaining actionable quotations from at least three swap dealers in accordance with Section 6(e) of the respective interest rate swap agreements (assuming that PREPA is the defaulting party for such purpose).

On the Effective Date, the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps will be extinguished and PREPA’s obligation thereunder will be satisfied by the treatment accorded to Assured on account of such interest rate swaps as described in this Term Sheet. Assured will have the option to (i) continue making net scheduled payments under the insurance policies insuring the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps or (ii) accelerate its obligations thereunder by paying the termination payment to the respective swap counterparties.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in lieu of receiving additional Tranche A and B Bonds on account of the Swap MTM Amounts as described above, Assured may elect, if agreed by Assured and the swap counterparties, to insure a security to be issued by the issuer of the Securitization Bonds that (i) is delivered to the counterparties to the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps with PREPA in exchange for their agreement to the extinguishment of the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps, the cancellation of the respective swap insurance policies and the release of all of their claims thereunder, (ii) entitles the holder of such security to receive periodic payments that are equal to the fixed amounts that the respective interest rate swap counterparty would have been entitled to receive under the respective interest rate swap if floating rates were zero at all times during the term of such swap and the respective fixed rate were equal to the difference between the actual fixed rate under such swap and the on-market fixed rate (the “**Market Fixed Rate**”) for an interest rate swap otherwise having the same terms as such swap, and (iii) is secured by a Transition Charge segregated from the Transition Charges securing Assured Securitization Bonds and other Securitization Bonds, with any excess revenues from such Transition Charge securing future payments under such security or being used to prepay such future payments if such prepayment is allowed in the definitive documentation. If Assured makes such election, the Market Fixed Rate will be the fixed rate agreed to among the Government Parties, Assured and the respective swap counterparties, provided that, if the parties cannot agree to such fixed rate, then such Market Fixed Rate will be determined by obtaining actionable quotations from at least three swap dealers to enter into an offsetting interest rate swap pursuant to which such swap dealers would be paying such fixed rate. If Assured makes such election, Assured will be entitled to receive premium payments with respect to the insurance policy wrapping such security that for each year during which such security is outstanding are equal to 0.5% per annum of the aggregate payments payable under such security in such year.

⁴ To the extent it has no economic effect on PREPA, the Tranche A and Tranche B Bonds shall be allocated in satisfaction of Bond principal and interest, whenever accrued, in the most tax-efficient manner.

(ii) **Coupon:** 5.25% to be paid in cash, on a tax-exempt basis.

(iii) Any interest not paid when due shall be added to the interest to be paid on the next payment date for such Tranche A Bonds. Interest shall accrue on overdue principal and interest at the coupon rate, compounding semi-annually.

(iv) The obligation to pay the Tranche A Bonds (including accrual and compounding, as applicable of interest) will extend beyond the stated final maturity if not paid in full on the stated final maturity until all principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Tranche A Bonds is paid in full.

VI. Tranche B Bonds.

a) There will be a tranche of Securitization Bonds known as the Tranche B Bonds (the “**Tranche B Bonds**”), with the following maturities and coupons:

(i) **Maturity:** 47-year stated final maturity.

(ii) **Coupon:** 7.00% accretion rate for tax-exempt bonds; 8.75% for taxable bonds.⁵

(iii) Interest on Tranche B Bonds shall be paid in additional Tranche B Bonds in a principal amount equal to the unpaid balance of Tranche B Bond interest due (such payment of interest on Tranche B Bonds referred to as “**PIK Payments**”).

(iv) No cash flow on Tranche B bonds until Tranche A paid in full.

(v) Tranche B Bonds shall receive 100% of total excess cash flow from the Transition Charge (including any cash on deposit in the DSRF) after repayment of the Tranche A Bonds until maturity.

(vi) Any amounts on such Tranche B Bonds not paid with Transition Charge Revenues imposed prior to the stated final maturity of the Tranche B Bonds shall not be recoverable by Bondholders.

VII. Assured Treatment.⁶

The Plan shall provide for the following treatments with respect to Assured on the account

⁵ The Government Parties shall work in good faith to try to obtain tax-exempt status for the Tranche B Bonds or as great a portion thereof as possible or, to the extent the Tranche B Bonds are not tax-exempt to work in good faith to minimize the tax impacts thereof; provided that the Government Parties shall not be required to change or modify the terms of any Transformation Transaction or incur any additional material costs to achieve such a result. A majority of the Ad Hoc Group, with the agreement of the Government Parties, may elect to alter the structure of the Tranche B Bonds received by holders of Uninsured Bonds to maximize tax exemption and minimize tax issues while otherwise maintaining equivalent economics.

⁶ Transition Charge, DSRF, and surety repayments allocable to Assured Securitization Bonds and swap counterparty security must be segregated from Transition Charge and DSRF allocable to Uninsured Bonds and separately accounted for in a manner agreed to by the Required Parties, so that Assured Treatment and swap counterparty treatment do not affect recoveries on Uninsured Bonds and vice versa. For avoidance of doubt, the Uninsured Bond

of the Assured Insured Bonds, the Uninsured Bonds identified on Assured's signature page hereto that are beneficially owned by Assured, and the Assured Insured Interest Rate Swaps, which treatments shall be selected by Assured in its sole discretion on or prior to the hearing on the disclosure statement:

a) **Assured Election:** At Assured's election (the "**Assured Election**"), all or any portion of the Assured Insured Bonds selected by Assured shall be paid, in full, on the Effective Date, at an acceleration price (the "**Acceleration Price**") equal to the outstanding principal amount of such Bonds plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon (or, in the case of any capital appreciation bonds, the compounded amount thereof) as of the Effective Date from (a) the proceeds of all or any portion of the Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of Assured Insured Bonds that shall be (i) insured, at Assured's election, in accordance with a new insurance policy issued by Assured on terms acceptable to Assured, (ii) underwritten in an "offering" within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12 and (iii) sold into the market such that they are issued and delivered to such underwriter(s) on the Effective Date, and (b) to the extent such proceeds of Assured Securitization Bonds are not sufficient to pay the Acceleration Price, amounts equal to such deficiency paid by Assured in accordance with the insurance policies (the "**Assured Insurance Policies**") guaranteeing the Assured Insured Bonds. In addition, at Assured's election, all or any of Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to Assured as a beneficial owner of Uninsured Bonds identified on Assured's signature page hereto, or that Assured is otherwise entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of this Definitive RSA, shall be insured, offered and underwritten in the same manner as Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of Assured Insured Bonds would be required to be insured, offered and underwritten if Assured exercised the Assured Election in respect of such Assured Insured Bonds, and any proceeds of the sale of such Assured Securitization Bonds shall be transferred to Assured. The principal amounts, maturities and interest rates on the Assured Securitization Bonds in respect of which any of the foregoing elections is exercised, shall be determined by Assured in consultation with applicable underwriter(s), such that the interest rates on the Assured Securitization Bonds shall be the lowest interest rates necessary for such Assured Securitization Bonds to be issued with increased par amounts relative to other Securitization Bonds and otherwise result in the Assured Securitization Bonds being issued at the lowest aggregate yield; provided, however, that the annual debt service on the Assured Securitization Bonds due in any fiscal year shall not be greater than the annual debt service that would have been due in such fiscal year if such Assured Securitization Bonds had the same terms as the other Securitization Bonds. The costs associated with the issuance of the Assured Securitization Bonds (including the fees and compensation of the applicable underwriter(s)) shall be paid by PREPA and shall not be withheld from the proceeds of the Assured Securitization Bonds. The offering and underwriting of the Assured Securitization Bonds shall be provided for in the Plan or in connection with providing the Stipulated Treatment, provided, however, that if either (i) at or prior to the time of pricing of Assured Securitization Bonds, Assured determines, based on its good faith evaluation of the circumstances, that Assured Securitization Bonds cannot be sold into the market on terms acceptable to Assured or (ii) such Assured Securitization Bonds are not issued to the underwriter(s) for any reason, then in either case,

Transition Charge or allocation must be set at levels sufficient to cover debt service in respect of Securitization Bonds allocable to the Uninsured Bonds, and Assured's Transition Charge or allocation must be set at levels sufficient to cover both debt service and premiums in respect of Assured Securitization Bonds and otherwise to provide for the Assured Treatment.

Assured (A) may elect, in its sole discretion, to pay the applicable Acceleration Price (such payment election, the “**Assured Acceleration Price Payment Option**”) to the holders of any Assured Insured Bonds with respect to which Assured has exercised the Assured Election, and (B) shall receive, on the Effective Date, the Assured Securitization Bonds in respect of which the Assured Acceleration Price Payment Option is exercised and any other Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to Assured or the Assured is otherwise entitled to receive hereunder, which Assured Securitization Bonds may, at Assured’s election, be insured in accordance with a new insurance policy issued by Assured on terms acceptable to it. The Plan shall provide that payment of the applicable Acceleration Price with respect to any Assured Insured Bond in accordance with the Assured Election shall satisfy and discharge all of Assured’s obligations under the Assured Insurance Policies with respect to such Assured Insured Bond.

b) **Assured Bondholder Elections**: In the event that Assured declines to make the Assured Election with respect to any Assured Insured Bonds as described above (or makes the Assured Election but declines to exercise the Assured Acceleration Price Payment Option upon the occurrence of any event that gives Assured the right to exercise such option as described above), the plan or Stipulated Treatment provision may offer each beneficial holder of an Assured Insured Bond with respect to which Assured has not made the Assured Election any one or more of the following options (collectively, the “**Assured Bondholder Elections**”), in each case on terms acceptable to Assured: (1) Assured Bondholder Election 1, pursuant to which such holder shall receive from Assured the applicable Acceleration Price on the Effective Date in full satisfaction and discharge of Assured’s obligations with respect to such holder under the applicable Assured Insurance Policies, and Assured shall receive Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to such holder under the plan that may, at Assured’s election, be insured in accordance with a new insurance policy issued by Assured on terms acceptable to it; (2) Assured Bondholder Election 2, pursuant to which such holder shall opt into a custodial trust, escrow arrangement, or similar structure established by Assured that would provide such holder with an interest in the applicable Assured Insurance Policy and Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to such holder in accordance with terms acceptable to Assured; or (3) Assured Bondholder Election 3, pursuant to which such holder shall, on the Effective Date, and in full satisfaction of Assured’s obligations under the applicable Assured Insurance Policies, receive (i) the Assured Securitization Bonds allocable to such holder under the plan, which Assured Securitization Bonds may, at Assured’s election, be insured in accordance with a new insurance policy issued by Assured on terms acceptable to Assured, and (ii) a cash payment from Assured in an amount to be determined or defined by Assured prior to the hearing on the disclosure statement. The Assured Bondholder Elections offered to Assured Insured Bondholders shall include at least either Assured Bondholder Election 1 or Assured Bondholder Election 2. In the event that Assured Bondholder Election 1 is not one of the options offered, the structure, terms, and conditions of the custodial trust, escrow arrangement or similar structure established as part of Assured Bondholder Election 2 must be reasonably acceptable to Assured and the Government Parties and the interests granted therein must be DTC eligible, provided that such custodial trust, escrow arrangement or similar structure will be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to the Government Parties if it is consistent with either one of the structures set forth in Annex B hereto. The Definitive RSA will provide that in the event an Assured Bondholder fails to make an election such Assured Bondholder is deemed to have elected Election 2 (unless otherwise provided in the Plan).

c) **DSRF Surety**: Assured may, at its election, provide a DSRF surety to satisfy the

DSRF requirement with respect to Tranche A Bonds that are Assured Securitization Bonds, which DSRF surety will be in effect during the entire term of such Tranche A Bonds. Any reimbursement obligation with respect to such DSRF surety will be secured and payable from the portion of the Transition Charge allocable to Assured Securitization Bonds, subordinate only to interest on Tranche A Bonds secured by such DSRF Surety. In exchange for such DSRF surety, Assured will be entitled to receive (i) additional Tranche A Bonds having a principal amount equal to the present value of the projected cash flow that would fund the DSRF requirement with respect to Tranche A Bonds that are Assured Securitization Bonds in the absence of the DSRF surety from Transition Charge excess cash following interest paid on Tranche A Bonds, and (ii) an upfront one-time DSRF surety fee equal to 2% of the DSRF requirement with respect to Tranche A Bonds that are Assured Securitization Bonds. Such DSRF Surety shall only secure the Tranche A Bonds that are Assured Securitization Bonds.

d) **Insurance Premiums:** To the extent that Assured insures any Assured Securitization Bonds, Assured will be entitled to receive a premium that (a) in the case of any Tranche A Bonds that it insures, will be payable in each year during which such Tranche A Bonds are outstanding, will be equal to 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of such Tranche A Bonds that were outstanding as of the first day of such year and will be payable from and secured by the Transition Charge revenues on a *pari passu* basis with interest on Tranche A Bonds, and (b) in the case of any Tranche B Bonds that it insures, will be a one-time premium payable in form of Tranche A Bonds having a principal amount equal to 2% of the expected aggregate cash flow of such Tranche B Bonds.

VIII. Call Protection.

a) Tranche A Bonds: Callable starting on the first interest payment date after the tenth anniversary of the issuance date.

b) Tranche B Bonds: Starting on the first interest payment date after the tenth anniversary of the issuance date, callable at the product of (i) the accreted value of the Tranche B Bonds at the date of redemption, multiplied by (ii) the Tranche B Call Premium. "Tranche B Call Premium" shall be (i) 110% for the twelve-month period starting on the first call date, (ii) 109.5% for the next twelve-month period and (iii) shall continue to decline by 0.5% each twelve-month period thereafter until it reaches 100%.

IX. Debt Service Reserve Fund ("DSRF").

a) The DSRF requirement shall be set at 5% of principal amount of the Tranche A Bonds.

b) DSRF will be funded through first dollars from Transition Charge excess cash following interest paid on Tranche A Bonds.

X. Payment Default.

a) No default on Tranche A Bonds for failure to pay scheduled debt service prior to maturity, so long as full amount collected under the Transition Charge (minus administrative fees) is used to pay debt service. Interest shall continue to accrue (and compound, as applicable) at the

original Coupon rate.

b) No default on Tranche B Bonds for failure to pay debt service, so long as full amount collected under the Transition Charge (minus administrative fees) is used to pay debt service. Interest shall continue to accrue (and pay-in-kind, as applicable) and accrete at the original Coupon rate.

c) The Transition Charge shall extend, and interest shall continue to accrue (and compound or pay-in-kind, as applicable) at the original Coupon rate, until the “**Transition Charge Termination**,” which shall be the later of (1) the date necessary to pay the Tranche A Bonds in full, even if past their stated maturity, and (2) the earlier of (i) the stated maturity of the Tranche B Bonds, and (ii) the date on which the Tranche B Bonds are paid in full.

XI. Remedies.

a) Remedies will be mutually agreed upon in the Definitive Documentation or Additional Definitive Documentation and will include, at a minimum, the right to replace the Transition Charge servicer and the right to enforce the Securitization Bonds’ trust agreement’ the servicing agreement, and non-impairment covenants. Requirements for replacement servicer to be mutually agreed upon as part of Definitive Documentation.

XII. Securitization Protections (including structure of SPV).

a) As set forth in Schedule I-B to the Securitization Term Sheet.

XIII. Administrative Fees.

a) Terms, structure, and cap on administrative fees to be mutually agreed upon.

XIV. Demand Protections.

a) As set forth in Schedule I-A to the Securitization Term Sheet.

ANNEX A TO RECOVERY PLAN TERM SHEET:

Securitization Term Sheet Summary of Major Terms

This term sheet (the “**Securitization Term Sheet**”) is intended to set forth certain agreements of the Parties with respect to the Securitization Bonds to be issued in accordance with the Definitive RSA and the exhibits, schedules and annexes thereto to which this Securitization Term Sheet is attached (collectively, the “**Agreement**” or “**RSA**”) and to set forth certain provisions in addition to those set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet. This Term Sheet does not address all material terms that would be required to consummate the transactions set forth in the RSA, the Recovery Plan Term Sheet and this Securitization Term Sheet and is subject to Definitive Documentation.

Capitalized terms used in this Securitization Term Sheet that are not explicitly defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the RSA. The provisions of this Securitization Term Sheet shall be subject to and governed by the RSA, including the Rule of Interpretation set forth therein.

This Term Sheet does not constitute (nor shall it be construed as) an offer with respect to any securities.

Legislation	Act 4-2016 shall be amended or other legislation shall be enacted to govern the Securitization Bonds and implement the transactions contemplated by the RSA, the Recovery Plan Term Sheet and this Securitization Term Sheet (the “ Amended Act ”). Enactment of the Amended Act, as set forth in “Conditions Precedent” below, is a condition precedent to the Effective Date unless otherwise consented to by the Required Parties.	
Issuance of Securitization Bonds	Securitization Bonds shall be issued on the Effective Date of the Plan pursuant to and secured by a trust agreement (the “ Securitization Trust Agreement ”).	
Interest Accrual; Interest Payment Dates	<p>Interest on the Securitization Bonds will accrue (as applicable) at a fixed rate and be computed on a 30/360 basis and be due as follows:</p> <p>For Tranche A Bonds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interest will accrue (and, to the extent not paid, compound) and be payable semi-annually, on each January 1 and July 1 (each, an “Interest Payment Date”) at the coupon rate and on the terms set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet. First scheduled Interest Payment Date is [January 1, 2021]¹. 	<p>For Tranche B Bonds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interest will accrue, accrete, and be compounded semi-annually (on each Interest Payment Date) at the coupon rate set forth in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.²

¹ Initial Interest Payment Date shall be set based on issuance date of Securitization Bonds.

² The Required Parties shall work collaboratively to maximize the tax benefits related to the Tranche B Bonds, including altering the structure and terms thereof in a manner that preserves equivalent economics and does not have an adverse effect on the Government Parties or Supporting Holders.

Tranche A Expected Scheduled Retirement Date; Bond Structure	The Tranche A Bonds are expected to mature in 33 years (according to FOMB's May 2018 projections, which are subject to change, including with respect to demand projections) and shall have a stated final maturity of 40 years, subject to earlier mandatory redemption from Transition Charge Revenues ³ remaining after all other required payments in accordance with "Priority of Payment" below have been satisfied; <u>provided</u> , that maturity of Tranche A Bonds (including accrual and compounding of interest as set forth in the RSA/Plan Term Sheet) will extend beyond their stated final maturity and such Tranche A Bonds will remain outstanding if not paid in full on the stated final maturity until all principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Tranche A Bonds is paid in full. For the Uninsured Securitization Bonds, any cash on deposit in the DSRF shall be used to pay such Bonds at maturity (or prior to maturity if the amount on deposit in the DSRF equals or exceeds the remaining debt service on such Bonds) and any excess therein shall thereafter be used to pay the Tranche B Bonds.
Tranche B Expected Scheduled Retirement Date; Bond Structure	The Tranche B Bonds shall be structured as capital appreciation bonds ⁴ with a stated final maturity of 47 years, subject to mandatory redemption after payment in full of all amounts outstanding on the Tranche A Bonds from (1) for the Uninsured Securitization Bonds, any cash remaining on deposit in the DSRF after no Tranche A Bonds are outstanding under the Securitization Trust Agreement and (ii) for all Securitization Bonds, all cash flow from Transition Charge Revenues remaining after all other required payments in accordance with "Priority of Payment" below have been satisfied; <u>provided</u> , that any amounts on the Tranche B Bonds not paid with Transition Charge Revenues imposed prior to the stated final maturity of the Tranche B Bonds shall not be recoverable by Bondholders.
Denominations	Integral multiples of \$1.00 or such higher amount required by DTC.
Restructuring Resolution; Financing Costs	Simultaneously with the consummation of the Plan, the Issuer shall adopt a restructuring resolution (the " Restructuring Resolution ") in form and substance acceptable to the Required Parties, which resolution shall be adopted by the Issuer simultaneously with the consummation of the Plan, create and constitute part of the Restructuring Property ⁵ and approve the issuance of Securitization Bonds, the incurrence of other Secured Obligations (as defined in the Securitization Protections Term Sheet) and

³ "**Transition Charge Revenues**" means any money or other property received or to be received on account of the Transition Charges, and all proceeds of the investment thereof.

⁴ Any references in the RSA/Plan Term Sheet to PIK Payments or payment in kind of interest on the Tranche B Bonds shall be understood to refer to accrual, accretion, and semi-annual compounding of interest of capital appreciation bonds.

⁵ "**Restructuring Property**" (i) means a Restructuring Resolution and the property rights and interests created thereby, including the title and right to, and the interest in: (a) the right to receive Transition Charges; (b) the Transition Charges, as adjusted from time to time if required under the Definitive Documents, including any rights under a Servicing Agreement assigned pursuant to the Securitization Trust Agreement; (c) all revenues, collections, claims, payments, money, or proceeds on account of the Transition Charges or constituting Transition Charges, regardless of whether such revenues, collections, claims, payments, money, or proceeds are billed, received, collected or maintained by PREPA or by the Issuer together with or commingled with other revenues, collections, claims, payments, money, or proceeds; (d) all rights relating to the Transition Charges pursuant to the terms of the Restructuring Resolution related thereto (including as provided in the Demand Protection Term Sheet); and (e) all reserves established in connection with the Securitization Bonds or the Restructuring Property. For the avoidance of doubt, Restructuring Property shall not include any other charges, other property of the Issuer, property of PREPA or federal funds received by PREPA, the Government or any Government Entity.

	<p>the imposition and collection of the Transition Charges and Financing Costs in accordance with the terms hereof. The Restructuring Resolution shall address such other matters as may be necessary or desirable for the servicing of the Restructuring Property, with such terms and conditions agreed upon by the Required Parties. The Restructuring Resolution shall be irrevocable.</p> <p>“Financing Costs” shall be defined in, and shall be subject to, any restrictions set forth in the Restructuring Resolution or Securitization Trust Agreement but shall at a minimum include items 1, 2, 3, and 7 in “Priority of Payment” below and compensation for the Issuer’s board, and director and officer insurance for the Issuer, and the Transition Charge shall adjust to cover such Financing Costs in the manner set forth in the Definitive Documents; provided, that general Issuer expenses shall be allocated among Securitization Bonds and any other debt issued by the Issuer.</p>
Administrator	<p>To the extent that the Issuer acts through, or contracts with, an administrator (the “Administrator”), such Administrator shall enter into an Administration Agreement governing its employment. The Required Parties must agree on the identity of the Administrator (including whether the Administrator will be a third-party Servicer), but shall not be any Government Entity or employee thereof.</p>
Securitization Trustee	<p>The Securitization Trustee for the initial issuance of Securitization Bonds shall be a mainland financial institution (to the extent available) agreed upon by the Required Parties and shall hold all accounts associated with the Securitization Bonds at a mainland branch.</p>
Servicer	<p>The servicer⁶ of the Transition Charge (the “Servicer”) shall be a concessionaire, operator or other service provider for the System⁷ (or other party agreed upon by the Required Parties).</p> <p>The Issuer and the Servicer shall become a party to a servicing agreement (the “Servicing Agreement”), and which shall include, among others, the terms and conditions set forth herein and other terms and conditions consistent with prudent mainland utility securitizations, taking into account appropriate adjustments to reflect the structure of this transaction and feasibility in light of PREPA’s system, and shall at a minimum include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A covenant that the Servicer obtain meter reads, calculate or estimate electricity usage, and bill the Transition Charges to the customers as a separate line item on electric bills; • A covenant that, if the Servicer receives any billed amounts from customers in respect of electricity charges, Transition Charges, and/or other charges, the Servicer shall promptly transfer such receipts to a third-party collection agent agreed upon by the Required Parties and the

⁶ Certain minimum standards that would have to be met by a Servicer will be included in the Definitive Documentation. PREPA may also act as Servicer during any transition period to any concessionaire, operator, or other service provider; provided, that the Definitive Documentation shall provide separate servicer terms and servicing standards specific acceptable to the Required Parties to PREPA or another Government Entity. References herein to PREPA acting as Servicer includes PREPA or any other Government Entity acting as Servicer, even on a temporary basis.

⁷ System shall have the definition given to it in Demand Protection Term Sheet.

	<p>Servicer that meets the requirements set forth below (the “Depository”), and covenants addressing how charges from customers that do not pay in person shall be remitted to the Depository; in order to maximize collections the Required Parties may agree on provisions providing for collection and aggregation in other accounts prior to remittance to the Depository, including in accounts established and held by financial institutions in Puerto Rico;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A covenant that the Servicer use commercially reasonable efforts to collect all Transition Charges; provided, that if the Servicer is PREPA, the Servicing Agreement shall include specific requirements acceptable to the Required Parties for collection of the Transition Charges; • Daily allocation of Transition Charges and electricity and other charges by the Depository; provided, that the Required Parties will agree on provisions concerning such allocation, which may include provisions that amounts will be allocated based on actual amounts on deposit in the particular account after all transactions have been confirmed and reconciled; • A covenant that the Servicer provide to the Issuer, the Securitization Trustee on behalf of the Secured Parties (as defined in the Securitization Protections Term Sheet) (or, if different, any owner of all or any portion of the Restructuring Property), any rating agency rating the Securitization Bonds, and, if applicable, the Servicing Monitor commercially reasonable reporting as set forth in the Definitive Documents;⁸ <u>provided</u>, that the Definitive Documents shall address the ability of the Securitization Trustee to share information with the Secured Parties; and • Covenants acceptable to the Servicer regarding termination of service to customers, termination of access to the System, and making use of intercept provisions, including a prohibition on discriminating between treatment of the Transition Charge and other electric charges.
Servicing Agreement	<p>The Servicing Agreement shall further (and subject, in each case, to the terms and conditions of the Servicing Agreement):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • set forth the Servicer’s compensation, which compensation shall be reasonable, market-based compensation; • include deposit, allocation, and periodic reconciliation requirements; • authorize the Securitization Trustee to replace the Servicer⁹ or appoint a co-servicer or other additional or special servicer under the conditions set forth in the Servicing Agreement; and

⁸ To the extent the Servicer is PREPA, the Servicer must provide such financial information in respect of the Servicer, or material information regarding the Restructuring Property, as may be necessary for the Issuer, Securitization Trustee (or such other owner of the Restructuring Property), any rating agency rating the Securitization Bonds, and the Servicing Monitor (if applicable) to monitor the Servicer’s performance under the Servicing Agreement, perform their respective duties, and determine compliance by the Servicer with the Servicing Agreement.

⁹ References to replacement of the Servicer throughout this Term Sheet, the RSA and the related documents shall mean replacement of the Servicer in such capacity only and not in any other capacity.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • contain other provisions, including for resignation or removal, and replacement, of the Servicer as set forth in the Servicing Agreement, including for failure to take collection actions required by the Servicing Agreement. <p>The Servicing Agreement may also include provisions regarding the appointment of a backup servicer, co-Servicers or subservicers, which shall include the terms regarding the backup servicer, co-Servicers, and subservicers set forth in the Demand Protection Term Sheet.</p> <p>The Servicing Agreement shall also provide for the option on the part of the Servicer to make advances to the Issuer with respect to Transition Charge receivables.</p>
Depository	<p>Amounts held by the Depository shall be allocated between Transition Charges, electricity charges, and other permitted charges and transferred daily to the Securitization Trustee (in respect of Transition Charge collections), to the Servicer for payment to PREPA or any successor(s)¹⁰ (in respect of electric and other charges), or to the owner of any other permitted charges (in respect of such other permitted charges) in accordance with a methodology agreed upon by the Required Parties. Such allocation and transfer shall be periodically reviewed by the Servicing Monitor (if applicable) and corrected by the Servicer based on the direction of the Servicing Monitor. The Securitization Trustee shall receive and hold all such amounts in a segregated deposit account. All Transition Charge Revenues shall be and remain property of the Issuer, and, except as otherwise provided in connection with Permitted Indebtedness, all collections that are not Transition Charge Revenues shall be and remain property of PREPA or its successor.</p> <p>The Servicer will be expressly prohibited in the Servicing Agreement from acting as Depository in respect of the Transition Charges. If the Servicer receives any Transition Charges, such receipt will be in its capacity as agent of the Issuer only, and the Servicer will hold such Transition Charges in trust for the exclusive benefit of the Issuer, Securitization Trustee, and the Secured Parties. The Servicer shall take such action necessary to direct third parties to turn over Transition Charges and electric and other charges to the Depository. Transition Charges shall not lose their character as Restructuring Property by virtue of possession by the Servicer, the Depository or any other party, and such Transition Charges shall be transferred as soon as possible to the Depository.</p> <p>The Depository shall be a mainland financial institution (to the extent available), agreed upon by the Required Parties, that is not related to the Government of Puerto Rico (the “Government”) or any of its agencies, departments, public corporations, trusts, funds, systems, instrumentalities, political subdivisions, taxing authorities, or regulatory bodies (each, a “Government Entity”) and that holds its accounts on the mainland.¹¹</p>

¹⁰ References to “successor” in this provision shall refer to any person who bills or collects electricity rates in Puerto Rico.

¹¹ The Definitive Documents shall incorporate mechanics acceptable to the Required Parties that address, to the extent applicable, electronic transaction fees and other amounts that are collected or aggregated in Puerto Rico.

	<p>The Securitization Trust Agreement shall authorize the Securitization Trustee to replace the Depository, subject to terms and conditions agreed upon by the Required Parties.</p> <p>The Definitive Documents shall provide the investment standards for funds held by the Depository and the Securitization Trustee; provided, that neither the Depository nor the Securitization Trustee shall hold any accounts at or invest in AAFAF or any other Government Entity.</p> <p>In the event that a Depository cannot be identified to perform the responsibilities set forth above, the Servicing Agreement shall provide another methodology for allocating collections acceptable to the Required Parties and the Servicer.</p>
Servicing Monitor	<p>Solely if PREPA is acting as Servicer, a third-party servicing monitor (not affiliated with the Government or any Government Entity) (in such capacity, “Servicing Monitor”) agreed upon by the Required Parties will be appointed and retained to confirm the Servicer’s calculation and implementation of Transition Charges (including the implementation mechanisms described on the Demand Protection Term Sheet) and to review any allocation and transfer instructions provided by the Service to the Depository.¹² The Servicing Monitor shall also have the right to review the Servicer’s billing and collection practices. The Servicing Monitor shall act as an agent of the Securitization Trustee on behalf of the Secured Parties.</p> <p>The Securitization Trust Agreement shall include the qualifications for the Servicing Monitor and shall allow the Securitization Trustee to remove and replace the Servicing Monitor.</p> <p>In case of a dispute between the Servicing Monitor and the Servicer, an independent expert shall be appointed.</p> <p>The Servicing Monitor shall be in place no later than the Effective Date.</p>
Restructuring Property; Security; Lien	<p>The Restructuring Property will be as described in the Amended Act and in the Restructuring Resolution.</p> <p>In addition to the statutory lien on the Restructuring Property granted pursuant to and set forth in the Amended Act, the Issuer shall also grant the Secured Parties a supplemental security interest in the Restructuring Property and in all funds and accounts held by the Securitization Trustee thereunder, to secure the Secured Obligations.</p> <p>The lien of the Secured Parties shall have priority over any other lien (other than the statutory lien) on the Restructuring Property, and the Securitization Trust Agreement shall not permit any other lien on the Restructuring Property senior to the lien of the Secured Parties (other than the statutory lien).</p>

¹² If the Servicer is a mainland third party that meets certain standards, then all information that would have gone to the Servicing Monitor must go to the Securitization Trustee (with permission to share with holders of Securitization Bond subject to terms of the Securitization Trust Agreement), but no Servicing Monitor is necessary. In the event of a dispute between the Trustee or any holder and the Servicer, an independent expert shall be appointed.

	The Securitization Trustee shall have the right to foreclose on all Restructuring Property and sell such Restructuring Property for the sole benefit of the Secured Parties.
Priority of Payment	<p>On each payment date in respect of principal and interest, all amounts of the Transition Charge Revenues allocable to the Securitization Bonds will be available to pay the following amounts in the following priority (except as may otherwise be agreed upon by the Required Parties and subject to agreement on the allocation of the Transition Charge Revenues between the Uninsured Securitization Bonds and the Assured Securitization Bonds):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fees, costs, and expenses owed to the Securitization Trustee 2. Depository and, if applicable, Servicing Monitor fees 3. Servicer fees and related agent and/or administrator fees 4. Interest on Tranche A Bonds¹³ 5. Initial funding of the Debt Service Reserve Fund (expected to occur over a nine-year period) 6. So long as the Tranche A Bonds are outstanding, replenishment of Debt Service Reserve Fund to required reserve level 7. Indemnity amounts owed to the Securitization Trustee 8. All remaining Transition Charge Revenues shall be applied to the mandatory redemption of Tranche A Bonds at a redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the applicable redemption date and, upon payment in full of the Tranche A Bonds, for the mandatory redemption of the Tranche B Bonds at a redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the applicable redemption date; <p>provided, that for the Transition Charge Revenues allocable to the Assured Securitization Bonds, (i) interest on Tranche A Bonds that are Assured Securitization Bonds and premium payments payable to Assured with respect to any insurance policy insuring such Tranche A Bonds shall be payable on a <i>pari passu</i> basis; and (ii) the funding and replenishment of the DSRF will be replaced by the payment of any reimbursement obligation with respect to any DSRF surety.</p>
Partial Payments Allocated Pro Rata	Any partial payments by customers shall be allocated pro rata between the Issuer (in respect of the Transition Charges), PREPA or any successor(s) ¹⁴ (in respect of the electric and other charges), and the owner of any other charges (in respect of such other charges) such pro rata allocation to be based upon the relative amounts of the Transition Charges, the PREPA charges, and the other charges as a part of the total bill; provided, that any applicable Puerto Rico taxes and Government-imposed fees (including any taxes or fees imposed by a Government Entity) shall be covered by an increase in the Transition Charge so that debt service is not effected; and provided further, that if the Issuer agrees to increase the charge to cover federally imposed taxes or fees in an issuance of additional bonds permitted under the

¹³ To the extent the Servicer is PREPA, interest on Tranche A Bonds shall be paid before servicer fees.

¹⁴ References to “successor” in this provision shall refer to any person who bills or collects electricity rates in Puerto Rico.

	Securitization Trust Agreement, the Transition Charge shall also be entitled to such increase.
Events of Default	<p>The Securitization Trust Agreement shall include the following events of default and such other events of default as are agreed upon by the Required Parties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any violation of the Plan or the Confirmation Order, including violation of covenants by the Government or any Government Entity, subject to such notice and cure periods, if any, set forth in the Securitization Trust Agreement; • Covenant defaults by the Issuer subject to such notice and cure periods, if any, as are agreed upon by the Required Parties; • An event of default under the Servicing Agreement, Servicing Monitor Agreement, Administration Agreement, or Depository Agreement as are agreed to by the Required Parties; provided, that the remedy for any cross-default under the Servicing Agreement shall be solely the replacement of the Servicer unless otherwise agreed by the Required Parties; • Bankruptcy defaults agreed upon by the Required Parties; • Any act or failure to act by the Government or any Government Entity (including the Issuer) that violates or is not in accordance with the Amended Act, the Restructuring Resolution, the Securitization Trust Agreement, or other Securitization Documents; • The Government or any Government Entity (including the Issuer) breaches its covenants subject to such materiality standards, if any, set forth in the Securitization Trust Agreement; and • Failure to pay principal on the final maturity date of the Tranche A Bonds.
Governance	The Issuer's governance shall be as set forth in the Amended Act and the Securitization Trust Agreement.
Remedies	<p>Remedies will be set forth in the Definitive Documents and will include, at a minimum, the right to replace the Servicer and the right to enforce the Securitization Trust Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, and the Government's covenants. Requirements for replacement Servicer to be part of Definitive Documents.</p> <p>The Issuer, the Securitization Trustee, the Secured Parties, and any owner of all or a portion of the Restructuring Property shall have the rights set forth in the Amended Act and the Restructuring Resolution, along with other rights and remedies set forth in the Definitive Documents.</p> <p>Neither the Transition Charge levels (including the TC Cap), duration, nor applicable coupon rates on the Securitization Bonds shall change as a result of an event of default.</p>
Additional Provisions	Actions that comply with law or regulation but that violate provisions of the Securitization Documents shall constitute a default; provided, that a third-

	<p>party Servicer shall not incur liability for violations of the Securitization Documents due to its compliance with law or regulation.</p> <p>The Transition Charge shall be billed and implemented in the manner and using the requirements set forth in the Amended Act and the Definitive Documents.</p> <p>The definitive documents related to a Transformation Transaction shall include customary covenants agreed to by the counterparty to the Transformation Transaction related to the maintenance of the tax-exemption on any Securitization Bonds.</p>
Additional Permitted Indebtedness	<p>The Definitive Documents shall provide that, at any time, Puerto Rico or PREPA and its subsidiaries and their respective legal successors (collectively, the “PREPA Parties”)¹⁵ or any Concessionaire (as defined below), to the extent such Concessionaire is issuing debt payable from charges, taxes, or other fees on Puerto Rico electricity, shall be permitted (i) to incur additional Indebtedness (as defined in the Securitization Trust Agreement)¹⁶ to fund costs related to the System, (ii) to impose charges, taxes, or other fees on electricity, or (iii) to grant liens in support of any such Indebtedness as provided below; provided that any such incurrence or imposition shall be done solely through a PREPA Party or the Issuer and shall be under and subject to the following conditions and requirements.</p> <p>A. Any additional Indebtedness issued must be solely for the following purposes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Indebtedness incurred in anticipation of receipt by any of the PREPA Parties, the Commonwealth or another governmental entity of funds from any agency of the U.S. Federal government, provided (x) such funds have been committed by such agency, (y) the Indebtedness being incurred is solely related to the System for purposes for which such funds have been committed and not for any other use, and (z) the designated recipient of the funds has agreed, to the extent permitted by applicable law, to turn over (and if permissible, pledge) such funds to the repayment of the additional Indebtedness incurred hereunder; 2. Indebtedness incurred to meet any local match or cost sharing requirements relating to receipt of funding related to the System to be received from any agency of the U.S. government;

¹⁵ For the avoidance of doubt, PREPA Parties shall not include entities set up for the purpose of issuing debt.

¹⁶ Neither the Issuer nor any PREPA Party may incur Indebtedness except as set forth above; provided, however, that with respect to PREPA Parties only, “Indebtedness” shall not include indebtedness or obligations or expenditures that are (i) incurred in the ordinary course of business, (ii) related to the operation of the System, and (iii) payable from collections that (x) are revenues of PREPA and (y) are not Transition Charge Revenues or revenues specifically allocated to Permitted Indebtedness.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Indebtedness incurred to cover any capital requirements for the System; 4. Indebtedness incurred to fund a cash operating reserve, related to the System on or after exit from Title III in an amount not to exceed the greater of (a) an amount equal to ninety days of projected operating expenses or (b) the amount required by the Concessionaire; provided, that if the amount required under clause (b) exceeds the amount in clause (a), then the amount of such excess shall be repaid within five years of the date of borrowing; 5. Indebtedness incurred to finance emergency response to a major disaster or emergency directly related to the System in response to an emergency declaration requested by the Governor of the Commonwealth and declared by the President of the United States pursuant to the Stafford Act or similar or successor Federal law; or 6. Indebtedness incurred to refinance, in whole or in part, any indebtedness permitted by A.1 through A.5 above subject to the same restrictions as the Indebtedness being refinanced. <p>B. The issuance of any additional Indebtedness must meet the following standards:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Unless such funds are otherwise permitted pursuant to A.4(a) or A. 5 above, a private operator, manager or concessionaire (the “Concessionaire”) is operating the System, and the amounts of additional Indebtedness are (a) deemed appropriate by the Concessionaire to fund capital expenditures related to the System or necessary for the other purposes set forth in A.1 through A.6 above and (b) included in the budget or long-term plan approved by the Concessionaire (and, to the extent required, PREB) for the System; 2. The issuance of additional Indebtedness has received all necessary approvals, including, to the extent required by applicable law, approvals by PREB, FOMB, and the Board of PREPA or the Issuer (as applicable); provided, that with regard to the Issuer, the Issuer’s governance documents shall require that its board approve all additional issuances by the Issuer and the Confirmation Order shall provide that this provision cannot be changed; 3. The additional Indebtedness must have a dedicated transition charge, statutory charge, or other tax or revenue stream or be funded from revenues generated from the electricity rate including, to the extent required, an
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	<p>increase in such rate (such charge, stream, or increase, the “Funding Charge”); the imposition of the Funding Charge has received all necessary approvals (including, to the extent required by applicable law, by PREB and FOMB); and the Funding Charge is projected to fully cover all costs associated with the additional Indebtedness, including debt service, and, with respect to any additional Indebtedness incurred for any of the purposes set forth in A.3. above, be projected as of the date of issuance not to decrease the projected collections on the Transition Charge;</p> <p>4. Any Funding Charge must be reflected in customer bills, and any allocation of partial payments in customer bills between the Funding Charge and the Transition Charge must be pro rata between the Transition Charge and the Funding Charge (each as then in effect) or require payment in full of the Transition Charge before the Funding Charge is paid;</p> <p>5. The Transition Charge and the Funding Charge shall be kept separate; provided, that any commingling of the Transition Charge with the Funding Charge shall not limit, defeat, impair or interfere with the Securitization Bonds’ lien on the Transition Charge; provided further, that all revenues from the Transition Charge and each Funding Charge that is property of the Issuer (the “Issuer Funding Charge”) will be commingled when received by the Issuer, and will be allocated by the Issuer among the Securitization Bonds and the additional Indebtedness supported by each Issuer Funding Charge pro-rata based on (x) the Transition Charge then in effect and (y) each respective Issuer Funding Charge then in effect (without giving effect to any adjustments to such Issuer Funding Charge that would cause it to exceed the charge that was originally scheduled to be then in effect to the extent such adjustments are the result of collections of the Issuer Funding Charge being less than amounts billed);</p> <p>6. The issuance of additional Indebtedness shall not adversely affect the tax treatment of the Securitization Bonds; and</p> <p>7. Any lien granted in support of the additional Indebtedness shall be limited to the Funding Charge and other assets directly related thereto or to assets of PREPA that are not Restructuring Property.</p> <p>Provided, for the avoidance of doubt, the financing of the amortization of the PREPA pension plan’s Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability and the establishment of a charge or other source of repayment therefore shall not</p>
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	<p>constitute Indebtedness but shall be subject to the requirements set forth in the clauses B.2 (except in the case of approvals required by clause B.2 or B.3 to the extent any approval is not required under the terms of the plan of adjustment) through B.7 above.</p> <p>Provided, further, that if there is no Concessionaire, then the restrictions on additional Indebtedness shall be as agreed upon by the Required Parties in the Securitization Trust Agreement and shall include at a minimum Indebtedness (a) incurred to fund a cash operating reserve on or after exit from Title III in an amount not to exceed the \$550 million and (b) that would be permitted under clauses A.1, A. 2, and A.5, but, in the case of clauses (a) and (b), subject to the requirements set forth in the clauses B.2 (except in the case of approvals required under clause B.2 or B.3 to the extent any approval is not required under the terms of the plan of adjustment) through B.7 above.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent that the Securitization Bonds are rated investment grade (without regard to any insurance or other third-party credit enhancement) by any nationally recognized rating agency (such bonds, the “Rated Bonds”), then the foregoing restrictions on additional Indebtedness shall not apply to any issuance of Indebtedness so long as each rating agency rating the Rated Bonds confirms that the issuance of such additional Indebtedness will not adversely affect the rating of such Rated Bonds (without regard to any insurance or other third-party credit enhancement).</p>
Governing Law; Venue	<p>Except as described in the last sentence of this paragraph, all documents relating to the Securitization Bonds or the issuance of the Securitization Bonds, and all of the Issuer’s agreements, shall be governed by the law of the State of New York, applied as if all such documents and agreements were executed in New York and were performed entirely within New York. Except as described in the last sentence of this paragraph, all rights of the Secured Parties shall be governed by the law of New York. Authorization and powers of PREPA and the Issuer are to be governed by Puerto Rico law.</p> <p>Each Party hereto, the parties to any of the Definitive Documents, and the Government (the “Agreement Parties”) shall submit to the continuing jurisdiction of the Title III Court and waive any objection to venue. In the event such court does not have or accept jurisdiction, the Agreement Parties shall agree to bring any disputes arising out of any aspect of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Transition Charge, the Securitization Bonds, or the Securitization Documents in any federal district court sitting in Puerto Rico and any appellate court therefrom, or in the event such federal district court does not have or accept jurisdiction, a {Commonwealth} court and any appellate court therefrom, and each Agreement Party shall be deemed to consent to the jurisdiction thereof.</p>
Confirmation Order	<p>The Confirmation Order shall include, among other things, the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Issuer shall be bankruptcy remote/ineligible, as set forth in the Securitization Protections Term Sheet; • The Secured Obligations are legal, valid, binding, and enforceable obligations of the Issuer under Puerto Rico and federal law, and that the

	<p>Transition Charge is property of the Issuer, free and clear of all liens, claims, encumbrances, and other interests of creditors of the Issuer, PREPA, the Government, or any Government Entity;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Secured Obligations are validly secured by a statutory lien and a consensual lien, and the Securitization Documents and other Definitive Documents are legal, valid, binding, and specifically enforceable obligations of the Issuer, which validation will be set forth in the Plan and the Confirmation Order, including, without limitation, covenants not to impair such property conferred under the Plan and the Confirmation Order; • The Transition Charge is a valid provision made to pay or secure payment of the Secured Obligations, is not a tax under Puerto Rico law, is appropriate, reasonable, non-discriminatory, and legally binding on and specifically enforceable (including by the Servicing Monitor) against any Person in accordance with the Plan; • Any current or future owner of Restructuring Property, the Securitization Trustee, and the other Secured Parties shall be entitled to the property rights conferred under the Amended Act, the Plan, and the Confirmation Order, including the right to enforce such rights subject to the Securitization Documents; • Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 945(a), the Title III Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction for at least the life of the Secured Obligations over all disputes arising out of any aspect of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Transition Charge, the Secured Obligations, or the Securitization Documents, including claims for specific performance, and each of the Government, the Government Entities, the Government Parties, and the Issuer shall consent, to the extent necessary, to exercise of jurisdiction over property and revenues of PREPA and the Issuer, notwithstanding section 305 of PROMESA; • The Confirmation Order shall provide that (i) subject to the passage of legislation authorizing the transaction, issuance of Securitization Bonds, the incurrence of the other Secured Obligations, the commencement of the Transition Charge, and any other aspect of the Agreement, including this Term Sheet, shall not be subject to review or approval by any party, including PREPA's regulator, and (ii) that the demand protections the ("Demand Protections") set forth on Scheduled I-A (the "Demand Protections Term Sheet") shall be binding on the Agreement Parties, the Government, and each Government Entity. • Other provisions, including market or customary terms, as agreed to by the Required Parties. <p>The decretal paragraphs of the Confirmation Order shall include the material terms, conditions, and covenants of the Government, PREPA, and the Issuer, as well as the other material terms and conditions of the Definitive Documents and Amended Act.</p>
Conditions Precedent to Securitization	<p>Customary conditions precedent to be agreed upon by the Required Parties and shall include, among other things:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enactment into law of the Amended Act in a manner that meets the requirements of the RSA; • Certification by FOMB of a PREPA fiscal plan and an Issuer fiscal plan pursuant to Section 201(a) of PROMESA consistent with the transactions contemplated in the Plan. • An order of the Title III Court approving the form of the Restructuring Resolution, making the determinations set forth in “Confirmation Order” above, and including such other terms agreed upon by the Required Parties. • Receipt by the Securitization Trustee, for the benefit of the Secured Parties, of resolutions as agreed upon by the Required Parties and legal opinions that meet the requirements of the RSA from nationally recognized counsel, bond counsel, and special tax counsel (if different) to the Issuer and PREPA, and the Secretary of Justice of Puerto Rico, as applicable, that (among other things) interest payments made on the Tranche A Bonds (and, to the extent applicable, the Tranche B Bonds) will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and exempt from all state, territorial and Puerto Rico and other territorial income taxes, and the Securitization Bonds and other Secured Obligations are validly secured by a statutory lien on the Restructuring Property as set forth in the Amended Act; and • All Securitization Documents, Definitive Documents, and Additional Definitive Documents shall have been entered into, issued, or adopted in a manner that meets the requirements of the RSA; and • All necessary consents and approvals.
No Recourse	The Secured Obligations will have recourse solely to the Restructuring Property and not to any other assets, property, or rights of the Issuer, PREPA, the Government, or any other Governmental Entity; <u>provided</u> , that nothing shall limit the ability of Secured Parties (subject to the Securitization Trust Agreement, the Securitization Trustee, and the other agents appointed under the Securitization Documents from seeking specific enforcement of the Agreement Parties’ obligations or injunctive relief against any Agreement Party, and nothing shall impair or waive the constitutional rights of the Secured Parties or the Securitization Trustee.
Other Charges	Subject to any restrictions in the Securitization Trust Agreement, the Government Parties may establish other transition charges, statutory charge, or other tax or revenue stream, to provide for the payment of legacy obligations.
Servicer or Concessionaire Issues with Definitive Documents	Once the Servicer and/or Concessionaire is identified, to the extent that such Servicer or Concessionaire has concerns over provisions in this Securitization Term Sheet or any of the draft Definitive Documents, the Parties shall work in good faith to try to resolve such concerns in the final form of the such Documents.

Schedule I-A

Demand Protection Term Sheet

Each capitalized term not defined herein has the meaning given in the Restructuring Support Agreement and the exhibits, schedules and annexes thereto to which this Term Sheet is attached (collectively, the “RSA”). The omission of a term or condition contained elsewhere in this Term Sheet, including in the Restructuring Term Sheet, shall not affect the applicability of such term or condition.

This Term Sheet does not constitute (nor shall it be construed as) an offer with respect to any securities. This Term Sheet does not address all material terms that would be required in definitive documents and in order to consummate the transactions set forth in this Term Sheet and is subject to definitive documentation in form and substance mutually agreed upon by the Required Parties as well as to enactment of any legislation and issuance of any regulatory approvals contemplated by the RSA and this Term Sheet.

Overall Objectives of the Parties	The Government Parties, the Ad Hoc Group and Assured have entered into the RSA with the understanding that the Transition Charge is intended to be implemented so as to promote efficient investment in, and efficient use of, Puerto Rico’s electric infrastructure while providing for the recovery of legacy costs associated with the financing of the development of that infrastructure. The Transition Charge will be collected from all current and future Customers which have benefitted, are benefitting, or will benefit from the use of the System and which have benefitted from PREPA’s generation assets, as set forth in this Term Sheet. ¹⁷
Key Definitions	<p>“System” means the T&D assets in PREPA’s possession on July 23, 2018, as well as any replacements, extensions, or improvements of such assets made since that date and any T&D assets acquired or constructed by PREPA and connected to the System after July 23, 2018.</p> <p>“Customer” means a service location or premise that (a) is connected to the System, (b) uses or leases any part of the System, (c) is connected to a microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative that is connected to or uses the System, or (d) benefits from any agreement that requires the System to provide the Customer electricity under any condition, including without limitation, an obligation to provide power on a standby, maintenance, emergency, or similar basis.¹⁸</p>

¹⁷ Any reference herein to “**PREPA**” refers to PREPA and any successors to PREPA (in full or in part) in its historic role as provider of transmission and distribution (“**T&D**”) services, including any entity succeeding to PREPA’s T&D assets or functions as T&D service provider through lease, sale, concession agreement, management agreement or other form of privatization, but for the avoidance of doubt shall not include entities that succeed solely to PREPA’s generation assets or functions.

¹⁸ For the avoidance of doubt, consistent with utility industry standards, the term “Customer” refers to a service location or premises, and not to an actual person. Furthermore, a Customer shall not include any permanently disconnected service location or premise that does not benefit from any agreement that requires the System to provide the Customer with electricity under any condition, including without limitation, an obligation to provide power on a standby, maintenance, emergency, or similar basis. For the purposes of this definition, “permanently disconnected”

	<p>“Consumption” means, for any given time period, the amount of electricity consumed by a Customer, regardless of the source of such electricity, including thermal, solar, wind, geothermal or other renewable or recyclable sources, whether owned by PREPA or any successor, lessor or concessionaire, an independent power producer, municipality, cooperative or a Customer.</p> <p>“Gross Consumption” means, for any given time period, the amount of electricity consumed by a Customer, regardless of the source of such electricity, including thermal, solar, wind, geothermal or other renewable or recyclable sources, whether owned by PREPA or any successor, lessor or concessionaire, an independent power producer, municipality, cooperative or a Customer. The Gross Consumption of a new Customer (<i>i.e.</i>, a Customer that has not established a history of electricity consumption over a period of at least twenty-four (24) months) prior to the date it connects to the System) shall be deemed for the period before such new Customer has established twenty-four (24) months of electricity consumption history to be the average kWh consumed over a period of twenty-four (twenty-four) months by an electricity consumer in Puerto Rico having a connected electric load comparable to the electric load which such new Customer shall have reported to PREPA, the Servicer or subservicer, as the case may be, at the time it applies for connection to the System, as such average may be adjusted to take into account the size of the new Customer premises, the nature of the loads to be connected, the location of the new Customer’s premises relative to the System and other factors bearing on electricity consumption, including size and specifications of the behind the meter system.</p> <p>“Net Consumption” means, for any given time period, a Customer’s Gross Consumption less amounts of electricity which such Customer produces through properly permitted behind the meter generating facilities.</p> <p>“Transition Charge” has the meaning given to it in the Recovery Plan Term Sheet.</p> <p>“Transition Charge Rate” means the per-kilowatt hour rate of the Transition Charge from years 1 through 24 and thereafter, as set forth on the Recovery Plan Term Sheet, as modified to take into account the Excepted Customer Classes and Subsidy Charge.</p>
Non-Bypassability	Transition Charges are non-bypassable charges, the payment of which shall be obligatory. Transition Charges shall be assessed on all Customers, regardless of

means any service location or premises, including one connected to a microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative, not capable of receiving any electricity from, delivering electricity to, or being synchronized with, the System, including, but not limited to, for standby, maintenance, emergency, or similar purposes, or providing electricity to the System. With respect to a microgrid, “permanently disconnected” means a microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative permanently operating solely in island-mode and without any agreement that requires the System to provide the microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative electricity under any condition, including without limitation, an obligation to provide power on a standby, maintenance, emergency, or similar basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative permanently operating solely in island-mode shall not be considered “permanently disconnected” if it uses or leases any part of the System.

	the date as of which they become Customers, through a fixed charge or volumetric charge, as applicable, unless, subject to the conditions set forth herein, including the assessment of the Subsidy Charge, a Customer in an Excepted Customer Class is excepted from paying all or a part of the Transition Charges. Customers shall not be permitted to evade the imposition of Transition Charges or reduce their responsibility for Transition Charges by disconnecting and subsequently reconnecting to the System or by withholding from the Servicer any information required in order to assess Transition Charges or determine the Customer's status as a BTMG Customer or Grandfathered BTMG Customer.
Implementation Date	The cutoff date for eligibility for treatment as a Grandfathered BTMG Customer (see below) shall be September 30, 2020 (the " Implementation Date ").
Grandfathered BTMG Customers	<p>Customers with behind the meter generation ("BTMG Customers") that was approved, in place, and operational prior to the Implementation Date (each, a "Grandfathered BTMG Customer") will be subject to a monthly Transition Charge in the form of a fixed charge calculated for each month by multiplying the Transition Charge Rate applicable to such month by a monthly average of the Grandfathered BTMG Customer's Net Consumption over the prior twenty-four (24) month period, after taking into account a three (3) month lag time (such period, the "Twenty-Four Month Period").¹⁹ The fixed charge shall be revised as set forth in (1) and (3) of "Fixed Charge Updates."</p> <p>Any Grandfathered BTMG Customer whose behind the meter generation capacity increases by more than 20% above the capacity in place on the Implementation Date shall cease in the next billing period and in all subsequent billing periods to be considered a Grandfathered BTMG Customer to the extent of the behind the meter generation capacity increase.</p> <p>Notwithstanding anything to the contrary provided in this Term Sheet, all Grandfathered BTMG Customers shall cease to be Grandfathered BTMG Customers on the twentieth (20th) anniversary of the Effective Date and each such Customer shall thereafter be a Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer.</p>
Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customers	All BTMG Customers other than Grandfathered BTMG Customers, including former BTMG Customers that cease to be Grandfathered BTMG Customers (each, a " Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer "), shall be obligated to pay the Servicer for the cost of installing at, a minimum, a revenue grade meter to measure the amount of electricity that is generated behind the meter (each such meter, a " BTMG Meter "). The BTMG Meter shall be in place and functioning by the time the Customer's behind the meter generation system first comes online. The BTMG Meter shall be installed immediately after the behind the meter generation

¹⁹ "**Approved behind the meter generation**" refers to generation installations that are installed consistent with PREB-approved rules (if applicable), are properly licensed by the Commonwealth, and have been fully inspected and determined to be compliant by a licensed electrical inspector. Approved behind the meter generation does not include a generator whose sole function is to provide back-up power when power from the System (including power supplied via any microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative) is interrupted.

	<p>system and before such generated electricity reaches any load. The Servicer shall, from time to time, inspect and test a sampling of BTMG Meters consistent with industry practice.</p> <p>Each Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer with a BTMG Meter shall be subject to a monthly Transition Charge in the form of a charge that shall be the <i>greater of</i> (x) a fixed charge calculated for each month by multiplying (i) the Transition Charge Rate applicable to such month by (ii) the monthly average of that Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer's Gross Consumption during the then-applicable Twenty-Four Month Period, <i>and</i> (y) the product of the Transition Charge Rate applicable to such month and the Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer's Net Consumption for such month. The fixed charge set forth in (x) shall be revised as set forth in (2) and (3) of "Fixed Charge Updates." The initial Twenty-Four Month Period for a Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer shall be the Twenty-Four Month Period concluding on the date on which that Customer became a Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer.</p> <p>Until such time as a Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer has an operating BTMG Meter, then, for purposes of clause (x)(ii) of the immediately preceding paragraph, the monthly average of that Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer's Gross Consumption during the then-applicable Twenty-Four Month Period shall be deemed to be the gross electricity inflows received from the System in the month for which the fixed charge is being calculated.</p>
Customers without BTMG Generation	All Customers other than BTMG Customers (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Customers that become Customers on or after the Implementation Date) will be subject to a monthly Transition Charge calculated by multiplying each Customer's Consumption by the then-applicable per kilowatt hour Transition Charge Rate.
Adjustment of Consumption Calculations	Calculations of Gross Consumption or other calculations of historical consumption over a specified period required by this Term Sheet shall be adjusted to take into account the number of months required by this Term Sheet while eliminating from such calculation any period (as well as any quantity of electricity delivered from the System in such period) during which a Customer's consumption of electric energy delivered from the System shall have been reduced or eliminated by reason of an event of force majeure affecting the System or a malfunctioning meter.
Allocation of Transition Charges Among Customer Classes	Exemptions, subsidies and credits may be offered to certain classes of Customers, and exemptions, subsidies and credits may be created for the benefit of low- and middle-income residential Customers. The value of any such exemptions, subsidies and credits and of the Additional Subsidies described below shall be spread among other Customers on the terms set forth below (the Customers to whom such exemptions, subsidies, charges and credits apply, the " Excepted Customer Classes "); <i>provided</i> that (i) the aggregate value of all such exemptions, subsidies or credits (collectively, the " Subsidy Value ") shall be calculated and charged to all other Customers, through a fixed or volumetric charge, as

	<p>applicable, by the Servicer through a transition charge subsidy line item on Customer invoices (such line item, the “Subsidy Charge”), and then remitted to the Trustee for the Securitization Bonds in the same manner as all other Transition Charges and such subsidy payments, and the Amended Act shall provide that such Subsidy Charge and all rights thereto shall form a portion of the Restructuring Property to the same extent as all other Transition Charge revenue and rights thereto; (ii) any such exemption, subsidy or credit shall not impair the Servicer’s ability to collect the aggregate amount of revenue to be generated in any period through imposition of the Transition Charge; and (iii) such exemptions, subsidies or credits shall only be permitted to the extent the recovery of the Subsidy Value (including the Uncollected Amounts Charge) from Customers other than Customers in the Excepted Customer Classes never increases the responsibility of any Customer class for Transition Charges by more than 25%.</p> <p>The Servicer shall verify and audit the Transition Charge Revenue to confirm that any Subsidy Charges or credits are net revenue neutral, and the Subsidy Value and Subsidy Charge shall be recalculated annually.</p>
Additional Subsidies	<p>The Subsidy Charge for any month shall include the monthly average of the sum of:</p> <p>(1) an amount to cover Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collections and an amount to cover General Public Non-Collections (together, the “Uncollected Amounts Charge”); and</p> <p>(2) an amount to cover Government Non-Collections.</p> <p>“Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collections” shall mean, in any given year, the amount of Billed (as defined in the Definitive Documentation) but unpaid kilowatt hours for the preceding year attributable to deliveries under CILT arrangements, for public lighting, for low-income (public) housing, or for other subsidies, exemptions or credits then in effect; provided, that in the first year starting on the Effective Date, the Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collections shall be a projection of the amount of expected unpaid kilowatt hours delivered to such entities. The amount to cover Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collections shall mean the Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collections multiplied by the then-applicable Transition Charge Rate.</p> <p>“General Public Non-Collections” shall mean, in any given year, the amount of Billed but unpaid kilowatt hours delivered to Customers that are not included in the Subsidized Entities’ Non-Collection and that are not the Government or a Government Entity (such Customers, “General Public Customers”); provided, that in the first year starting on the Effective Date, the General Public Non-Collections shall be a projection of the amount of expected unpaid kilowatt hours delivered to General Public Customers. The amount to cover General Public Non-Collections shall mean the then-applicable Transition Charge Rate multiplied by:</p> <p>(i) in the event that (x) there is a private third-party acting as the System operator or (y) PREPA or any Government Entity is operating or</p>

	<p>managing the System and is following the Collection Regulations, any amounts over 1.5% of the total kilowatt hours consumed by General Public Customers that were Billed but not collected during the previous year; or</p> <p>(ii) in the event that PREPA or any Government Entity is operating or managing the System and is not following the Collection Regulations, all total kilowatt hours consumed by General Public Customers that were Billed but not collected during the previous year.</p> <p>The Uncollected Amounts Charge shall be recalculated each year and shall be updated on each Update Date to give effect to the then applicable Transition Charge Rate as follows:</p> <p>If the actual uncollected amounts (or, if applicable, in the case of General Public Non-Collections, actual uncollected amounts above the 1.5% threshold) (such amounts, the “Actual Uncollected Amounts”) for any given year (after giving effect to any adjustments from previous years) are less than the amount that was charged to Customers through the Uncollected Amounts Charge, the Uncollected Amounts Charge shall be reduced in the next year to rebate such excess to Customers in the form of a lower Uncollected Amounts Charge. If the Actual Uncollected Amounts for any given year (after giving effect to any adjustments from previous years) are greater than the amount that was charged to Customers through the Uncollected Amounts Charge, the Uncollected Amounts Charge for the next year shall be increased to make up for such shortfall.</p> <p>“Government Non-Collections” shall mean, in any given year, the total amount of payables owed with respect to kilowatt hours consumed by the Government and all Government Entities that were more than sixty (60) days past-due as of the end of the previous year. The amount to cover Government Non-Collections shall mean the Government Non-Collections multiplied by the Transition Charge Rate applicable for such year. The Government Non-Collections shall be recalculated each year and shall be updated on each Update Date.</p> <p>PREB shall, to the extent necessary, adopt and/or modify regulations acceptable to the Parties that shall require PREPA or any concessionaire or other manager or operator of the System, or electric service provider to exercise collection remedies for non-payment (including for disconnection after 60 days of non-payment) by General Public Customers (as defined below) and the Government and Government Entities that are in accordance with national standards (the “Collection Regulations”). The Amended Act shall, to the extent necessary, authorize the adoption of the Collection Regulations.</p>
Fixed Charge Updates	<p>The fixed charge applicable to Grandfathered BTMG Customers and Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customers shall be recalculated by the Servicer on the</p>

	<p>Effective Date and every anniversary thereof (any such date, the “Update Date”) as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) For Grandfathered BTMG Customers, at the conclusion of each Twenty-Four Month Period measured from the Effective Date, by calculating that Grandfathered BTMG Customer’s average monthly Net Consumption for the most recent Twenty-Four Month Period preceding such Update Date; (2) For Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customers, at the conclusion of each Twenty-Four Month Period measured from the Effective Date, by calculating that Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customer’s average monthly Gross Consumption for the most recent Twenty-Four Month Period preceding such Update Date; and (3) For all BTMG Customers, every year on the Update Date, to reflect changes in the applicable Transition Charge Rate to ensure that the fixed charge is consistent with the Transition Charge Rate for such month.
Notification & Metering Requirements	<p>The provisions of this Term Sheet regarding BTMG Customers shall apply to any existing or new Customer which installs behind the meter generation, whether or not such Customer seeks and/or receives approval to become a net metering Customer.</p> <p>All BTMG Customers shall be required to install or pay the Servicer for installing the necessary BTMG Meter to allow the Servicer to measure and record quantities of electricity produced from such BTMG Customer’s behind the meter generating facilities, or electricity usage within any microgrid, municipal utility or electric cooperative (or similar system or entity) connected to the System or with an agreement permitting it to obtain standby capacity or emergency energy from the System, and the Servicer shall routinely read these meters for Transition Charge billing purposes.</p> <p>In addition to any required regulatory notice, a Customer shall be required to send a notice to the Servicer (whether PREPA or any replacement Servicer or sub-servicer) (the “BTMG Notice”) in the event that it installs behind the meter generation or ceases to be a Grandfathered BTMG Customer for any of the reasons set forth in this Term Sheet. The Servicer shall be required to promptly provide copies of all BTMG Notices to the Issuer, the Servicing Monitor, and the Trustee for the Securitization Bonds.</p> <p>A Customer which fails to file a BTMG Notice shall pay a “Registration Charge” equal to \$250 (subject to annual increase at not less than the Consumer Price Index) plus the amount of Transition Charges the Customer would have owed if it had properly notified the Servicer of the installation of its behind the meter generation for the period beginning when it was installed and ending on the date of discovery (such amount, the “Missed Transition Charge Payment”). The Issuer shall receive the Missed Transition Charge Payment, and the remaining portion of the Registration Charge shall be remitted to PREPA. The Amended</p>

	<p>Act shall provide that the Missed Transition Charge Payment is Restructuring Property.</p> <p>Upon identifying a Customer that may have failed to file a BTMG Notice, the Servicer shall determine whether the Customer was required to file a BTMG Notice, calculate the amount of any Registration Charge, and enforce and collect the Registration Charge, each in a manner consistent with the Servicer's investigation and collection of obligations from Customers to the Servicer.</p>
Role of the Servicer	<p>The Servicer's responsibilities shall include (i) calculating the Transition Charge component of the Subsidy Charge; (ii) conducting audits of Transition Charge Revenues to confirm that any Subsidy Charges or credits are net revenue neutral; (iii) reviewing the BTMG Notices; (iv) auditing the BTMG Notices; (v) conducting ongoing diligence to identify Customers that failed to file BTMG Notices as required; (vi) calculating and implementing Fixed Charge Updates; and (vii) implementing any Fixed Charge Amendment approved by the PREB.</p>
Annual Calculation Audit	<p>In the event that a private third party is acting as Servicer, the Issuer's Auditor shall, in addition to the annual audit of the Issuer, conduct an audit, with respect to the Servicer or any subservicer, of (i) the calculations of the Transition Charge component of the Subsidy Charge, (ii) the Transition Charge Revenues to confirm that any Subsidy Charge or credit are net revenue neutral and that total Transition Charges billed are consistent with Consumption, Gross Consumption and Net Consumption, as applicable, and otherwise consistent with the calculations set forth herein, (iii) Customers' eligibility as Grandfathered BTMG Customers, Non-Grandfathered BTMG Customers, and Excepted Customer Classes; (iv) the calculation and implementation of any Fixed Charge Update; and (v) the implementation of any Fixed Charge Amendment. "Issuer's Auditor" means an independent accounting firm of recognized national standing acceptable to the Trustee for the Securitization Bonds.</p> <p>In the event that PREPA or any Government Entity is acting as Servicer, there will be a Servicing Monitor in place to perform the duties set forth above, as well as the duties set forth in the Securitization Term Sheet.</p>
Role of PREB	<p>After the Securitization Bonds are issued, PREB's role with regard to the calculation, modification or imposition of any Transition Charge shall be limited to (i) verification of the mathematical accuracy of the Servicer's calculation of (a) the Transition Charge, (b) Subsidy Value and Subsidy Charges impacting the Transition Charge; (c) Gross Consumption and Transition Charge revenue calculations to confirm that Subsidy Charges do not negatively or beneficially impact Transition Charge revenue, as determined by the Servicer;²⁰ and (ii) amending the fixed charge applicable to BTMG Customers if, in a proceeding of which all Bondholders shall be given notice, it determines that the fixed charge is contributing to and is likely to continue to contribute to BTMG Customer</p>

²⁰ Any correction of such a mathematical error shall be made in the first billing cycle in which such adjustment can be practically implemented. In no event shall PREB's inquiries into any such mathematical error or the correction thereof result in a delay to the calculation, billing, and collection of the Transition Charge or the Subsidy Charge.

	defection from the System that is likely to result in material changes in Transition Charge revenue (any such amendment, the “ Fixed Charge Amendment ”). The Fixed Charge Amendment may be applied to the fixed charge collected from the BTMG Customer classes most likely to defect from the System. Any Fixed Charge Amendment shall be (i) supported by third-party expert studies quantifying the impact of implementing the Fixed Charge Amendment as compared with the status quo; (ii) put into effect only (a) if the Securitization Bonds have an investment grade rating, (b) if every rating agency that has rated the Securitization Bonds has confirmed that the Fixed Charge Amendment shall not result in a downgrade of the rating on the Securitization Bonds or otherwise cause an adverse action by the rating agency, and (c) upon the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of principal amount of the Securitization Bonds at that time outstanding, excluding any Securitization Bonds held by the Government, any Government Entity, and any Puerto Rico municipality; and (iii) may be implemented no more frequently than once every three (3) years.
Servicing Agreement	Each microgrid, municipal utility, cooperative or any person selling electricity directly or indirectly to a microgrid, municipal utility, cooperative, or Customer that is subject to the provisions of this Term Sheet shall be a “subservicer” and each shall enter into the Servicing Agreement with the Servicer upon such terms and provisions as may be agreed upon by the Required Parties.
Protections	The terms set forth in this Term Sheet shall be included in the Amended Act, and all charges, fees, and payments required hereunder (and the right to such charges, fees, and payments and the revenues therefrom) shall be treated as Transition Charges, Transition Charge Revenues and part of the Restructuring Property.

Schedule I-B
Securitization Protections

The following provisions (in addition to other protections agreed upon by the Required Parties²¹) will be included in the Amended Act, Confirmation Order, Issuer's by-laws, or transaction documents, as applicable, in a manner agreed upon by the Required Parties:

I. Issuer

A. General Issuer Provisions

1. Issuer will be a special purpose public corporation and instrumentality of the Government of Puerto Rico, constituting a corporate and political entity independent and separate from the Government of Puerto Rico, PREPA and any other Government Entity. It shall be operated independently, and its business and affairs shall be governed by or under the direction of its Board of Directors.

2. Issuer will observe normal corporate separateness from PREPA and any other entity (e.g., separate books and records, no transferring of assets, etc.).

B. Issuer Governance

1. Board members selected by the Governor from list of 10 candidates from executive search firm using objective selection criteria. Each member of the Board shall satisfy the independence and qualification standards to be agreed upon in Securitization Trust Agreement.

2. Board members have fiduciary duty to act in best interests of Issuer to such extent and scope as is consistent with Puerto Rico law and the Puerto Rico Constitution.

3. Board members shall receive such compensation as is authorized pursuant to the Securitization Documents.

4. Each Board member shall be appointed for a term of 3 years; provided that the Governor may remove any member who fails to uphold the responsibilities set forth in the Amended Act or for gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud. Board members shall have staggered terms.

C. Issuer Powers and Duties²²

1. Issuer shall be authorized, without further legislative or regulatory approval to:

²¹ Capitalized terms used herein that are not explicitly defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the RSA or Securitization Term Sheet, as applicable.

²² Issuer shall only be authorized to take such actions to the extent such actions or any documents required thereby or referred to therein are consistent with the RSA including with regard to any approvals of the form or substance of such documents contained in the RSA, the Definitive Documents or the Additional Definitive Documents.

(a) Adopt a Restructuring Resolution that governs the Securitization Bonds that is irrevocable and not subject to amendment after the issuance of the Securitization Bonds.

(b) Execute and perform under (i) a Securitization Trust Agreement that governs and secures the Securitization Bonds and the repayment thereof from Transition Charge Revenues and (ii) the other Securitization Documents.

(c) Collect the Transition Charge Revenues subject to the terms and conditions of the Definitive Documents

(d) Issue the Securitization Bonds authorized under the RSA, issue swap counterparty security contemplated by the RSA, and incur obligations with respect to insurance premiums and DSRF sureties contemplated by the RSA (such Securitization Bonds, swap counterparty security and other obligations contemplated by the RSA collectively referred to as “**Secured Obligations**”).

(e) Issue or assume such additional debt or obligations as may be permitted under the Securitization Trust Agreement, which shall, at a minimum, include, as set forth in the Securitization Term Sheet, (i) at the discretion of the Government Parties, any unpaid or underfunded pension obligations and (ii) Additional Permitted Indebtedness (collectively, the “**Permitted Indebtedness**”).

(f) Take other actions necessary or appropriate to effectuate the Securitization Bond Treatment.

(g) Sue and be sued in Commonwealth or federal court.

(h) Grant consensual liens and security interests in the Restructuring Property to the Securitization Trustee for the benefit of the owners, beneficiaries or insurers (the Securitization Trustee and such beneficiaries, collectively, the “**Secured Parties**”) of the Secured Obligations as additional security for such Secured Obligations.

2. Issuer shall not be authorized to (i) engage in any business activity other than as provided herein, (ii) own any assets or property other than Restructuring Property and property created in connection with or related to any Permitted Indebtedness except as permitted under the Securitization Trust Agreement and consistent with the RSA, (iii) incur or guaranty any other debt other than the Permitted Indebtedness and otherwise as permitted by the Securitization Trust Agreement, or (iv) dissolve while any Secured Obligation is outstanding.

3. The Issuer shall also be forbidden from (a) merging or consolidating with any other person, (b) except as permitted in the Securitization Trust Agreement and consistent with the RSA, permitting any liens on its assets other than those securing the Secured Obligations and any Permitted Indebtedness, (c) liquidating, selling or otherwise transferring the Restructuring Property other than as permitted by Securitization Trust Agreement, or (d) taking any other action that is inconsistent with the Issuer’s purpose set forth in the Amended Act or ancillary thereto.

4. Under the Amended Act, the Issuer shall be expressly prohibited from filing a petition under Title III of PROMESA or any similar law for as long as the Secured Obligations are outstanding. The governance documents for the Issuer shall provide that neither the Issuer, nor the board of the Issuer or any officer of the Issuer shall request to effect, or desire to effect, a plan to adjust its debts

under Title III of PROMESA or any similar law for as long as the Secured Obligations are outstanding. The Confirmation Order shall provide that such provisions of the governance documents may not be amended, changed, or superseded for as long as any Secured Obligations are outstanding.

II. Transition Charge and Restructuring Property

A. The legislation shall impose, without requiring the approval of the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau or other entity, a non-bypassable and unavoidable Transition Charge that shall be standard to utility securitizations, including any adjustments to the Transition Charge as may be agreed upon in the RSA, and demand protections as agreed upon in connection with the RSA.

B. Transition Charge shall not constitute a tax or available revenues under Puerto Rico law and shall not be revoked or terminated.

C. The Transition Charge will be collected by a designated servicer pursuant to a Servicing Agreement with the Issuer (the “Servicer”), which Servicer will collect the Transition Charge as agent of the Issuer, and not on its own behalf or on behalf of PREPA, the Government, or any other Government Entity or electric service provider, and the Transition Charge Revenues prior to their transfer to the Securitization Trustee shall be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the Secured Parties. No person, other than the Securitization Trustee, who collects or holds the Transition Charge Revenues or other Restructuring Property shall have any legal or equitable right, title or interest thereto solely by virtue of such collection or holding.

1. The details of the billing and collection of the Transition Charge, the allocation of electric bill payments between Transition Charge Revenues and other payments (including in respect of partial payments of electric bills), and the transfer of Transition Charge Revenues to any third party depository and the Securitization Trustee shall be as set forth in the Securitization Documents.

2. In the event that a customer partially pays its electric bill, each of the Issuer, PREPA and the owners of other charges shall share pro rata in such partial payment regardless of any contrary instructions by the customer (subject to any fees and expenses that are paid prior to pro ration to the extent permitted by the Securitization Trust Agreement) and the Issuer’s pro rata share shall form part of the Restructuring Property.

D. The Transition Charge shall not be subject to counterclaim or defense other than for miscalculation or misreporting of amount of energy delivered.

E. Restructuring Property shall be authorized in the legislation and created by the Restructuring Resolution, and shall continue to exist until all Secured Obligations are paid in full.

1. Restructuring Property shall constitute an existing, present, continuing and vested property right for all purposes whether or not the revenues and proceeds arising with respect thereto have accrued, whether or not all actions to impose and collect the Transition Charge have occurred, and even though its value depends on future provision of service.

F. The Issuer shall have sole ownership of the Restructuring Property, including all legal and equitable rights, title and interest thereto, subject, however, to all liens and pledges for Restructuring Property in favor of the Securitization Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties.

III. Statutory Lien

A. The Secured Obligations shall automatically, upon their issuance or incurrence and until they are paid in full, be secured by a statutory first lien on the Restructuring Property, including any moneys, income, revenues, accounts, contract rights or general intangibles derived therefrom, in favor of the Securitization Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties.

B. Such statutory first priority lien shall occur automatically and shall automatically attach and be automatically perfected, valid and binding, in each case, from and after the issuance of the Securitization Bonds without any further act or agreement by any person. No instrument needs to be executed or delivered, recorded or otherwise filed in any official record or in any government registry or office in order to perfect or continue such statutory first lien or to establish or maintain the priority thereof.

C. No commingling of the Transition Charge with any property of (or possession by) PREPA, the Government, or any other Government Entity or any other person shall limit, defeat, impair or interfere with such statutory lien.

D. Such statutory lien, and any consensual lien or security interest granted pursuant to the Securitization Trust Agreement, shall be valid, binding, perfected (without the need for a UCC financing statement) and enforceable against all persons having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the Issuer or its assets irrespective of whether such Persons have notice of such lien.

IV. Servicer

A. The Servicer shall be authorized to interrupt or suspend service, use intercept provisions, take enforcement actions, or terminate System access for failure to pay the Transition Charge (and electric service providers shall be obligated to follow a Servicer direction to do the same) on the same terms and conditions as the Servicer is authorized to suspend service, use intercept provisions, take collection actions, or terminate System access for failure to pay for electric services.

B. Servicer shall be authorized to bill and collect the Transition Charge, to include Transition Charge on bills as a separate line item and to remit Transition Charge Revenues to the Securitization Trustee.

V. Certain Covenants

A. The Government of Puerto Rico, with the intent of being contractually bound, will agree and covenant with the Issuer and each Secured Party, and will authorize the Issuer to include such covenant in the Securitization Trust Agreement for the benefit of the Secured Parties, that it will not, and no Government Entity shall be authorized to, until the Secured Obligations and all amounts and obligations under all transaction documents, have been completely paid in cash in full or otherwise discharged in accordance with their terms:

1. take any action that would (i) impair the Issuer's right to receive the Transition Charge, (ii) limit or alter the rights vested in the Issuer in accordance with the Plan to fulfill the terms of any agreements with Secured Parties, (iii) eliminate, decrease or modify the Transition Charge or Demand Protections, or (iv) impair the rights and remedies of the Secured Parties or their collateral security;

provided, that nothing shall limit or impair the rights of any Government Entity in its capacity as a customer purchasing or using electricity services;

2. amend the Amended Act to impair, limit, restrict, rescind, delay or modify any obligation of the Issuer to the Secured Parties;

3. limit or restrict the rights or powers of the Issuer or Servicer to impose, maintain, charge or collect the Transition Charge;

4. impose charges, taxes, or other fees on electricity other than those directly associated with operation of the System, or authorize debt secured by Restructuring Property or any other rights or interest in electric rates or charges other than the Secured Obligations and Transition Charge provided for in the RSA, except charges supporting Permitted Indebtedness and otherwise as permitted by the Securitization Trust Agreement; and

5. take action to cause interest on any tax-exempt bonds to become taxable.

VI. Remedies

A. The Securitization Trustee may replace the Servicer after a default and, to the extent provided in the Securitization Trust Agreement, may foreclose on the Restructuring Property upon the occurrence of an event of default in accordance with the terms of the Securitization Trust Agreement.

B. The Issuer, the Securitization Trustee, or subject to any limitations contained in the Securitization Trust Agreement, the other Secured Parties, may request the court to order the sequestration and payment of Transition Charge Revenues, notwithstanding any bankruptcy.

C. The Secured Parties are authorized to enforce the provisions of the Amended Act, subject, in the case of the holders or insurers of the Securitization Bonds, to any limitations included in the Securitization Trust Agreement.

VII. Successors to PREPA

A. To come once Concessionaire is identified.

VIII. Miscellaneous

A. Title III court order on validity and enforceability of Secured Obligations, Transition Charge, and related documents is binding, and Title III court retains jurisdiction to hear all matters arising out of the Secured Obligations and Transition Charge for so long as any Securitization Bonds are outstanding under the Securitization Trust Agreement.

B. Issuer, Transition Charge and the Secured Obligations shall not be subject to any Puerto Rico taxes or fees of any kind (including those levied by any Government Entity). The Transition Charge shall automatically increase to cover any Puerto Rico taxes or fees imposed that are not permitted under the Amended Act.

C. The Puerto Rico UCC shall not apply to the statutory lien, consensual lien and property rights granted to the Issuer and/or Secured Parties under the Amended Act and Securitization Documents.

D. The Amended Act shall prevail in the event of a conflict with any other law of Puerto Rico.

E. The Securitization Trust Agreement, other Securitization Documents and the Secured Obligations shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except that the authorization and powers of the PREPA, AAFAF and the Issuer shall be governed by the laws of Puerto Rico.

F. Any disputes, legal action, suit, or proceeding arising from or related to the Securitization Trust Agreement or the Securitization Bonds (i) shall be brought in the Title III court and any appellate court therefrom or, in the event such court does not have or accept such jurisdiction, in any federal district court sitting in Puerto Rico and any appellate court therefrom or, in the event such federal district court does not have or accept jurisdiction, a New York court and any appellate court therefrom and (ii) the parties shall be deemed to consent to the jurisdiction thereof.

G. Inclusion of demand protections (and associated provisions on implementation and application), subject to agreement by parties and as applicable.

H. Inclusion of severability and language conflict provisions acceptable to the Required Parties.

I. The following laws or provisions shall not apply to the Issuer except as agreed to by the Required Parties:²³

1. Chapters 4 and 6 of Act 26-2017, as amended, known as the “Fiscal Plan Compliance Act”;

2. Act 1-2012, as amended, known as the “Puerto Rico Government Ethics Act of 2011”;

3. Act 103 of May 25, 2006, as amended, known as the “Act for the Fiscal Reform of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico of 2006”;

4. Act 8-2017, as amended, known as the “Act for the Transformation of the Government’s Human Resources”;

5. Act 237-2004, as amended, known as the “Act to Establish Uniform Parameters for Contracting Professional and Consulting Services by Agencies and Instrumentalities of the Government of Puerto Rico”;

6. Act 197-2002, as amended, known as the “Act to Regulate the Transition Process of the Government of Puerto Rico”;

7. Act 78-2011, as amended, known as the “Electoral Code of Puerto Rico for the XXI Century”;

²³ Subject to further diligence.

8. Act 38-2017, known as the “Uniform Administrative Procedures Act of the Government of Puerto Rico”;

9. Plan 3-2011, as amended, known as “General Services Administration Reorganization Plan”;

10. Act 230 of July 23, 1974, as amended, known as the “Government Accounting Act”;

11. Act 3-2017, known as the “Law to Address the Economic, Fiscal and Budgetary Crisis and Ensure the Functioning of the Government of Puerto Rico”;

12. Act 14 of April 17, 1972, as amended;

13. Act 2-2017;

14. Act 5-2017;

15. Act 17-2019, known as the “Puerto Rico Energy Public Policy Act”; and

16. Section 6.25A of Act 57-2014.

ANNEX B TO RECOVERY PLAN TERM SHEET:

STRUCTURE 1: CUSTODIAL TRUST

SECTION 1: DEFINITIONS

Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Definitive RSA. In addition, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

Acceleration Price: With respect to an Assured Legacy Bond, an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of such bond plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

Assured Acceleration Option: Assured's right, in accordance with the terms of the Assured Insurance Policies, to accelerate its payment obligations with respect to all or any portion of the Assured Legacy Bonds at any time during the term thereof by paying the applicable Acceleration Price to the holders thereof.

Assured Advancement Option: Either (a) the Assured Acceleration Option or (b) the rights assigned by PREPA to Assured pursuant to Section 2(b) below to redeem the Assured Legacy Bonds and any related rights such that such rights may be exercised directly and exclusively by Assured as if it were PREPA for such purposes, with any amounts due and payable in connection with such redemption being equal to the lesser of the applicable redemption price and the applicable Acceleration Price.

Assured Certificate Holder: A beneficial holder of an Assured Certificate.

Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option: Pursuant to the Assured Trust Agreement, the right of a holder of Assured Certificates with an aggregate unpaid principal amount that is equal to the Minimum Threshold or any integral multiple thereof to exchange such Assured Certificates for its pro rata share of related Assured Trust Assets (other than the related Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP and related Assured Insurance Policy) in accordance with the terms and provisions of Section 2(c) hereof.

Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option No Exercise Period: With respect to the exercise of any Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option, any period specified in the definitive documentation for the Assured Certificates, as determined by Assured in its sole discretion to be necessary in order for the issuance of the Assured Certificates to be in compliance with certain securities law requirements, if any.

Assured Certificates: With respect to each Assured Trust that is formed for the benefit of the beneficial holders of an Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP, the certificate(s) or receipt(s) to be issued by such Assured Trust to beneficial holders of such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP that are deposited into such Assured Trust.

Assured Legacy Bonds Distribution: The distribution, consisting of Securitization Bonds allocable to the holders of the Assured Legacy Bonds (and any other property as provided in the

Plan, which, if Assured elects to insure such Securitization Bonds, shall include the applicable insurance policy insuring such Securitization Bonds), but excluding (A) Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of Assured Insured Bonds other than Assured Legacy Bonds, (B) Securitization Bonds allocable to Assured as a beneficial owner of Uninsured Bonds, (C) Securitization Bonds that Assured is otherwise entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of the Definitive RSA, or (D) any other consideration that Assured is entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of the Definitive RSA (including, without limitation, consideration on account of fees or insurance premiums).

Assured Insurer Event: A default by Assured on its payment obligations under an applicable Assured Insurance Policy, which default is continuing.

Assured Legacy Bonds: Any Assured Insured Bonds (i) with respect to which Assured does not exercise the Assured Election and (ii) the beneficial holders of which have not elected Assured Bondholder Election 1 or Assured Bondholder Election 3.

Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP: Any maturity of Assured Legacy Bonds that bears a unique CUSIP such that such maturity of Assured Legacy Bonds is separately identifiable from other maturities of Assured Legacy Bonds with unique CUSIPs.

Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date: Each date on which scheduled payments are due in respect of the Assured Legacy Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Assured Insurance Policies.

Assured Trust: With respect to each Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP, a separate trust or custodial arrangement that will be formed, on or prior to the Effective Date, by PREPA, at the sole cost and expense of Assured, and for the benefit of the beneficial holders of such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP, in accordance with the terms and provisions of Section 2 hereof.

Assured Trust Agreement: The agreement to be entered into by Assured, the Assured Trustee, and PREPA, as of the Effective Date, and governing the treatment of each Assured Trust.

Assured Trust Assets: With respect to each Assured Trust that is formed for the benefit of the beneficial holders of an Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP, (a) such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP (including the related Assured Insurance Policy), (b) the pro-rata share of each asset comprising the Assured Legacy Bonds Distribution that is allocable to beneficial holders of such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP based on the Acceleration Price of such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP as of the Effective Date and the Acceleration Price of all Assured Legacy Bonds as of the Effective Date, and (c) any proceeds of any of the foregoing.

Assured Trustee: The trustee or custodian of each Assured Trust established in accordance with the terms and provisions of Section 2 hereof, which in each case shall be an entity selected by Assured that is a nationally recognized U.S. domiciled financial institution and fiduciary regularly acting as trustee in the municipal finance market.

Minimum Threshold: With respect to any Assured Certificates, the lowest principal amount of such Assured Certificates that would result in the pro rata share of the holder of such principal amount of Assured Certificates in the Tax-Exempt Securitization Bonds and the Taxable

Securitization Bonds comprising the Assured Trust Assets being equal to the sum of the minimum authorizing denomination for each maturity of such Tax-Exempt Securitization Bonds and Taxable Securitization Bonds.

Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds: The Assured Legacy Bonds that are insured through insurance issued in the secondary market.

Taxable Securitization Bonds: Tranche B Bonds that are issued as taxable bonds.

Tax-Exempt Securitization Bonds: Collectively, (a) Tranche A Bonds, and (b) Tranche B Bonds that are issued as tax-exempt bonds.

SECTION 2: TERMS OF ASSURED TRUSTS

(a) **General Terms:** In the event that (i) Assured declines to exercise the Assured Election with respect to all Assured Insured Bonds and (ii) any Assured Legacy Bonds exist as of the Effective Date (*i.e.*, Assured Insured Bonds with respect to which Assured has not exercised the Assured Election and the beneficial holders of which have not elected Assured Bondholder Election 1 or Assured Bondholder Election 3), a separate Assured Trust shall be formed on behalf of, and for the benefit of, beneficial holders of each Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP. The Assured Trustee of each Assured Trust shall be an entity selected by Assured that is a nationally recognized U.S. domiciled financial institution and fiduciary regularly acting as trustee in the municipal finance market. On behalf of beneficial holders of Assured Insured Bonds, PREPA shall assist, to the extent reasonably necessary, in the creation of the Assured Trusts. PREPA shall not have any other obligations with respect to the Assured Trusts or the Assured Certificates, including, without limitation, with respect to the qualification of the Assured Certificates as “eligible securities” with the Depository Trust Company.

On the Effective Date, by electing (or being deemed to have elected) Assured Bondholder Election 2, each beneficial holder of an Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP shall be deemed to have exchanged and deposited into the Assured Trust that is formed for the benefit of beneficial holders of such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP (1) such Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP and (2) the Assured Trust Assets allocable to such holder, in exchange for one or more Assured Certificates issued by such Assured Trust and evidencing a pro-rata beneficial ownership interest in the related Assured Trust Assets. In furtherance of such Assured Bondholder Election and solely on behalf of such holders, on the Effective Date, PREPA and the Issuer, as applicable, shall concurrently with the exchange described in the immediately preceding sentence, deposit the applicable Assured Trust Assets (other than the Assured Legacy Bonds) into each of the Assured Trusts. The Assured Trust Assets shall not be property of PREPA or the Issuer, but shall be held by the Assured Trustee, and the establishment of the Assured Trusts is, solely for the benefit of the Assured Certificate Holders and Assured (to the extent that Assured is subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Assured Certificate Holders) in accordance with the terms of the Assured Trust Agreement. The Assured Certificate Holders shall be the “tax owners” of the Assured Trust Assets for Federal income tax purposes.

By electing (or being deemed to have elected) Assured Bondholder Election 2, the beneficial holders of Assured Legacy Bonds shall be deemed to have directed each securities intermediary

for such Assured Legacy Bonds (including, without limitation, the Depository Trust Company) to take any action that is necessary to effect the transfer of securities entitlements with respect to such Assured Legacy Bonds and the related Assured Certificates in its book-entry systems and/or on its books and records, as applicable, in order to give effect to the provisions of the immediately preceding paragraph. Each such securities intermediary shall promptly comply with such deemed direction. Until the Depository Trust Company effects the transfer of securities entitlements with respect to Assured Legacy Bonds to a securities account designated by the Assured Trustee and established for the benefit of the respective Assured Trust, the Trustee (or custodian in the case of Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds) shall disburse any payments received under the respective Assured Insurance Policies directly to the Assured Trustee for the benefit of the respective Assured Trusts (rather than such payments being made through the Depository Trust Company), and Assured shall be authorized (but not required) to make any payments under such Assured Insurance Policies directly to the Assured Trustee for the benefit of the respective Assured Trusts (rather than such payments being made through the Trustee or custodian, as applicable, and the Depository Trust Company).

Except (a) as provided in any contract, instrument or other agreement or document entered into or delivered in connection with the Plan, (b) for purposes of evidencing a right to distribution under the Plan, or (c) as specifically provided otherwise in the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Assured Legacy Bonds and all instruments and documents related thereto shall be automatically cancelled, terminated and of no further force or effect against PREPA without any further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order or rule, with PREPA and the Trustee having no continuing obligations or duties and responsibilities thereunder, and the obligations of the parties to PREPA, as applicable, under the Assured Legacy Bonds and all instruments and documents related thereto shall be discharged; **provided, however,** that, notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Assured Legacy Bonds and such other instruments and documents shall continue in effect solely (i) to allow all distributions as set forth in the Plan and to perform other necessary administrative or other functions with respect thereto; (ii) to allow holders of Allowed Claims to receive distributions in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Plan; (iii) for any trustee, agent, contract administrator or similar entity under all instruments and documents related thereto, including the Trustee, to perform necessary functions, including making distributions, in accordance with the Plan and to have the benefit of all the rights and protections and other provisions of such instruments and documents, as applicable, and all other related agreements with respect to priority in payment and lien rights with respect to any distribution; (iv) to set forth the terms and conditions applicable to parties to such documents and instruments other than PREPA; or (v) as may be necessary to preserve any claims under the respective Insurance Policies by the applicable holders of Assured Legacy Bonds that validly elected (or are deemed to have validly elected) to receive Assured Certificates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, such bonds or bond documents as remain outstanding shall not form the basis for the assertion of any Claim against PREPA or the Issuer, as the case may be.

The Assured Certificates shall entitle an Assured Certificate Holder to its pro rata share of value in any distribution of cash from the respective Assured Trust, which distribution shall (a) in all cases, occur promptly upon receipt thereof by such Assured Trust and (b) automatically reduce the obligation outstanding under the respective Assured Insurance Policies as of the date of such distribution to Assured Certificate Holders in the amount of such distribution, as determined by

Assured in its sole discretion. On each Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date for any Assured Legacy Bonds, Assured shall be obligated to pay any remaining amount of the scheduled payment that is due for payment in accordance with the terms of the respective Assured Insurance Policy after giving effect to any reduction pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence. Upon repayment, redemption or other retirement of all Assured Certificates issued by an Assured Trust (including, without limitation, as a result of the exercise of the Assured Advancement Option as set forth in Section 2(b) hereof or the satisfaction of all of Assured's payment obligations under the respective Assured Insurance Policy), Assured shall be entitled to receive all remaining Assured Trust Assets of such Assured Trust. At any time on or after the date of receipt of such Assured Trust Assets, Assured shall have the right to sell all or any of the Tax-Exempt Securitization Bonds and/or Taxable Securitization Bonds comprising such Assured Trust Assets.

Each series of Assured Certificates shall bear unique CUSIPs and shall be freely tradable and transferable through the Depository Trust Company. So long as an Assured Insurer Event is not occurring under the applicable Assured Insurance Policy, Assured shall be deemed the sole holder of the Securitization Bonds deposited in the respective Assured Trusts with respect to voting, amendment, acceleration, events of default and election and direction of rights and remedies, including, without limitation, in connection with insolvency proceedings. In addition, Assured shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the respective Assured Certificate Holders in respect of the Securitization Bonds deposited in the respective Assured Trusts.

(b) **Assured Advancement Option:** Assured shall have the right to exercise the Assured Acceleration Option at any time. In addition, on the Effective Date, PREPA shall assign to Assured any rights to redeem the Assured Legacy Bonds and any related rights such that such rights may be exercised directly and exclusively by Assured. Upon the exercise of any Assured Advancement Option and the payment of the Acceleration Price with respect to any Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP, the Assured Trustee shall be required to disburse such Acceleration Price to the related Assured Certificate Holders as set forth in Section 2(a) above, and Assured shall become fully subrogated to all of the rights of such Assured Certificate Holders. Upon the disbursement of such Acceleration Price to the related Assured Certificate Holders, the related Assured Certificates shall be retired, the related Assured Trust shall be terminated, and the Assured Trustee shall deliver the related Assured Trust Assets to or at the direction of Assured. At any time on or after the date of receipt of such Assured Trust Assets, Assured shall have the right to sell all or certain of the Tax-Exempt Securitization Bonds constituting part of the Assured Trust Assets for value as tax-exempt bonds and all or certain of the Taxable Securitization Bonds constituting part of the Assured Trust Assets for value as taxable bonds.

(c) **Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option:** Pursuant to the Assured Trust Agreement, a holder of Assured Certificates with an aggregate unpaid principal amount that is equal to the Minimum Threshold or any integral multiple thereof shall have the right to exercise the Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option by exchanging such Assured Certificates for such holder's pro rata share of related Assured Trust Assets (other than the related Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP and related Assured Insurance Policy). Upon the exercise of such Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option, (i) the exchanging holder's pro rata share of the Assured Legacy Bonds on deposit in the respective Assured Trust shall be deemed to be

no longer outstanding for purposes of the related Assured Insurance Policy and such exchanging holder shall relinquish its rights under such Assured Insurance Policy, and (ii) the Assured Trustee shall effect the cancellation of such Assured Certificates. The Assured Trust Agreement may provide, at Assured's option, that the Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option may be exercised only (i) after the expiration of any Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option No Exercise Period and (ii) upon a written notice of such exercise that must be provided prior to the effective date of such exercise such that the effective date occurs after the lapse of any Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option Notice Period. For the avoidance of doubt, each beneficial holder of Assured Certificates that has not exercised its Assured Certificate Holder Exchange Option on any day on which such option may be exercised (including the first day on which such option may be exercised at the time the applicable Assured Trust is created) shall be deemed to have elected to deposit and hold (or continue to hold) its pro-rata share of the Securitization Bonds and any other assets comprising the related Assured Trust Assets in the related Assured Trust until such beneficial holder has validly exercised such option.

(d) **Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds:** On the Effective Date, each bond certificate that currently evidences both Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds and any other Bonds bearing the same CUSIP shall be exchanged for two separate bond certificates with different CUSIPs but otherwise identical terms – one evidencing the Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds and the other evidencing such other Bonds. After giving effect to such exchange, Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds shall have a unique CUSIP. Concurrently with such exchange, by electing (or being deemed to have elected) Assured Bondholder Election 2, each beneficial holder of custody receipts evidencing a beneficial ownership interest in the Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds with a unique CUSIP and the respective Assured Insurance Policy shall be deemed to have deposited such custody receipts into the respective Assured Trust in exchange for Assured Certificates evidencing a pro-rata beneficial ownership interest in the related Assured Trust Assets, which shall consist of such custody receipts and the assets described in clause (b) and (c) of the definition thereof and otherwise shall be subject to the terms set forth in Section 2 hereof.

STRUCTURE 2: ESCROW

SECTION 1: DEFINITIONS

Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Definitive RSA. In addition, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

Acceleration Price: With respect to an Assured Legacy Bond, an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of such bond plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

Assured Acceleration Option: Assured's right, in accordance with the terms of the Assured Insurance Policies, to accelerate its payment obligations with respect to all or any portion of the Assured Legacy Bonds at any time during the term thereof by paying the applicable Acceleration Price to the holders thereof.

Assured Advancement Option: Either (a) the Assured Acceleration Option or (b) the rights assigned by PREPA to Assured pursuant to Section 2 below to redeem the Assured Legacy Bonds and any related rights such that such rights may be exercised directly and exclusively by Assured as if it were PREPA for such purposes, with any amounts due and payable in connection with such redemption being equal to the lesser of the applicable redemption price and the applicable Acceleration Price.

Assured Escrow Property: Property consisting of (i) Securitization Bonds, (ii) if Assured elects to insure such Securitization Bonds, the applicable insurance policy insuring such Securitization Bonds, and (iii) solely at Assured's option, any other property, allocable with respect to the Assured Legacy Bonds under the Plan, but excluding (A) Securitization Bonds allocable to holders of Assured Insured Bonds other than Assured Legacy Bonds, (B) Securitization Bonds allocable to Assured as a beneficial owner of Uninsured Bonds, (C) Securitization Bonds that Assured is otherwise entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of the Definitive RSA, or (D) any other consideration that Assured is entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of the Definitive RSA (including, without limitation, consideration on account of fees or insurance premiums).

Assured Insurer Event: A default by Assured on its payment obligations under an applicable Assured Insurance Policy, which default is continuing.

Assured Legacy Bonds: Any Assured Insured Bonds (i) with respect to which Assured does not exercise the Assured Election and (ii) the beneficial holders of which have not elected Assured Bondholder Election 1 or Assured Bondholder Election 3.

Assured Legacy Bonds CUSIP: Any maturity of Assured Legacy Bonds that bears a unique CUSIP such that such maturity of Assured Legacy Bonds is separately identifiable from other maturities of Assured Legacy Bonds with unique CUSIPs.

Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date: Each date on which scheduled payments are due in respect of the Assured Legacy Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Assured Insurance Policies.

Escrow Collateralization Ratio: With respect to any date, a ratio obtained by dividing the value of the Assured Escrow Property as of such date with the Acceleration Price of the outstanding Assured Legacy Bonds as of such date.

Legal Defeasance: The legal defeasance of the Assured Legacy Bonds in accordance with Section 2 hereof such that the Assured Legacy Bonds are no longer outstanding other than for the purposes set forth in Section 2 related to the Assured Insurance Policies.

Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds: The Assured Legacy Bonds that are insured through insurance issued in the secondary market.

SECTION 2: TERMS OF ASSURED ESCROW AGREEMENT

(a) **General Terms:** In the event that (i) Assured does not exercise the Assured Election with respect to all Assured Insured Bonds and (ii) as of the Effective Date, there are Assured Legacy Bonds (i.e., Assured Insured Bonds with respect to which Assured has not exercised the Assured Election and the beneficial holders of which have not elected Assured Bondholder Election 1 or Assured Bondholder Election 3), PREPA, Assured, and [], as escrow agent (the “Escrow Agent”), shall enter into an escrow agreement (the “Escrow Agreement”) on the Effective Date. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, and except as otherwise provided in Section 2(b) below, (1) Assured shall agree to the Legal Defeasance of all of the Assured Legacy Bonds, and that Assured’s sole recourse in respect of its subrogation rights is to the Assured Escrow Property, and (2) in consideration for the Legal Defeasance, PREPA shall concurrently deliver the Assured Escrow Property to or at the direction of Assured. Assured shall agree to the Legal Defeasance as the “sole owner” of the Assured Legacy Bonds for purposes of exercising rights and remedies under the Assured Legacy Bonds, and necessary amendments to the Trust Agreement shall be made in order to effectuate the Legal Defeasance.

At the direction of Assured, PREPA shall deliver the Assured Escrow Property to the Escrow Agent as security for Assured’s obligations under the Assured Insurance Policies to the holders of the Assured Legacy Bonds. The Assured Escrow Property and any proceeds thereof shall not be property of PREPA or the Issuer, but shall be held by the Escrow Agent in an irrevocable trust solely for the benefit of Assured and the holders of the Assured Legacy Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Escrow Agreement. Assured shall be the “tax owner” of the Assured Escrow Property, and the Escrow Agreement shall constitute a “security device” with respect to Assured’s obligations under the Assured Insurance Policies for Federal income tax purposes.

On each Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date, Assured shall be obligated to pay the full amount of the scheduled payment due in accordance with the terms of the Assured Insurance Policies. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, and except as otherwise provided in Section 2(b) below, on or after each Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date, the Escrow Agent shall apply any cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property that are available on such date to pay Assured an amount up to the amount of any scheduled payment that Assured made under the Assured

Insurance Policies and any accrued interest thereon. If Assured fails to make any scheduled payment under the Assured Insurance Policies on an Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date, then on the business day immediately following such Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date the Escrow Agent shall apply any cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property that are available on such date to pay such scheduled payment to the holders of the Assured Legacy Bonds. Upon the exercise of the Assured Advancement Option, the Assured Escrow Property and any cash proceeds thereof shall be liquidated and/or applied as described in the second succeeding paragraph below. On any date on which cash proceeds of Assured Escrow Property are available to the Escrow Agent and are not required to be applied in accordance with the foregoing, such cash proceeds shall be invested by the Escrow Agent in investments selected by Assured that mature on or prior to the next Assured Original Scheduled Payment Date.

PREPA, Assured and the Escrow Agent shall enter into a single Escrow Agreement with respect to all of the Assured Legacy Bonds, and all of the Assured Escrow Property shall be deposited into a single escrow account (the “Escrow Account”) that is maintained by the Escrow Agent under the Escrow Agreement. On each date on which the Assured Escrow Property generates any cash proceeds, such cash proceeds shall be (i) used with respect to payments for any Assured Legacy Bonds as directed by Assured and/or (ii) invested by the Escrow Agent in investments selected by Assured, which may mature after certain Assured Original Scheduled Payment Dates such that those investments are not available for payments due on such Assured Original Scheduled Payment Dates. For the avoidance of doubt, Assured shall have the right to direct the application or investment of the cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence even if such application or investment results in certain Assured Legacy Bonds (i) having an Escrow Collateralization Ratio that is lower than what such Escrow Collateralization Ratio would have been in the absence of such application or investment, or (ii) no longer being secured by any remaining Assured Escrow Property.

Assured shall have the right to exercise the Assured Acceleration Option at any time with respect to all or any of the Assured Legacy Bonds. In addition, PREPA shall assign to Assured any rights to redeem the Assured Legacy Bonds and any related rights such that such rights may be exercised directly and exclusively by Assured as if it were PREPA for such purpose, and any amounts due in connection with such redemption shall be equal to the lesser of the applicable redemption price and the Acceleration Price. Assured shall have the right (but no obligation) to exercise the Assured Advancement Option at any time with respect to all or any of the Assured Legacy Bonds. In connection with the exercise of the Assured Advancement Option with respect to any Assured Legacy Bonds, Assured shall (i) have the right to direct the Escrow Agent to (A) liquidate all or any portion of the Assured Escrow Property in accordance with Assured’s instructions and (B) apply all or any portion of the cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property to pay the Acceleration Price of such Assured Legacy Bonds, and/or (ii) be required to pay to the holders of such Assured Legacy Bonds the difference between the Acceleration Price and the cash proceeds applied in accordance with (i)(B) hereof. For the avoidance of doubt, Assured shall have the right to direct such liquidation of all or any portion of Assured Escrow Property and/or the application of cash proceeds thereof in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence irrespective of whether such liquidation and/or application results in any Assured Legacy Bonds in respect of which such Assured Advancement Option is not exercised (i) having an Escrow Collateralization Ratio that is lower than what such Escrow Collateralization Ratio would have been in the absence of such liquidation and/or application or (ii) no longer being

secured by any remaining Assured Escrow Property. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2(b) below, upon the exercise of the Assured Advancement Option with respect to all of the Assured Legacy Bonds, the Escrow Agent shall deliver any remaining Assured Escrow Property and any remaining cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property to or at the direction of Assured. At any time on or after the date of receipt of such Assured Escrow Property, Assured shall have the right to sell all or certain of the Securitization Bonds constituting part of the Assured Escrow Property for value as taxable bonds.

(b) **Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds:** On the Effective Date, each bond certificate that currently evidences both Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds and any other Bonds bearing the same CUSIP shall be exchanged for two separate bond certificates with different CUSIPs but otherwise identical terms – one evidencing the Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds and the other evidencing such other Bonds.

The Escrow Agent shall transfer cash proceeds of the Assured Escrow Property to Assured as described in Section 2(a) above based on a certification to be provided by Assured to the Escrow Agent with respect to any payment made by Assured in respect of a Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bond.

If Assured exercises the Assured Advancement Option with respect to Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds, the related payment shall be made by Assured to the custodian for the custody receipts in accordance with the terms of the related Assured Insurance Policy, and such custodian shall disburse such payment to the holders of such custody receipts on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the terms of the custody receipts documentation. Upon such payment by Assured, the related custodian shall transfer such Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds to Assured in accordance with the terms of the related Assured Insurance Policy and custody receipts documentation. Upon the transfer of such Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds by Assured to the Escrow Agent, the Escrow Agent shall deliver (i) the Assured Escrow Property and any cash proceeds thereof to or at the direction of Assured and (ii) such Secondary Market Assured Legacy Bonds to PREPA for cancellation.

Annex A To Definitive RSA

Ad Hoc Group Members

AG MM, L.P.

AG CAPITAL RECOVERY PARTNERS VIII, L.P.

AG CORPORATE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L.P.

NUTMEG PARTNERS, L.P.

AG CENTRE STREET PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

AG SUPER FUND MASTER, L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN GUADALUPE PEAK FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN FOINAVEN MASTER FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES MASTER FUND I L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN KICKING HORSE FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN FURSAN FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN TIMBERLINE LTD.

BLUEMOUNTAIN CREDIT ALTERNATIVES MASTER FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN MONTENVERS MASTER FUND SCA SICAV-SIF

BLUEMOUNTAIN LOGAN OPPORTUNITIES MASTER FUND L.P.

BLUEMOUNTAIN SUMMIT TRADING L.P.

CENTERBRIDGE CREDIT PARTNERS MASTER, L.P.

CENTERBRIDGE SPECIAL CREDIT PARTNERS II, L.P.

CENTERBRIDGE SPECIAL CREDIT PARTNERS III, L.P.

CALIFORNIA INTERMEDIATE TERM TAX FREE INCOME FUND

CALIFORNIA HIGH YIELD MUNICIPAL BOND FUND

TENNEESEE MUNICIPAL BOND FUND

CALIFORNIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

NEW YORK TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FEDERAL TAX FREE INCOME FUND

COLORADO TAX FREE INCOME FUND

GEORGIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

PENNSYLVANIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

HIGH YIELD TAX FREE INCOME FUND

MISSOURI TAX FREE INCOME FUND

OREGON TAX FREE INCOME FUND

VIRGINIA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FLORIDA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

LOUISIANA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

MARYLAND TAX FREE INCOME FUND

NORTH CAROLINA TAX FREE INCOME FUND

NEW JERSEY TAX FREE INCOME FUND

FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND - CANADA

FTIF-FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND

FSS-FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME FUND

FTVIP-FRANKLIN STRATEGIC INCOME VIP FUND

FIST -FRANKLIN TOTAL RETURN FUND

GOLDENTREE ASSET MANAGEMENT LP

KNIGHTHEAD (NY) FUND, L.P.

KNIGHTHEAD ANNUITY & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

KNIGHTHEAD MASTER FUND, L.P.

AUSTRALIANSUPER, BY AUSTRALIANSUPER PTY LTD, AS TRUSTEE

BSF MULTI-MANAGER ALTERNATIVES STRATEGIES FUND

MARATHON BLUE GRASS CREDIT FUND LP

MARATHON CENTRE STREET PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

MARATHON CREDIT DISLOCATION FUND, LP

MARATHON CURRITUCK FUND, LP – SERIES C

MARATHON CURRITUCK FUND, LP – SERIES D

MARATHON LES GRANDES JORASSES MASTER FUND SCA SICAV-SIF

MARATHON SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY MASTER FUND, LTD

MARATHON STRATEGIC OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM, LP

TRS CREDIT FUND LP

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER AMT –FREE MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER AMT –FREE NEW YORK MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER LIMITED TERM CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL FUND

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER SHORT DURATION HIGH YIELD MUNICIPAL FUND (A
SERIES OF OPPENHEIMER MUNICIPAL FUND)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER LIMITED TERM NEW YORK MUNICIPAL FUND (A
SERIES OF ROCHESTER PORTFOLIO SERIES)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER NEW JERSEY MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF
OPPENHEIMER MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER PENNSYLVANIA MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF
OPPENHEIMER MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER HIGH YIELD MUNICIPAL FUND (A SERIES OF
OPPENHEIMER MULTI-STATE MUNICIPAL TRUST)

OPPENHEIMER ROCHESTER FUND MUNICIPALS

MASSMUTUAL INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS MSC, INC.

MASSMUTUAL UNIFIED TRADITIONAL

SILVER POINT CAPITAL FUND, L.P.

SILVER POINT CAPITAL OFFSHORE MASTER FUND, L.P.

Annex B to Definitive RSA

Ad Hoc Group Waiver and Support Fee Allocation

Client	Allocated Share	
Angelo Gordon		
BlueMountain		
Centerbridge		
Franklin		
GoldenTree		
Knighthead		
Marathon		
Oppenheimer		
Silver Point		
Total		

Exhibit B

Tolling Agreement

TOLLING AGREEMENT

This Tolling Agreement (“**Tolling Agreement**”), dated as of May __, 2019, is entered into by and among: (i) Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (“**PREPA**”), (ii) the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Advisory Authority (“**AAFAF**”), in its capacity as fiscal agent and financial advisor for PREPA, (iii) the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (“**FOMB**”), in its capacity as representative of PREPA in its case under Title III of the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act (“**PROMESA**”), (iv) the members of the Ad Hoc Group of PREPA Bondholders (the “**Ad Hoc Group**”) identified on Annex A to that certain Definitive Restructuring Agreement, dated as of May 3, 2019, as amended and supplemented (the “**RSA**”), (v) additional Supporting Holders that are signatory hereto, (vi) Assured Guaranty Corp. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (collectively, “**Assured**”), and (vii) U.S. Bank National Association, in its capacity as successor trustee (the “**Trustee**”) under that certain Trust Agreement, dated as of January 1, 1974, as amended and supplemented (the “**Trust Agreement**”). This Tolling Agreement collectively refers to PREPA, AAFAF, FOMB, Assured, the Ad Hoc Group, and other Supporting Holders that are or become parties to the RSA, and the Trustee as the “**Parties**” and each individually as a “**Party**.” Each capitalized term used herein but not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the RSA.

WHEREAS, PREPA is the issuer of bonds (the “**Bonds**,” and persons who beneficially own or control Bonds, “**Bondholders**”) issued and outstanding pursuant to the Trust Agreement.

WHEREAS, causes of action related to the Bonds, including, without limitation, any Lien Challenge, any causes of action under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any Bondholder Litigation (collectively, the “**Tolled Actions**”), must be commenced within the respective statutes of limitations applicable to such Tolled Actions.

WHEREAS, certain of the Parties have entered into the RSA, settling, subject to certain exceptions, Bondholder Litigation by Supporting Holders, the rights, if any, of Supporting Holders to lift the stay, receive current payments or adequate protection payments on the Bonds, and the treatment of Supporting Holders’ Claims with respect to Bonds in PREPA’s Title III case, among other things.

WHEREAS, the Trustee is not party to the RSA but is entering into this Tolling Agreement consistent with the terms of the RSA.

WHEREAS, consistent with the terms of the RSA, the Parties wish to toll any unexpired statutes of limitations for all Tolled Actions.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

Section 1. Tolling of Toler Actions

All unexpired statutes of limitations (each a “**Statute of Limitations**”) relating to the Toler Actions held by any Party shall be tolled from the date hereof such that the applicable Statute of Limitations shall not expire until the earlier of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) a date forty-five (45) days after the occurrence of a Stipulated Treatment Termination under the RSA (“**Tolling Period**”). All parties agree to waive and not to plead in response to any claim asserted in any Toler Action that such claims are barred or prejudiced by any statute of limitations, statute of repose, theory of laches, estoppel, or similar legal doctrine or defense or otherwise, in each case by virtue of the passage of time as a result of the delay in pursuing any Toler Actions during the Tolling Period (hereinafter, collectively referred to as the “**Timing Defenses**”).

Section 2. Effectiveness

This Tolling Agreement shall become effective upon complete execution by the Parties. The Parties agree to cooperate in good faith to obtain an order of the Title III Court approving this Tolling Agreement, which order may be the 9019 Order; provided, however, that approval by the Title III Court shall not be a condition precedent to the effectiveness hereof.

Section 3. Joinder of New Supporting Holders

Pursuant to Section 3(c) of the RSA, by signing the RSA or a joinder thereto after the RSA Execution Date, a Supporting Holder shall be deemed to have joined this Tolling Agreement. This Tolling Agreement shall apply to any such Supporting Holder that signs the RSA and/or this Tolling Agreement, or a joinder thereto, after the RSA Execution Date as if the Supporting Holder had signed this Tolling Agreement on the RSA Execution Date.

Section 4. Reservation of Rights

The execution of this Tolling Agreement is without prejudice to any Party except with respect to the applicable Timing Defenses. This Tolling Agreement is not and shall not be taken or used as an admission of the date when any applicable time period otherwise triggering a Timing Defense may expire.

This Tolling Agreement is not intended, and shall not be deemed, to revive any Toler Actions held by any Party that are barred by any Timing Defense that existed by virtue of the passage of time prior to the execution of this Tolling Agreement by the Parties, and this Tolling Agreement in no way precludes any Party from asserting such Timing Defenses.

Further, nothing in this agreement shall relieve or amend the Parties’ rights or obligations under the RSA, including, without limitation, with respect to commencing or defending against Toler Actions.

This Tolling Agreement is not an admission of liability or the validity of any claim or cause of action described herein. No party to this Tolling Agreement shall seek to introduce this Tolling Agreement into evidence in any proceeding, action, or trial except as may be necessary to enforce the terms hereof.

Section 5. Entire Agreement

This Tolling Agreement and the RSA constitute the entire agreement between the Parties hereto with respect to the subject matter thereof, and any prior oral or written statements concerning same are merged herein for all purposes and shall be of no further force and effect.

Section 6. Amendments and Modifications

This Tolling Agreement may not be waived, modified, amended, or supplemented without the written consent of the Trustee and each of the Required Parties.

Section 7. Governing Law

Section 15 of the RSA is incorporated by reference as if set forth fully herein, except that any references to “**Agreement**” or “**Definitive RSA**” shall be replaced with references to this Tolling Agreement.

Section 8. Counterparts

This Tolling Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which together shall be deemed to be one and the same agreement. Execution copies of this Tolling Agreement delivered by PDF shall be deemed to be an original for the purposes of this paragraph.

Section 9. Authority to Bind

Each party executing this Tolling Agreement represents and warrants that he has been authorized to enter into this Tolling Agreement on behalf of the Party on whose behalf he signed and that such signatory has full and complete authority to do so.

Section 10. No Third Party Beneficiary

Nothing in this Tolling Agreement, express or implied, is intended or shall be construed to confer upon, or to give to, any Person other than the Parties hereto, and their respective successors and assigns, any right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Tolling Agreement or any covenant, condition or stipulation thereof; and the covenants, stipulations and agreements contained in this Agreement are and shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 11. Successors

This Tolling Agreement shall be binding upon the Parties and their respective representatives, successors, assigns, affiliates, parent and subsidiary corporations, as applicable.

* * * * *

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on the day and year first above written.

Financial Oversight and Management Board
for Puerto Rico

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial
Advisory Authority

By: _____
Name:
Title:

U.S. Bank, N. A., in its capacity as successor
trustee under the Trust Agreement

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. and
Assured Guaranty Corp.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

[Ad Hoc Group Member]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: \$_____

[Other Supporting Holder]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Principal amount of Uninsured Bonds beneficially owned by Supporting Holder, or beneficially owned by accounts for which Supporting Holder has investment management responsibility, which it would be entitled to vote on in a plan solicitation: \$_____